

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report MMWR Week 43 (October 25 – 31, 2015) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2015-2016:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weeklv/ for the most current information. During MMWR Week 43 (October 25 – 31, 2015) the most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories in week 43 was influenza A viruses, with influenza A (H3) viruses predominating. Guam reported regional spread, two states reported local activity (Georgia and Iowa); Puerto Rico and 40 states reported sportation activity; and eight states (Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Maryland, Mississippi, New Hampshire and Virginia), the District of Columbia and the U.S. Virgin Islands reported no influenza activity. Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2015-2016:

During MMWR Week 43, there were no laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported among Delaware residents. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities and institutions in Delaware show ILI is 0.12%, compared with the baseline of 1.8%. Nationally, ILI is 1.4% (national baseline is 2.1%).

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, MMWR Week 43:

No Activity

No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with < four counties.

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¹ 2015-2016 Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV) baseline = 1.8%.

Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR.

Table 1a. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, Delaware 2015-16

	rmed Flu s by Subtype / ge	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	0	0	1	3	
ш	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0		
STATEWIDE	A / no subtype	0	0	1	0	1		
Ę	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0		
ST/	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	1	0	0	1		
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	0	0	1		66.6%
a)	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0		
New Castle County	A / no subtype	0	0	1	0	1	2	
ew Cast County	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0		
Š	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0		33.3%
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0		
Kent County	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	0		
ج 8	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	1	0	0	1		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
. .	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0		
Sussex	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	0		
Sus	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0		0
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0		

Table 1b. Influenza positive cases reported statewide and county by age group, Delaware 2015-16

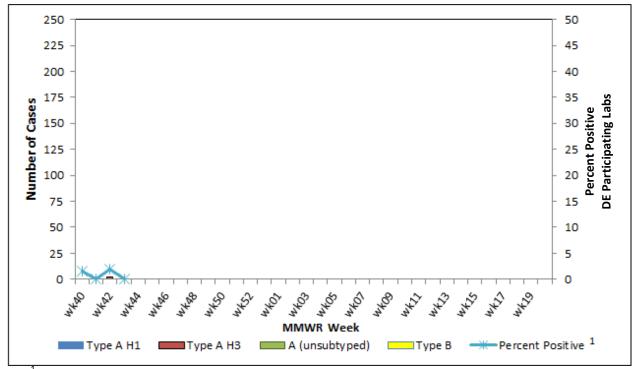
	rmed Flu s by Age	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		
₽	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
Ē	25-49 years	1	1	1	0	3	3	
STATEWIDE	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
S	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	2	66.6%
, te	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
New Castle County	25-49 years	1	0	1	0	2		
န္ ၀ိ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
z	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		33.3%
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
Kent	25-49 years	0	1	0	0	1	1	
ج 9	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	_	
ž ž	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S C	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		

¹ Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

² Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect additional cases received.

The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, those influenza cases will be categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.

Figure 1. Confirmed cases¹ of influenza by type and subtype/lineage, Delaware 2015-16*



Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Delaware Division of Public Health.

Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations statewide and county, by age group, Delaware 2015-16

	talized Flu s by Age	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
巨	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	
.¥	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
0)	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		
, te	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
ew Cast County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
z	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kent County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0		
S ک	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0		
Sussex	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
တ လ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2015-16

Influenza-	Week	Week	Week	Week	YTD
Related	40	41	42	43	
Deaths	0	0	0	0	0

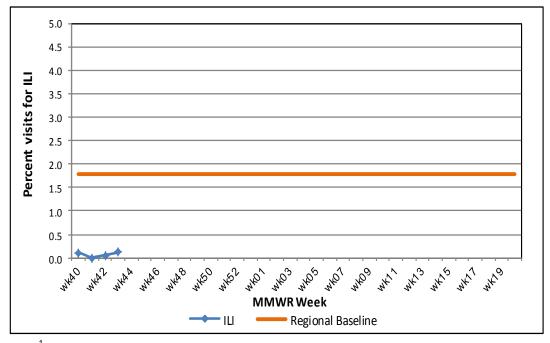
Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2015-16

Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases
2004 – 2005	995
2005 – 2006	541
2006 – 2007	508
2007 – 2008	1,401
2008 – 2009	738
2009 – 2010	2,247
2010 – 2011	1,479
2011 – 2012	267
2012 – 2013	1,781
2013 – 2014	1,842
2014 – 2015	2,390
2015 – 2016 (YTD)	3

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

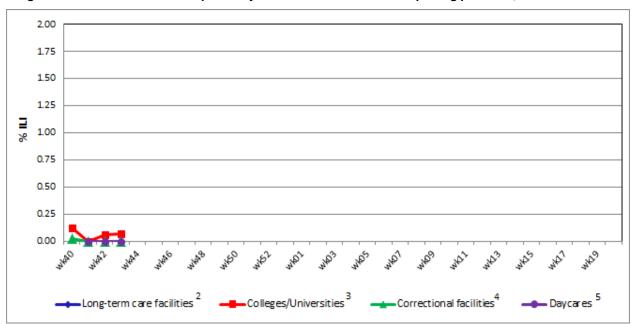
Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness reported by sentinel providers¹ participating in the U.S. Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet), Delaware 2015-16



¹ Eight of 18 sentinel providers reported.

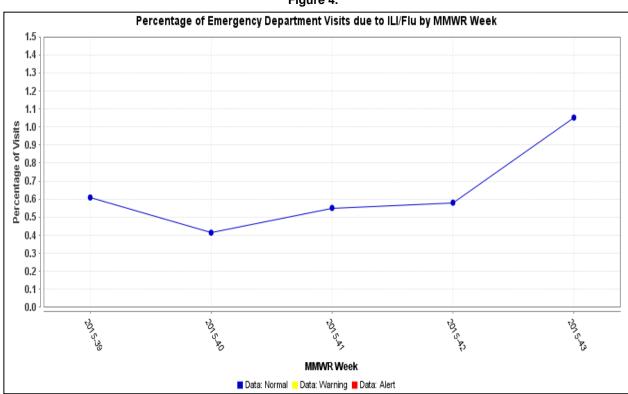
² Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is in Region 3 that includes DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.

Figure 3. Influenza-like illness reported by influenza surveillance ILI reporting partners¹, Delaware 2015-16



¹ ILINet reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges / universities, correctional facilities and daycare facilities. Federally qualified health centers are now CDC ILINet sentinel providers.

Figure 4.



[%] ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Seven long-term care facilities reported.

[%] ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; Three universities reported.

⁴ % ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Ten correctional facilities reported.

^{5 %} ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; No daycare providers reported.

Summary of International Influenza Activity

Globally, influenza activity generally decreased or remained low in both hemispheres, with only a few countries reporting elevated respiratory illness levels. In the Northern Hemisphere, influenza activity continued at low, inter-seasonal levels with sporadic detections. Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) activity continued at moderate levels in the United States. In tropical countries of the Americas, Central America and the Caribbean, influenza activity remained at low levels, with the exception of Cuba, where high numbers of severe acute respiratory infections (SARI), associated with influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus and RSV, continued to be reported. In Colombia, acute respiratory activity (ARI) remained slightly elevated with ongoing RSV and influenza A(H3N2) detections.

In tropical Asia, countries in Southern and South East Asia reported low influenza activity overall except India, Lao People's Democratic Republic and Thailand where activity mainly due to A(H1N1)pdm09 virus in India and A(H3N2) virus in Lao PDR and Thailand continued to be reported

Influenza activity in Europe is at low levels in all 42 countries that reported data this week. Again, few influenza detections were reported by countries in Africa. In South Africa, the influenza season ended by mid-September with sporadic detections of mostly influenza B viruses in recent weeks. In Australia, influenza activity continued to decrease. Recent influenza virus detections were in almost equal proportions of influenza A and B viruses

Reference: World Health Organization (WHO), 2015. Influenza Update Number 249 (11/02/15). Retrieved on November 6, 2015, from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/ Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: The data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period due to the following factors:

- Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- ➤ The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate, up-to-date influenza data available.

- > For general information on influenza, visit flu.delaware.gov or http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html.
- For specific information on DPH flu clinics, visit http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/fluclinics.html.
- For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology: 302-744-4990.
- ➤ For questions regarding influenza vaccination, please call 302-744-1060.