

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report MMWR Week 50 (December 9 - 15, 2018) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2018-2019:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</u> for the most current information. During MMWR Week 50 (December 9 - 15, 2018) influenza activity in the United is increasing. Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, influenza A(H3N2), and influenza B viruses continue to co-circulate. Geographic spread during week 50 is: <u>Widespread influenza activity</u> was reported by Guam and six states (Alabama, California, **Delaware**, Georgia, Massachusetts, and New York). <u>Regional influenza activity</u> was reported by 18 states (Arizona, Connecticut, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, **New Jersey**, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, **Pennsylvania**, Rhode Island, Texas, Vermont, and Virginia). <u>Local influenza activity</u> was reported by 19 states (Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, **Maryland**, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, and Wyoming). <u>Sporadic influenza activity</u> was reported by the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and seven states (Alaska, Hawaii, Maine, South Dakota, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin). Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2018-2019:

During MMWR Week 50, there were 95 laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported among Delaware residents, bringing the total to 282 for the 2018-2019 season. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities and institutions in Delaware show ILI is 0.66% compared with Delaware's 2018-2019 baseline of 2.0%. Nationally, ILI is at 2.7%, compared with the 2018-2019 national baseline of 2.2%.

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, MMWR Week 50:

Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least Widespread half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state. Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza. No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI. Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI. Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³ Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state. ¹ 2018-2019 Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV) baseline = 2.0%. ² Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR. ³ Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with < four counties. In this report: page Table 1a. Influenza positive cases reported statewide and county, by subtype / lineage and MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 2 Table 1b. Influenza positive cases reported statewide and county, by age group and MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 2 Figure 1. Confirmed cases of influenza by type and subtype / lineage, by MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 3 Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations, statewide and county, by age group and MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 3 3 Table 3. Influenza-related deaths by MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 Table 4. Numbers of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2018-19 4 Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness reported by sentinel providers participating in CDC's ILINet, Delaware 2018-19 4 Figure 3. Influenza-like illness reported by ILI reporting partners by MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 5 Figure 4a, Percentage of emergency department (ED) visits due to ILI/Flu by MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 5 Figure 4b. County-specific percentages of ED visits due to ILI/Flu by MMWR week, Delaware 2018-19 5 Summary of International Influenza Activity 6

Confirmed Flu Cases by Subtype / Lineage		Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	1	4	4	3	3	6	6	10	24	62		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	5		
STATEWIDE	A / no subtype	4	3	2	3	14	15	7	17	40	34	67	206		
Ň	Co-infection	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	282	
TAT	B / Yamagata	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3		
ŝ	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4		
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	0	3	2	2	1	4	4	6	20	43		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3		
, tle	A / no subtype	1	1	0	3	3	4	2	1	11	8	25	59		
New Castle County	Co-infection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		37.6%
န္နစ္	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
z	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	16		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2		
₹±	A / no subtype	3	2	2	0	7	10	5	12	24	18	28	111		
Kent County	Co-infection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	132	46.8%
0	B / Yamagata	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3		
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ty tex	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	4	5	8	14	36		
Sussex County	Co-infection	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	44	15.6%
0,0	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3		

Table 1a. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, Delaware 2018-19

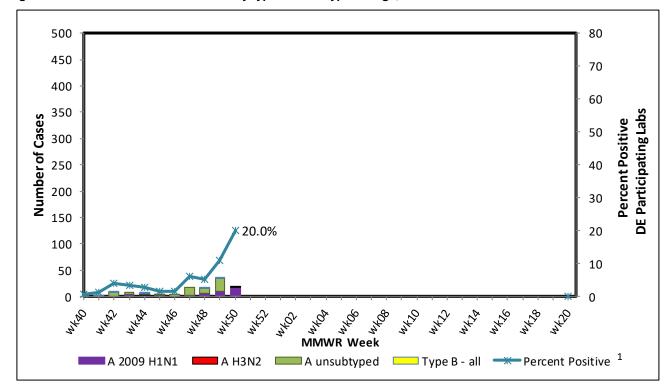
	rmed Flu s by Age p	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	1	1	0	3	9	3	7	7	7	25	63		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	1	1	2	1	4	4	4	8	8	15	28	76		
Ē	25-49 years	3	1	0	2	5	3	2	5	16	8	20	65	282	
TA.	50-64 years	0	1	2	2	3	1	0	3	7	8	16	43		
05	65+ years	2	0	0	3	5	2	1	0	9	7	6	35		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	3	2	10	22		
<pre>%</pre>	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	7	15	29		
v Castl ounty	25-49 years	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	4	3	11	25	106	37.6%
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	0	9	17	9 5 106 7 3 9	
z	65+ years	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	2	3	13		\square
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	4	4	10	29		
	5-24 years	0	1	2	0	3	4	3	4	5	7	10	37		
Kent County	25-49 years	1	1	0	0	3	3	1	4	11	3	7	34	132	46.8%
δ¥	50-64 years	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	4	5	2	16		
	65+ years	2	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	3	2	2	16		
	0-4 years	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	5	12		
ity 8	5-24 years	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	1	3	10		
Sussex County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	6	44	15.6%
ŝ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	5	10		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	6		

¹ Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

² Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect additional cases received.

³ The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, those influenza cases are categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.

