POLICY DEVELOPMENT

Fiscal Year 2026 Budget Outlook

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Delaware Health Care Commission FY 2026 Budget Outlook

Rick Geisenberger, Secretary of Finance September 5, 2024



FY 2025 Budget Review – Health

DHSS General Fund Budget Growth (+9.3%)

- \$99.6M Medicaid (\$10.4M one-time)
- \$7.9M DDDS state match and community services
- \$2.3M -- DAAD contractual services for growth in aging population
- \$1.9M DSAMH substance use disorder services
- \$1.1M DDDS minimum wage contract increase
- \$0.5M DSAMH community housing supports

Other Appropriations

- \$133.6M State employee healthcare
- \$17.3 Mental health supports for students
- \$6.1M Purchase of Care eligibility expansion and POC rate
- \$3.5M Additional 200 seats for ECAP early care
- \$1.2M -- DTCC nursing program



Delaware Annual Budget Cycle

July 1st

Fiscal year begins

June

Budget typically adopted by June 30

February - May

New Governor, Joint Finance Committee (JFC) and Joint Capital Improvement Committee (Bond Bill Committee) considers GRB. Produce budget bills for General Assembly's consideration Delaware Economic and Financial Advisory Council (DEFAC) updates revenue forecasts in October, <u>December</u>, March, May and <u>June</u>

August / September

Office of Management and Budget (OMB) provides guidance to agencies. Meets with agencies to develop budget requests in line with resources and Governor's priorities

October

Agencies submit proposed budgets to OMB

<u>January</u>

Governor's Recommended Budget (GRB) submitted to General Assembly

November

OMB convenes public budget hearings



FY 2026 Financial Overview

General Fund Revenues Remain Structurally Volatile

Weak corporate income and franchise tax

Typical Door Openers Remain Elevated

- Required Personnel Costs (e.g., Salaries, Steps, Collective bargaining, Healthcare)
- Medicaid ????
- Schools (PEC recommendations, Enrollment, Special needs)
- Liabilities (Pension plan, Debt service, Retiree healthcare)



FY 2026 Financial Overview (cont.)

- Despite projected low revenue growth, barring a major economic surprise, the State remains well positioned to sustainably fund door openers. But new programs may be difficult to fund.
 - Significant one-time spending from FY22-FY25 not mandatory in FY26
 - FY 2025 -- \$427m Cash to Bond Bill / \$112M 'One-time" Supplemental (ex. OPEB)
 - Strong budgetary reserves available
 - Revenues may outperform due to continuing extraordinary federal/state supports
 - ARPA, Inflation Reduction Act, Large DE "bond bills", falling interest rates
 - Revenues may underperform due to ongoing factors
 - Less interest income, elevated consumer debt, global instability, uncertainty over federal fiscal policy (taxes, spending, elections)
 - Advisory budget benchmark index falling with lower inflation

Benchmark Index Components

(calculated based on SB 270)

December 2023

FY	Income	Deflator	Population	Annual			
2024	2.4%	1.9%	1.2%	2.8%			
2023	9.5%	4.8%	1.5%	7.9%			
2022	4.8%	8.0%	1.3%	7.1%			
Benchmark Index: 5.9%							

May 2024

FY	Income	Deflator	Population	Annual		
2024	2.6%	1.8%	1.2%	2.8%		
2023	9.6%	4.8%	1.5%	8.0%		
2022	4.8%	8.0%	1.3%	7.1%		
Benchmark Index: 5.9%						

August 2024

*Subject to Change

FY	Income	Deflator	Population	Annual			
2025	5.0%	2.6%	0.8%	4.2%			
2024	2.4%	1.8%	1.2%	2.7%			
2023	9.6%	4.8%	1.5%	8.0%			
Benchmark Index: 5.0%*							



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Questions?

