Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																**Linear Change**[*]	**Quadratic Change**[*]	**Change from 2019-2021** [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | 40.2 | 35.8 | 45.0 | | 36.4 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 6.2 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.1 | | 1.4 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				9.5	7.2	4.8	4.6	5.3	6.3	5.1	8.2	5.3	5.1		7.6	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2003 No change, 2003-2021	Not available
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				8.2	8.3	7.7	6.2	5.6	7.8	6.4	5.6	6.2	6.0		4.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available
QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				37.6	34.1	34.9	30.3	33.0	30.4	28.0	25.1	21.2	20.0		15.8	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				11.6	11.9	11.4	9.8	10.5	8.6	8.8	9.3	8.1	8.4		3.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					8.6	7.6	7.5	7.6	9.9	8.5	7.7	6.6	6.3		7.6	Decreased, 2001-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN20: Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														7.7	7.7	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)																		
											10.4	7.9	5.2		6.9	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)																		
											8.9	8.6	9.5		5.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Not available
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)																		
									15.9	16.5	18.5	16.4	14.1		10.2	Decreased, 2009-2021	Increased, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

											13.4	11.7	10.1		9.7	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

				26.9	27.0	27.4	27.5	26.9	26.5	26.8	22.9	24.2	27.6		36.9	Increased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 / Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

				17.2	16.3	15.6	12.7	11.1	13.5	13.5	12.8	14.0	16.1		18.3	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2007 / Increased, 2007-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Injury and Violence

				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												**Linear Change***	**Quadratic Change***	**Change from 2019-2021 †**
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 12.5 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 12.0 | | 15.7 | No linear change | Decreased, 1999-2011 Increased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 7.5 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.2 | | 8.7 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | | 2.2 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Tobacco Use**

										Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)																		
				70.4	65.5	62.4	55.0	51.7	47.7	46.4	37.3	30.2	22.7		13.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)																		
													9.6		5.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				32.2	24.2	23.5	21.2	20.2	19.0	18.3	14.2	9.9	6.2		2.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				17.7	12.8	12.1	9.6	8.5	7.8	7.6	4.9	4.0	1.7		0.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				14.7	9.9	10.4	7.9	6.7	6.2	5.1	3.5	2.9	1.6		0.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN33: Percentage of students who smoked more than 10 cigarettes per day (on the days they smoked during the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently smoked cigarettes)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				15.7	15.6	15.0	15.0	9.8	13.7	8.7	9.6	11.9	6.9		2.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												40.5	37.9		33.4	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 23.5 | 13.6 | | 17.9 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available§ | Not available |

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.2 | 2.2 | | 5.5 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.3 | 1.9 | | 3.9 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 25.8 | 15.4 | | 17.8 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Tobacco Use**

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
3.5	1.6	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
1.6	0.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
1.5	0.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Tobacco Use**

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**				

QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 15.2 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 12.5 | 11.8 | 12.9 | 12.0 | 10.9 | 7.3 | | 2.1 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 17.7 | | 18.3 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.7 | | 0.4 | No linear change | Increased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Tobacco Use**

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				36.6	27.8	26.1	24.0	23.4	21.9	21.9	18.4	14.1	9.6		3.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				1.2	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.7	2.2	1.4		0.3	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				31.8	28.8	30.3	27.2	24.9	23.5	22.7	19.8	15.3	16.1		12.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				46.9	46.4	45.4	43.1	45.2	43.7	40.4	36.3	31.4	28.7		20.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													14.9		8.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
											4.9	3.4	2.6		1.4	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				48.8	46.9	48.9	42.2	43.9	42.8	46.0	42.6	41.5	44.1		29.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				12.7	12.2	13.4	11.3	10.0	11.4	10.4	9.6	7.8	7.4		4.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				29.0	26.3	27.3	22.8	25.1	25.8	27.6	25.6	23.3	26.1		15.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.1 | 5.4 | | 3.5 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.1 | | 8.0 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

| | | | | 7.2 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 2.9 | | 0.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)																		
				3.3	2.7	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.5	3.1	2.8	2.6	1.6		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)																		
				7.0	6.8	6.2	5.5	4.3	4.0	3.7	2.7	2.7	1.7		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2005 Decreased, 2005-2021	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)																		
						9.6	6.7	5.6	6.6	7.2	5.7	4.7	3.0		1.6	Decreased, 2003-2021	Decreased, 2003-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available
QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)																		
				2.3	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.4	1.4		0.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 29.1 | 26.9 | 27.9 | 26.1 | 22.9 | 20.9 | 23.1 | 19.1 | 15.6 | 16.8 | | 10.6 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Sexual Behaviors

