

DELAWARE HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES Division of Public Health Public Health Preparedness Section

Public Health Preparedness

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Presentation Overview Emergency Responsibility Public Health and Medical **Services** Emergency Medical Service Public Health Preparedness & Planning Preparedness Programs



Presentation Overview DPH's Response Modular Medical Expansion System State Health Operations Center Medication Mass Distribution Alternate Care Facilities Pandemic Influenza & Novel H1N1 Delaware Medical Reserve Corps



Emergency Responsibilities Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH)

Our mission is to develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive program to prepare for, mitigate against, respond to, and recover from public health threats and emergencies.



Emergency Responsibilities Authority

Title 20 Public Health Emergencies
 Authority and responsibility to respond to or plan for public health emergencies
 Control of Health care supplies
 Vaccination & Treatment
 Isolation and Quarantine

Zygote Media Group / PR NI



Public Health Threats As one considers the many unique and distinct threats challenging us....





SENATOR LEAHY

BUILDING

433 RUSSELL SENATE OFFICE

WASHINGTON D.C. 20510-4502

4TH GRADE GREENDALE SCHOOL

FRANKLIN PARK NJ 08852

Emergency Responsibilities DPH is lead agency Public Health and Medical Services Emergency Medical Services Command and control Representatives at State and **Local Emergency Management Agencies (EMAs)**



Emergency Responsibilities Mechanism for coordinated assistance i.e. Evacuation of hospitals Supplement and support local resources Medications and medical supplies



Emergency Responsibilities Preparedness Programs

- Mass Medication Distribution & Countermeasure
- Medical Surge
- Surveillance
- Evacuation Support
- Mass Fatality Management
- Risk Communications & Call Center



Emergency Responsibilities Preparedness & Planning Stockpile Medications Medical Supplies Plans All Hazards Multiple planning scenarios At risk' community Risk communications to the public

Emergency Responsibilities Preparedness & Planning

Outreach

- A Guide for Emergency Planners (Considerations for Individual with Non-Typical Functional Needs)
- Emergency Preparedness for Non-Typical Functional Needs Guide
- Pandemic Influenza Outreach



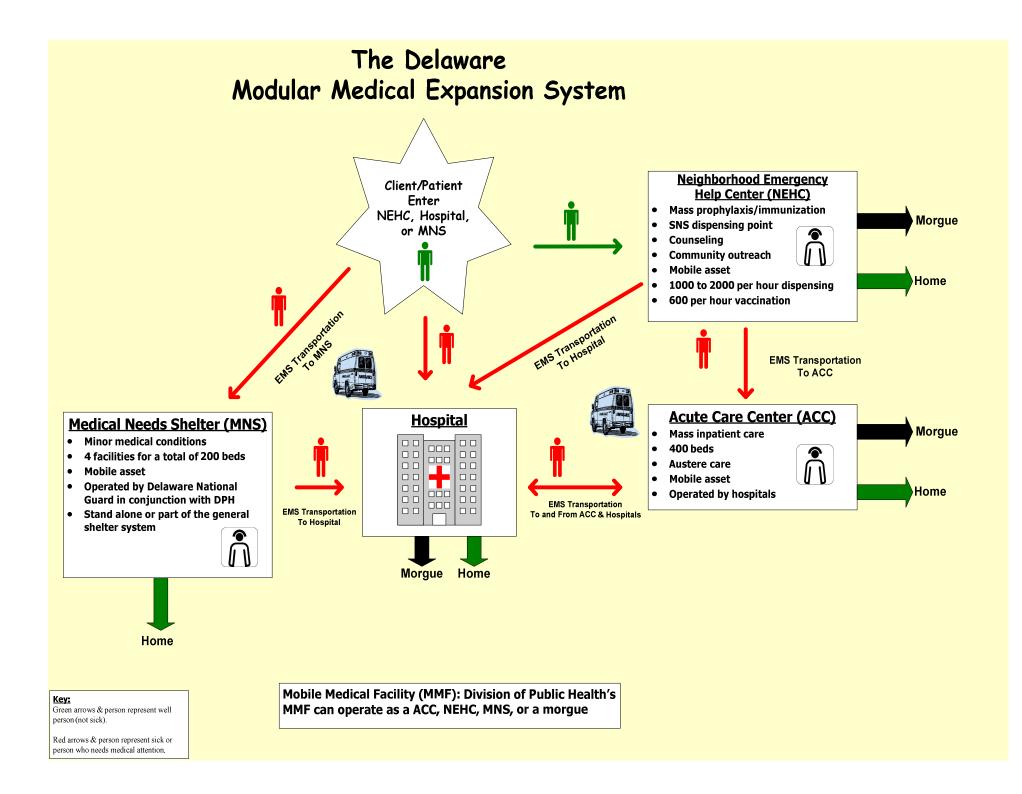
Emergency Responsibilities Partner Agencies Delaware National Guard Delaware State Police Hospitals Emergency Management Agencies – local and state Delaware Department of **Transportation**