MMWR Week 50 = December 9 - 15, 2018



Hospitalized Flu Cases by Age Group		Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2		
IDI	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
STATEWIDE	25-49 years	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	3	10	0 53 6 4 1 1 5 23 3	
.YT	50-64 years	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	9	16		
0	65+ years	0	0	0	2	5	2	1	0	4	5	5	24		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
v itle	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
ew Cast County	25-49 years	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	1 5 23 8 8 0	43.4%
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	8		
z	65+ years	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	8		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Kent County	25-49 years	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	5	22	41.5%
δ¥	50-64 years	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	5		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	1	2	2	12		
	0-4 years	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
ity sex	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sussex County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	15.1%
	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	4		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2018-19

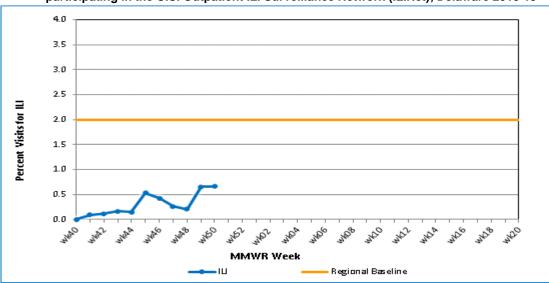
	Influenza- Related	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	YTD
D	Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

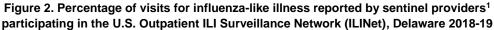
Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases								
2004 – 2005	995								
2005 - 2006	541								
2006 – 2007	508								
2007 – 2008	1,401								
2008 – 2009	738								
2009 – 2010	2,247								
2010 – 2011	1,479								
2011 – 2012	267								
2012 – 2013	1,781								
2013 – 2014	1,842								
2014 – 2015	2,390								
2015 – 2016	1,842								
2016 – 2017	4,590								
2017 – 2018	9,051								
2018 – 2019 (YTD)	282								

Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2018-19

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

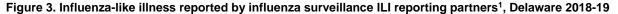
An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Delaware Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

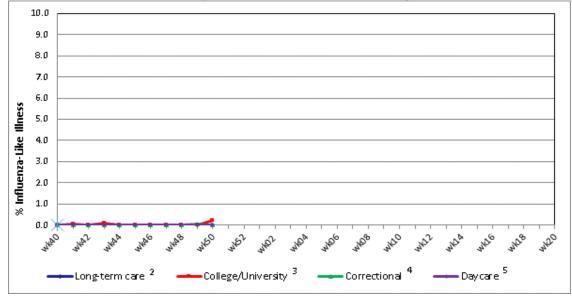




¹ Ten of 12 sentinel providers reported.

² Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is in Region 3 that also includes DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.





¹ ILINet reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges / universities, correctional facilities and daycare facilities.

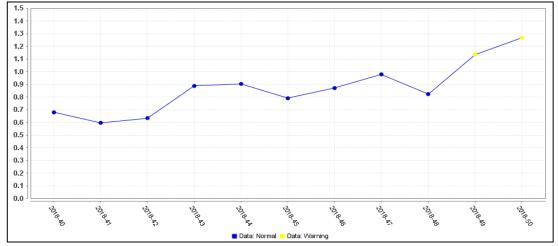
 2 % ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Six long-term care facilities reported.

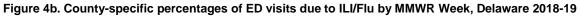
 3 % ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; Two universities reported.

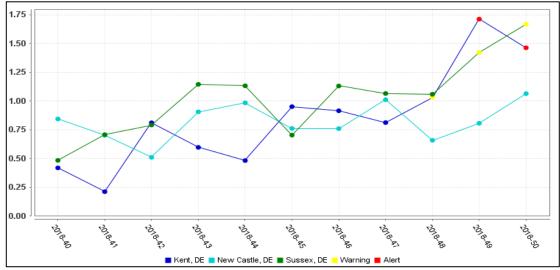
⁴ % ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Nine correctional facilities reported.

 5 % ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; One daycare provider reported.









Summary of International Influenza Activity

Worldwide, seasonal influenza A viruses accounted for the majority of detections.

In the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere influenza activity continued to increase although overall influenza activity remained low.

Influenza activity increased in the United States and Canada, with influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 predominating.

In México, high influenza-associated SARI activity was reported with influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and other respiratory virus co-circulating.

In the Caribbean, influenza virus activity decreased, and higher RSV activity was reported throughout most of the sub-region with influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 predominating.

In Central America, epidemiologic indicators remained at moderate levels and influenza circulation was reported to decrease throughout the sub-region.

Throughout the European Region influenza activity remained at baseline or low, although some countries are starting to see local and regional spread.

Increased influenza detections were reported in some countries of Southern and Southeast Asia.

In the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, influenza activity returned to inter-seasonal levels.

Reference: World Health Organization (WHO), 2017. Influenza Update number 330 (12/10/2018). Retrieved December 14, 2018, from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/ Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: Data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period due to the following factors:

- > Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate, up-to-date influenza data available.

- For general information on influenza, visit <u>flu.delaware.gov</u> or <u>http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html.</u>
- For specific information on DPH flu clinics, visit <u>http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/fluclinics.html</u>.
- > For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology: 302-744-4990.
- ➢ For questions regarding influenza vaccination, please call 302-744-1060.