						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages										**Linear Change**[*]	**Quadratic Change**[*]	**Change from 2019-2021** [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse																		
				54.6	52.7	57.3	55.1	59.3	57.5	59.0	48.7	46.8	45.4		30.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years																		
				10.2	9.6	11.3	10.8	9.6	9.7	8.8	5.9	6.8	3.6		2.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life																		
				20.3	16.7	20.6	19.1	21.8	21.0	21.7	15.2	12.9	12.4		5.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)																		
				40.0	39.2	42.7	39.2	45.3	42.9	42.9	33.9	33.5	33.4		20.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Sexual Behaviors

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 22.1 | 22.1 | 23.9 | 21.0 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 20.0 | 21.8 | 22.8 | 20.3 | | 15.4 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 62.0 | 62.2 | 62.5 | 63.7 | 69.2 | 62.0 | 58.7 | 63.4 | 57.0 | 52.7 | | 51.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Increased, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021 | Not available |

QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 13.3 | 13.5 | | 6.6 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				29.1	30.2	31.4	31.1	27.3	27.9	27.8	31.8	31.5	33.4		31.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				14.2	14.8	16.5	14.9	17.3	15.6	16.9	16.3	15.8	16.6		15.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				10.0	10.7	13.3	14.0	13.2	13.5	12.2	14.2	15.8	15.1		17.0	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				41.3	43.8	42.6	44.1	42.4	43.4	45.7	48.0	44.8	46.3		45.1	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 19.0 | 20.4 | 21.6 | 25.3 | 29.0 | 31.8 | | 31.8 | Increased, 2007-2021 | Increased, 2007-2015 No change, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 32.4 | 28.8 | 26.1 | 22.2 | 19.1 | 18.3 | | 13.0 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 24.8 | 21.2 | 19.1 | 15.7 | 11.8 | 12.1 | | 7.2 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
									15.1	14.8	12.2	13.0	11.0		19.6	Increased, 2009-2021	Decreased, 2009-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
									34.4	32.3	40.3	39.0	39.0		29.2	No linear change	Increased, 2009-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Physical Activity**

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										43.5	41.4	43.3	43.5		41.2	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										18.0	19.1	18.5	17.0		19.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										24.9	23.7	24.7	25.1		21.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Physical Activity

																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				57.3	56.0	53.4	56.0	55.0	53.2	55.3	56.6	54.7	53.3		47.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)																		
													13.7		10.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total Other

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
							**Health Risk Behavior and Percentages**											
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									27.4	27.1	26.6	24.2	23.8		19.9	Decreased, 2009-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.3 | | 1.5 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available§ | Not available |

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13.7 | | 14.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.4 | | 2.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13.7 | | 10.6 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN91: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)

					2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
					61.2	57.4	56.9	57.8	60.9	61.4	68.1	68.5	65.8		72.8	Increased, 2001-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN93: Percentage of students who reported that either of their parents or other adults in their family are serving on active duty in the military

2011	2013	2015	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
14.7	14.7	11.5 13.2	10.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN94: Percentage of students who are deaf or have serious difficulty hearing

2015	2017	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
1.7	1.8	1.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN95: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty seeing (even when wearing glasses)

2015	2017	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
6.9	8.1	8.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)																		
												18.4	24.7		34.3	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available
QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs																		
												3.0	2.4		2.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				15.8	14.5	16.0	16.6	17.1	18.5	13.5	14.4	13.0	13.5		9.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available
QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				5.0	4.8	5.8	5.4	6.2	6.3	4.4	5.2	4.7	5.0		1.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
22.5	23.1	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

| 14.0 | 7.6 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

| 2.2 | 1.2 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													13.5		21.1	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

													5.8		4.0	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

													13.4		11.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				8.0	6.4	7.7	7.2	7.4	8.6	8.0	4.1	5.1	3.4		1.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
							53.8	57.6	54.9	56.9	47.6	45.8	45.9		31.3	Decreased, 2005-2021	No change, 2005-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													13.1		14.8	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													4.0		2.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

| | | | | | | | | | | | 25.8 | 25.4 | 24.3 | | 21.2 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 78.5 | 79.7 | | 74.6 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 63.2 | 62.6 | | 51.0 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 71.3 | 79.3 | | 78.9 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 70.4 | 72.9 | | 74.6 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 41.4 | 37.9 | | 42.9 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 79.2 | 80.5 | | 82.2 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												87.7	86.1		92.0	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												83.2	84.9		87.1	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												79.6	74.1		80.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												90.5	91.4		92.0	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

