

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report MMWR Week 19 (May 8 - 13, 2016) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2015-2016:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ for the most current information. During MMWR Week 19 (May 8 - 13, 2016) influenza activity decreased in the United States. The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories during week 19 was influenza B. The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories decreased. Widespread influenza activity was reported by Puerto Rico and two states (Delaware and New York). Regional influenza activity was reported by seven states (Connecticut, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio and Pennsylvania). Local influenza activity was reported by the District of Columbia, Guam, and 19 states (Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Iowa, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin). Sporadic influenza activity was reported by the U.S. Virgin Islands and 22 states (Alaska, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming). Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2015-2016:

During Week 19 there were 52 laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported among Delaware residents. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities and institutions in **Delaware show ILI is 0.19%**, (baseline is 1.8%). **Nationally, ILI is 1.4%** (national baseline is 2.1%).

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, MMWR Week 19:

Widespread

Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

³ Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with ≤ four counties.

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¹ 2015-2016 Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV) baseline = 1.8%.

² Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR.

Table 1a. Influenza positive cases reported statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, **Delaware 2015-16**

	onfirmed Flu es by Subtype / Lineage	Wk 40- 52	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Wk 5	Wk 6	Wk 7	Wk 8	Wk 9	Wk 10	Wk 11	Wk 12	Wk 13	Wk 14	Wk 15	Wk 16	Wk 17	Wk 18	Wk 19	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	1	0	2	2	2	9	24	58	77	91	67	66	27	15	10	8	5	2	1	468		
	A / 2012 H3N2	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19		
IDE	A / no subtype	3	3	0	0	2	2	7	10	38	91	262	169	135	97	50	36	34	11	9	7	966		
ĒW	A,B co-infection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2,180	
STATEWIDE	B / Yamagata	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	3	2	5	6	3	5	3	8	8	2	5	1	59		
S	B / Victoria	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	4	7	5	9	7	5	4	4	8	6	5	2	72		
	B / no lineage	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	13	17	51	57	60	58	60	43	76	64	44	41	594		
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	1	0	0	1	0	8	14	42	61	73	52	52	17	14	6	6	5	2	1	356		
	A / 2012 H3N2	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	13		
st e	A / no subtype	1	2	0	0	1	2	2	3	21	64	171	127	85	70	33	18	19	9	7	5	640		
w Cast County	A,B co-infection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1,428	65.5%
New Castle County	B / Yamagata	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	2	4	6	1	2	2	6	6	1	5	1	45		
_	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	3	3	3	0	1	0	3	1	1	1	23		
	B / no lineage	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	7	25	30	36	34	39	25	49	44	31	19	350		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	5	5	8	5	6	5	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	40		
_	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
Kent County	A / no subtype	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	8	19	60	28	32	19	11	14	10	0	2	1	215	464	21.3%
ჯ წ	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	404	21.3%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	1	0	2	2	2	1	0	0	14		
	B / no lineage	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	5	20	22	20	17	19	15	19	13	11	17	187		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	5	11	8	13	9	9	7	1	3	2	0	0	0	72		
	A / 2012 H3N2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5		
sex	A / no subtype	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	9	8	31	14	18	8	6	4	5	2	0	1	111		
Sussex	A,B co-infection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	288	13.2%
,,,	B / Yamagata	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	7		
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	2	3	3	5	1	2	3	4	4	1	35		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	5	6	5	4	7	2	3	8	7	2	5	57		

- being analyzed at CDC

Table 1b. Influenza positive cases reported statewide and county by age group, **Delaware 2015-16**