DPH's Response

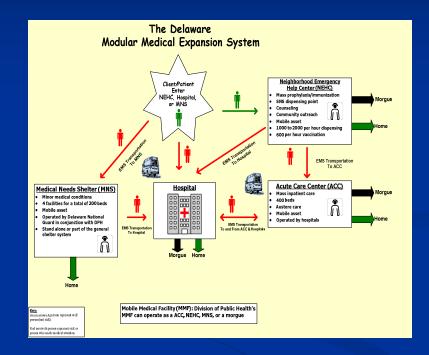
Modular Medical Expansion System (MMES)





State Health Operations Center (SHOC)

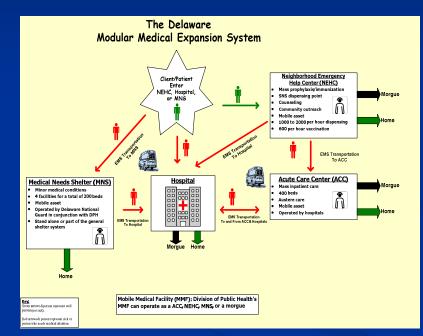
- Command & Control
- Centralizes coordination
- Staffed by DPH and DHSS employees
- Technical Expertise





Neighborhood Emergency Help Center (NEHC)

- Mass prophylaxis & immunization
- SNS dispensing point
- Counseling
- Community outreach
- Mobile asset
- 1000 to 2000 per hour dispensing
- 600 per hour vaccination



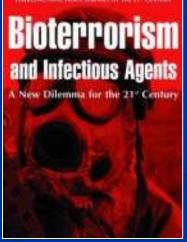






In-State Stockpile (ISS)

- Countermeasure stockpile of medications to treat essential workers and the public during a public health emergency
- Medications stockpiled are:
 - Antiviral Medication
 - Antibiotics
 - Nerve agent anti-dotes
 - Medication for Radioactive Exposure
- Designed to counter the effects of:
 - Pandemic influenza
 - Biological agents (i.e. Anthrax)
 - Nerve agents
 - Radioactive exposure
- Other medical equipment

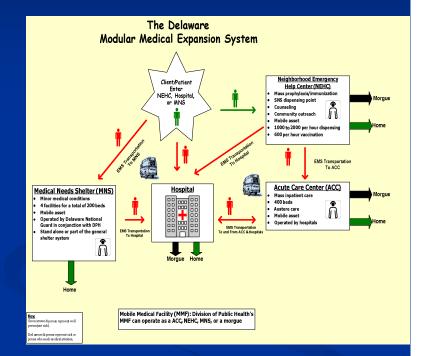






Acute Care Center (ACC)

- Mass inpatient care
- **400 beds**
- Austere care
- Mobile asset
- Hospitals operate in conjunction with DPH





Acute Care Center



Photo Courtesy of United States Department of Health and Human Services: http://1918.pandemicflu.gov/pics/photos/Iowa_Flu2.jpg

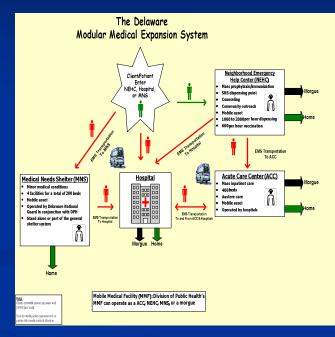


DPH Alternate Care Facilities



Medical Needs Shelter (MNS)

- 4 facilities for a total of 200 beds
- Mobile asset
- Operated by Delaware National Guard in conjunction with DPH
- Stand alone or part of the general shelter system
- House individuals who require support with their medical needs and can't be accommodated in a regular shelter





Medical Needs Shelter (MNS)



Mobile Medical Facility (MMF)

- Portable medical facility
 - HVAC
 - Oxygen delivery
 - Hygiene stations
 - Plumbing
- Operate as a:
 - Alternate care facility
 - Command Center
 - Mobile Morgue



