

Emergency Medical Services

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE

Agent information: Hydrogen fluoride (HF), also known as hydrofluoric acid, is

a chemical compound used to make refrigerants,

herbicides, pharmaceuticals, high-octane gasoline, plastics, and other electrical components. It is also used for etching

glass and metal. It may exist as a colorless gas, as a

fuming liquid, or it may be dissolved in water. A person may be exposed to this chemical during accidental releases

caused by natural disasters, in a workplace that uses hydrogen fluoride, or as a chemical terrorism agent.

Route of exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, or skin or eye contact.

Signs and symptoms: Hydrogen fluoride is absorbed quickly through the skin and

body tissues. It is irritating to the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. It is a corrosive chemical that can cause immediate or delayed onset of deep, penetrating injury.

Systemic effects can occur from all routes of exposure and include pulmonary edema, nausea, vomiting, gastric pain, and cardiac arrhythmia. Swallowing a small amount of highly concentrated HF will affect major internal organs and be fatal. Long term effects of acute HF exposure include chronic lung disease, severe scarring, persistent pain, bone

loss, blindness, and narrowing of the esophagus.

Protective measures: Utilize appropriate Level personal Protective Equipment

(PPE) as identified by the Environmental Protection Agency

and Hazmat protocols. These include Self-Contained

Breathing Apparatus with Level A protection.

Victims exposed only to hydrogen fluoride vapor do not

pose substantial risks of secondary contamination.

However, victims whose clothing or skin is contaminated with liquid hydrogen fluoride, solution, or condensed vapor can secondarily contaminate response personnel by direct

contact or through off-gassing vapor.

Prophylaxis: N/A

Emergency Medical Services and Preparedness Section 24/7 Emergency Contact Number: 1-888-295-5156 Contact Number: 302-223-2999

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Treatment: Rapid clothes removal and decontamination is critical due to

hydrogen fluoride's rapid skin penetration and serious toxicity. Calcium gluconate containing gels, solutions, and medications are used to treat HF poisoning. The intense pain of hydrogen fluoride burns should not be suppressed with local anesthetics because the degree of pain is an

indicator of treatment efficacy. Supportive care.

Reporting: Any suspect cases should be reported immediately to the

Division of Public Health, 1-888-295-5156 (24/7 coverage).

Additional For additional information, visit the Centers for Disease

information: Control and Prevention website:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/.