Cas	firmed Flu ses by Age Group	Wk 40- 52	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Wk 5	Wk 6	Wk 7	Wk 8	Wk 9	Wk 10	Wk 11	Wk 12	Wk 13	Wk 14	Wk 15	Wk 16	Wk 17	Wk 18	Wk 19	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
Щ	0-4 years	2	0	0	2	1	0	5	7	22	41	76	55	69	36	31	20	32	16	15	11	441		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	6	2	1	0	1	3	7	8	34	56	131	105	93	47	37	40	50	34	26	31	712		
1 1	25-49 years	6	1	1	1	1	2	5	15	37	63	103	79	53	58	30	23	21	15	13	8	535	2,180	
TA	50-64 years	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	9	15	24	65	39	35	26	24	13	21	12	6	0	295		
0,	65+ years	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	3	10	14	41	31	23	26	10	5	10	11	5	2	197		
	0-4 years	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	13	35	65	45	51	28	27	13	21	12	12	8	340		
y tle	5-24 years	4	2	0	0	1	3	4	4	23	35	91	68	61	27	22	23	31	25	19	18	461		
New Castle County	25-49 years	4	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	23	41	51	48	26	33	17	8	12	10	8	1	292	1,428	65.5%
န္ ပိ	50-64 years	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5	9	17	43	32	24	14	16	7	13	8	3	0	194		
2	65+ years	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	8	11	26	25	16	22	7	4	6	5	4	0	141		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	3	5	4	6	7	4	4	4	7	2	0	2	53		
	5-24 years	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	5	7	26	25	23	11	14	13	13	7	7	10	166		
Kent County	25-49 years	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	8	13	30	18	21	14	9	12	6	2	2	4	148	464	21.3%
ㅈ 호	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	5	17	6	4	9	4	3	4	1	3	0	62		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	9	4	5	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	35		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	1	7	4	11	4	0	3	4	2	3	1	48	•	
ž ž	5-24 years	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	6	14	14	12	9	9	1	4	6	2	0	3	85		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	5	6	9	22	13	6	11	4	3	3	3	3	3	95	288	13.2%
S O	50-64 years	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	2	5	1	7	3	4	3	4	3	0	0	39		10.270
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	6	2	2	1	1	0	2	4	0	0	21		

Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect

additional cases received.

The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, those influenza cases will be categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.

250 225 50 200 175 **Number of Cases DE Participating Labs Percent Positive** 150 30 125 100 20 75 50 10 25 0 nd of nico MMWR Week

Figure 1. Confirmed cases¹ of influenza by type and subtype/lineage, Delaware 2015-16*

Type B - all Percent Positive 1

Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations statewide and county, by age group, Delaware 2015-16

A H3N2 A unsubtyped

	oitalized Flu ses by Age Group	Wk 40- 52	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Wk 5	Wk 6	Wk 7	Wk 8	Wk 9	Wk 10	Wk 11	Wk 12	Wk 13	Wk 14	Wk 15	Wk 16	Wk 17	Wk 18	Wk 19	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
ш	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	6	9	5	2	3	5	4	1	1	3	48		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	7	12	5	5	2	3	6	3	1	2	5	55		
l E	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	9	10	5	7	8	5	2	4	1	1	0	58	374	
Ι¥	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	11	22	14	14	7	8	0	3	6	1	0	96		
0)	65+ years	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	7	11	19	20	11	15	5	2	7	9	4	1	117		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	5	9	5	1	3	3	2	1	0	2	38		
z ş	5-24 years	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	10	4	5	2	3	5	3	1	2	4	47		
v Cast ounty	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	7	9	5	6	5	4	2	1	1	1	0	45	292	78.1%
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	7	19	11	11	5	5	0	2	5	1	0	72		
z	65+ years	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	6	8	14	18	8	14	4	1	4	5	3	0	90		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	6		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	4		
Kent	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	10	52	13.9%
Kent County	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	15		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	17		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4		
t ë	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	30	8.0%
တ သ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	9		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	0	10		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2015-16

Influenza related	Wk 40- 52	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Wk 5	Wk 6	Wk 7	Wk 8	Wk 9	Wk 10	Wk 11	Wk 12	Wk 13	Wk 14	Wk 15	Wk 16	Wk 17	Wk 18	Wk 19	YTD
Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	6

^{1 -} Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Delaware Division of Public Health.

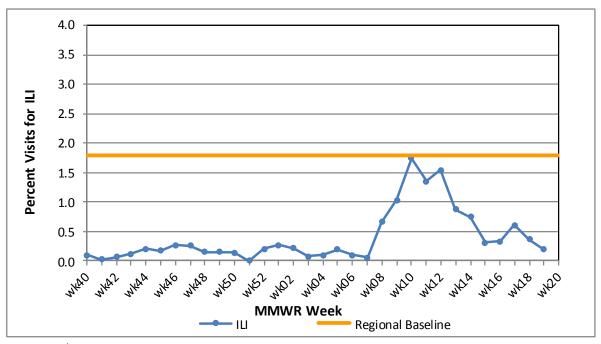
Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2015-16

Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases
2004 – 2005	995
2005 – 2006	541
2006 – 2007	508
2007 – 2008	1,401
2008 – 2009	738
2009 – 2010	2,247
2010 – 2011	1,479
2011 – 2012	267
2012 – 2013	1,781
2013 – 2014	1,842
2014 – 2015	2,390
2015 – 2016 (YTD)	2,180