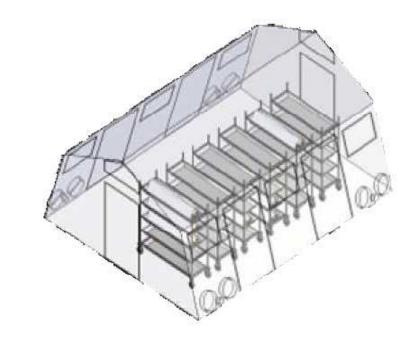
Mobile Medical Facility (MMF)

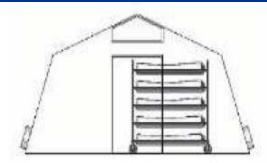


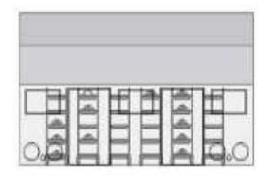




MMF – Mobile Morgue









Pandemic

- A disease outbreak that spreads easily as most people are susceptible
- Effective human to human transmission is necessary
- Measure by how fast the virus spreads
- Wide geographic spread

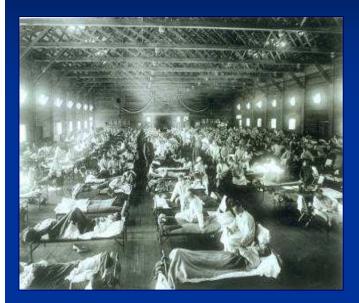


Seasonal vs. Pandemic Flu

- The seasonal flu usually occurs annually between December and March
- Pandemic flu is caused by a novel virus strain that humans have no resistance against
- Pandemic flu infects large numbers of people of different ages globally and can causes serious illness and deaths



Influenza Pandemics of the 20th Century







1918 "Spanish Flu" Flu" Deaths 675,000 U.S.

1957 "Asian Flu' 1968 "Hong Kong 20–40 Million Deaths 1–4 Million Deaths 1-4 Million

70,000 U.S.

34,000



Pandemic Waves

- Pandemics occur in multiple waves of disease outbreaks
- Waves can last six to eight weeks
- The time between pandemic waves varies and cannot be easily predicted



Novel H1N1 Influenza "SWINE FLU"

H1N1 Facts & Figures

- On March 18, 2009 the World Health Organization (WHO) reported an outbreak of Influenza Like Illness in Mexico. Laboratory analysis confirmed (Novel) Swine Influenza A/H1N1virus had emerged.
- April 24, 2009 WHO reported Influenza Like Illness in Mexico & U.S.

Mexico (854 cases / 59 deaths) U.S. (7 cases / 0 deaths) **Healthy Young Adults**

April 28, 2009 – University of Delaware – Public Health Responds



H1N1 Facts & Figures June 11, 2009 – WHO Reported: 74 Countries 28,744 Cases 144 Deaths U.S. 13,217 Cases (46%) / 27 Deaths (19%)

W H O Declares "Global Pandemic"

- 51 Reporting States & Territories as of 8/13/2009
 7511 Hospitalized Cases
 477 Deaths
 - 477 Deaths



H1N1 Facts & Figures

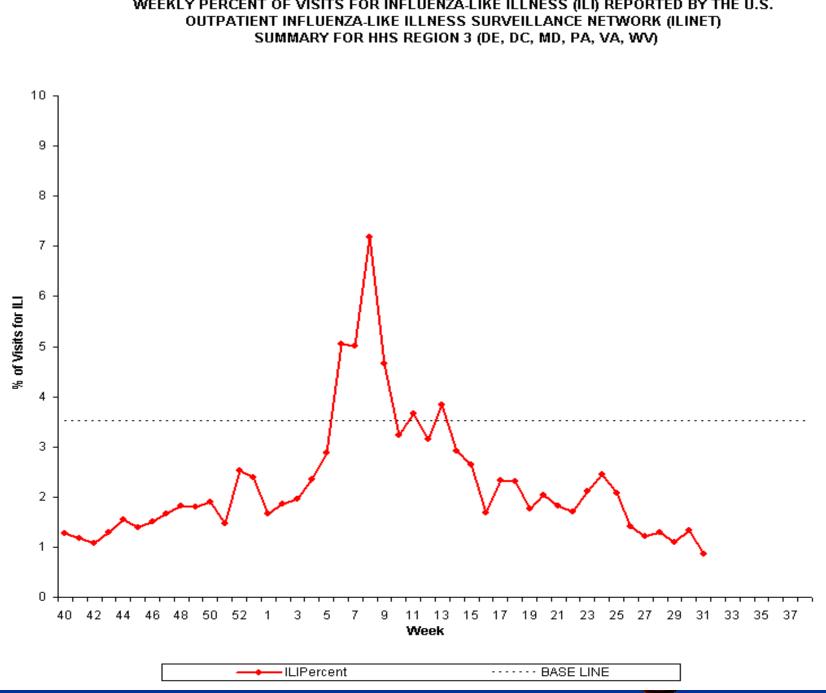
- Occurred very late in the flu season
- Affected young people disproportionately
- Caused widespread illness; some severe or fatal
- Socially disruptive, especially for schools closures and canceling of events
- Thousands of healthcare and public health workers respond in the U.S.