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

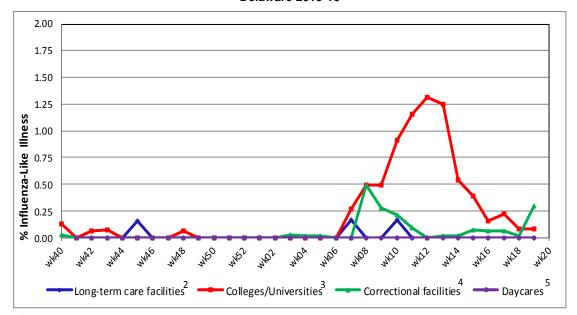
Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) reported by sentinel providers participating in the U.S. Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet), Delaware 2015-16



¹ Eleven of 17 sentinel providers reported.

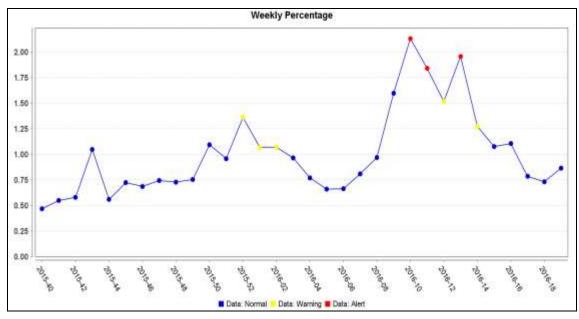
Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is in Region 3 that includes DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.

Figure 3. Percentage of influenza-like illness (ILI) reported by influenza surveillance ILI reporting partners¹, Delaware 2015-16



¹ ILINet reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges / universities, correctional facilities and daycare facilities. Federally qualified health centers are now CDC ILINet sentinel providers.

Figure 4. Percentage of emergency department visits due to ILI/Flu by MMWR week, Delaware, 2015-16



² % ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Five long-term care facilities reported.

^{3 %} ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; One university reported.

^{4 %} ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Ten correctional facilities reported.

⁵ % ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; No daycare providers reported.

Summary of International Influenza Activity

Influenza activity in the <u>northern hemisphere</u> continued to decrease. A predominance of influenza B virus activity continued to be reported in most of the northern hemisphere and in some tropical areas. In a few countries in the southern hemisphere, slight increases in influenza-like illness (ILI) activity were reported.

In North America, overall influenza activity continued to decrease. In Canada, Mexico and the United States an increase in predominantly influenza B, over influenza A was observed. In recent weeks, elevated epidemiological indicators were observed (RSV in the United States and pneumonia in Mexico).

In Central America and the Caribbean, influenza and other respiratory virus activity remained generally low, although levels of A(H1N1)pdm09 virus activity remained elevated in El Salvador and Guatemala. Active circulation of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 activity was also reported in several countries in the Caribbean.

In parts of tropical South America, low but increasing influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 activity was reported in Bolivia and Ecuador. In Peru, influenza detections decreased. In Brazil, influenza activity continued at elevated levels with a predominance of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus. Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) activity remained elevated in Colombia. In temperate South America, respiratory virus activity remained low. ILI activity increased slightly in a few countries but remained below seasonal thresholds.

In Europe, influenza activity continued to decrease with most countries reporting low intensity. Influenza B accounted for 95% of influenza detections in specimens from sentinel sources and 72% from non-sentinel sources.

In northern temperate Asia and in tropical countries of South Asia, influenza activity decreased with influenza B virus predominant.

In North Africa, influenza activity continued to decrease in general, except in Egypt where in recent weeks influenza B activity continued. Influenza A virus was reported predominant in Eastern and Western Africa.

In temperate countries of Southern Africa and Oceania, influenza virus activity remained low. Some islands in the Pacific reported increased ILI activity.

Source: World Health Organization (WHO), 2016. Influenza Update Number 263 (5/16/16 – based on data up to 5/1/16). Retrieved on 5/23/16 from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/ Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: The data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period due to the following factors:

- Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- > Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- > The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate, up-to-date influenza data available.

- For general information on influenza, visit <u>flu.delaware.gov_or</u> <u>http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html.</u>
- For specific information on DPH flu clinics, visit http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/fluclinics.html.
- For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology: 302-744-4990
- ➤ For questions regarding influenza vaccination, please call 302-744-1060.