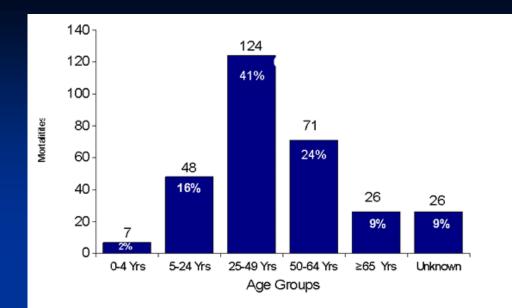


*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.



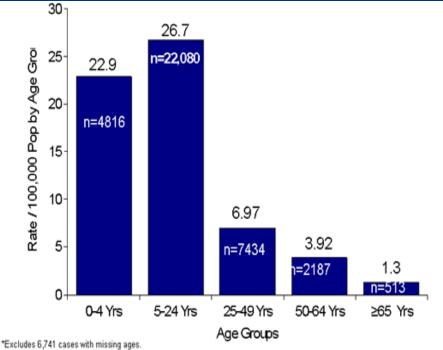


WEEKLY PERCENT OF VISITS FOR INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) REPORTED BY THE U.S.



Mortalities

Novel H1N1 Confirmed & Probable Case Rate in the United States, By Age Group



Rate / 100,000 by Single Year Age Groups: Denominator source: 2008 Census Estimates, U.S. Census Bureau at: http://www.census.gov/popest/national/asrh/files/NC-EST2007-ALLDATA-R-File24.csv

It's Not Over . . .

Continuing spread in U.S.

- Outbreaks in summer camps, some colleges, and communities across the U.S.
- Southern Hemisphere Patterns
 - Substantial disease in Argentina, Chile, and Australia
 - Reported cases from Africa & Asia
 - Reported strain on health care system in some localities
- CDC anticipates pattern will continue in the U.S. this fall.



Preparing for a Pandemic

What can you do? It's a Shared Responsibility

- Develop, Review & Update Emergency Plans & Policies
- Medical & healthcare providers should take PPE Precautions Seriously
- Institute & Practice Healthy Hygiene
 - Have employees stay home if they are sick!
- Develop Continuity of Operations Plans
- Follow Delaware & CDC issued guidance
- Get vaccinated when H1N1 vaccine is available
- Keep yourself informed



Preparing for a Pandemic What are we doing?

- Preparing for a vaccination campaign
- Enhanced Surveillance
- Communicating accurate and timely information
- Enhancing policies and plans
- Enhancing stockpiles



Delaware Medical Reserve Corps (DMRC) Purpose

- Supplement existing medical and public health staff during and after an emergency
- Emergency roles performed by DMRC members may include:
 - Mass vaccination
 - Dispensing medications
 - Administrative duties



DMRC Volunteer Members

- >400 Volunteers
- Medical
 - 7 Dentists
 - 4 EMT Basic & Paramedics
 - 140+ Pharmacists
 - 32 Physicians
 - 14 Licensed Practical Nurses
 - 69 Registered Nurses
- Many others language interpreters, accountants, IT, etc.



DMRC Participation Activities

- Bi-monthly meetings
- Exercise participation with DPH and other state agencies
- Response to H1N1
- Training
- Outreach event
- DMRC Leadership Team
 - Chair & Co Chair
 - Focus Groups (Recruitment & Training)



Additional Information

- For Public Health Preparedness Section:
 - Contact Timothy O'Hea at (302) 223-1720 or at <u>Timothy.O'Hea@state.de.us</u>
- Get additional information about Public Health Preparedness, Health Alerts, and Influenza information at:

http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/php/index.html

http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/swineflucomm.html

http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/index.html

For Pandemic/Influenza Planning and Information go to:

<u>http://www.Flu.gov</u>

- For Delaware Medical Reserve Corps:
 - Contact Public Health Preparedness at (302) 223-1720 or at <u>servde@state.de.us</u> or register at <u>www.servde.org</u>



Questions.....