2015	2017	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
68.4	69.1	73.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

62.3	59.7	67.9	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

40.9	36.0	48.5	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

78.6	79.1	84.4	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

											40.8	37.9	42.8		33.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				10.1	9.0	6.6	8.1	7.0	5.9	7.1	4.5	5.2	4.7		1.8	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				9.0	7.2	4.4	4.2	5.7	5.1	4.8	7.1	6.1	5.4		5.9	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2003 No change, 2003-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				9.5	11.0	9.7	7.9	6.9	8.8	8.5	6.8	7.8	7.5		5.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				45.9	43.1	42.2	36.7	38.4	36.2	33.9	32.4	25.4	24.7		19.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				14.0	16.8	15.5	13.2	13.0	9.6	11.1	11.7	10.1	10.4		4.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2003 Decreased, 2003-2021	Not available

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					6.4	5.0	4.8	4.5	5.8	4.6	5.4	4.4	3.4		2.9	Decreased, 2001-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN20: Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													4.6		2.4	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

											8.4	5.7	3.2		2.1	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

											6.8	7.2	7.6		4.3	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)

									12.7	13.8	16.6	13.6	11.2		6.9	Decreased, 2009-2021	Increased, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

										9.4	7.3	7.6			6.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				21.1	21.3	21.0	19.9	18.4	20.2	19.2	15.7	15.3	18.4		23.3	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				12.3	12.9	11.0	9.6	9.2	9.8	10.3	10.4	10.0	10.8		9.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				8.5	10.3	9.2	8.8	7.8	7.4	8.7	7.5	7.2	8.9		7.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				4.4	5.3	5.5	5.7	4.7	5.0	6.7	5.7	4.8	4.9		3.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages									Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 | | 1.0 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				69.2	65.0	60.5	53.3	52.0	44.8	46.2	39.4	29.8	23.7		11.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													10.3		4.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				31.1	24.7	21.8	19.7	20.7	18.7	17.3	15.6	10.3	7.2		1.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				17.4	13.6	11.2	9.4	8.5	7.6	7.9	6.0	5.0	2.8		0.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
14.2	10.7	9.5	7.9	6.6	6.0	5.2	4.5	3.2	2.7	0.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015; Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
42.2	39.7	28.3	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
26.8	14.8	13.4	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												4.2	3.6		3.5	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												2.7	3.1		2.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												28.5	17.4		13.4	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													5.5		2.0	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													2.8		0.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													2.7		0.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change 2019-21
				21.7	18.3	15.6	15.6	17.7	14.5	17.0	15.2	13.3	9.6		2.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

													2017		2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
													20.0		14.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				2.2	2.5	1.9	2.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.8	2.5		0.3	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
				38.3	30.1	25.5	24.1	25.1	22.6	22.8	20.5	14.8	11.0		2.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
				1.6	1.9	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.1	3.1	2.0		0.3	No linear change	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

| | | | | 35.6 | 34.4 | 32.5 | 30.9 | 27.8 | 23.6 | 26.1 | 23.3 | 16.2 | 17.8 | | 10.8 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 46.7 | 47.8 | 43.7 | 43.4 | 44.6 | 41.3 | 38.8 | 35.6 | 27.4 | 27.1 | | 15.3 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 14.9 | | 5.8 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available§ | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
											7.4	5.4	3.5		1.8	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				51.6	51.5	50.3	46.0	46.5	43.5	47.7	46.1	41.6	42.9		25.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				14.7	18.0	16.2	15.3	12.8	14.2	13.9	12.8	10.4	9.7		4.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				33.5	30.7	29.5	25.2	28.4	26.7	28.2	28.1	23.1	26.0		15.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

												8.3	5.3		3.2	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

													9.2		5.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

				7.3	6.8	8.3	7.2	7.7	6.5	6.9	5.4	5.2	3.5		0.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[*]	**Quadratic Change**[*]	**Change from 2019-2021**[†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)																		
				3.5	3.7	3.2	3.8	3.1	2.7	4.2	4.0	3.3	2.1		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)																		
				6.9	8.1	6.7	6.1	4.6	4.0	4.9	3.8	2.8	2.4		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)																		
						9.4	7.5	6.8	7.1	8.2	7.0	5.5	3.7		1.1	Decreased, 2003-2021	Decreased, 2003-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)																		
				2.8	2.9	2.4	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.7	3.3	3.4	1.9		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				34.3	33.2	33.4	30.2	26.9	24.4	26.4	24.4	18.1	18.1		10.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Sexual Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse																		
				58.2	56.1	58.5	58.6	61.7	57.9	60.8	51.4	49.2	46.9		32.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years																		
				13.7	15.0	15.9	16.9	14.5	13.4	13.7	8.6	10.9	5.4		2.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2005 Decreased, 2005-2021	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life																		
				23.3	20.9	23.3	22.1	27.3	23.9	26.5	19.5	16.4	16.9		6.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)																		
				41.3	39.9	40.7	38.6	44.3	41.5	42.7	34.3	31.6	32.0		19.8	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Sexual Behaviors

								Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								**Linear Change***	**Quadratic Change***	**Change from 2019-2021 [†]**
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 27.3 | 27.7 | 30.9 | 26.0 | 26.3 | 28.3 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 26.4 | 26.4 | | 9.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 72.2 | 69.8 | 71.0 | 70.8 | 75.9 | 69.5 | 64.1 | 71.5 | 66.3 | 61.8 | | 58.7 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 12.2 | 10.3 | | 6.1 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				22.0	24.2	26.7	25.0	22.6	23.7	21.7	26.8	25.6	27.0		29.3	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				15.3	15.2	16.4	14.3	15.9	14.8	14.1	15.3	14.3	15.4		14.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				12.7	12.9	17.0	17.4	15.6	15.3	14.9	17.2	18.1	17.3		20.6	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				25.2	28.1	29.2	30.5	28.4	31.0	30.2	36.1	29.6	32.7		35.4	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2021	Linear	Quadratic	2019-2021
15.6	16.6	20.7	22.8	26.6	25.8	30.8	Increased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 37.9 | 32.1 | 29.8 | 25.2 | 20.7 | 22.6 | 13.8 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 29.8 | 24.2 | 23.3 | 17.9 | 12.7 | 14.5 | 8.3 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages											
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									14.7	16.8	11.5	12.4	10.8		16.8	No linear change	Decreased, 2009-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									39.2	35.6	43.4	42.6	44.6		36.2	No linear change	Increased, 2009-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | 52.1 | 51.9 | 53.1 | 51.9 | | 49.1 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | 14.5 | 12.0 | 14.1 | 13.6 | | 16.2 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | 32.4 | 32.7 | 31.4 | 33.2 | | 28.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				61.5	62.0	60.4	60.6	59.4	62.5	60.3	62.8	58.5	56.5		51.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													13.7		10.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Other

								Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

									2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									29.0	28.8	28.5	26.6	24.5		21.7	Decreased, 2009-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
	4.2	1.5	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
	10.6	10.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
	1.7	1.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
	12.7	10.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN91: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
					52.6	51.6	48.9	52.4	55.4	55.1	61.8	61.9	57.8		67.6	Increased, 2001-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN93: Percentage of students who reported that either of their parents or other adults in their family are serving on active duty in the military

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
										14.1	14.6	12.5	13.4		11.0	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN94: Percentage of students who are deaf or have serious difficulty hearing

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												1.2	2.3		1.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN95: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty seeing (even when wearing glasses)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												5.0	6.6		5.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)																		
												14.7	20.5		24.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available§	Not available
QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs																		
												2.4	2.1		1.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				25.6	24.8	24.8	26.4	25.5	26.7	20.3	23.3	19.6	20.5		13.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available
QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				8.5	9.0	10.0	9.3	10.4	10.2	7.3	8.8	8.2	8.2		2.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

													14.7		15.1	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

													11.3		6.0	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

													2.5		1.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														8.6	10.9	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														6.0	2.5	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														8.2	7.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**				

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				5.4	5.8	6.4	6.6	6.5	7.2	6.5	4.0	4.7	3.9		1.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
							57.5	61.9	55.4	58.0	50.8	48.2	45.5		32.1	Decreased, 2005-2021	No change, 2005-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													14.9		16.2	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													3.9		1.9	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

| | | | | | | | | | | | 26.4 | 26.5 | 25.1 | | 21.4 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 78.2 | 77.7 | | 76.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 58.7 | 57.5 | | 48.5 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 69.3 | 75.4 | | 77.0 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages		**Linear Change***	**Quadratic Change***	**Change from 2019-2021 †**
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**					

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												65.5	65.8		72.2	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												35.2	35.1		37.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												74.8	75.9		78.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												84.2	81.4		90.9	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												77.1	80.6		85.1	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												74.9	71.1		80.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												88.6	89.1		91.9	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												63.4	64.9		72.0	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												56.7	54.0		67.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												36.8	35.0		50.2	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												74.5	73.8		82.7	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
											39.8	33.4	47.1		39.8	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				1.9	2.1	2.9	3.2	3.9	4.1	3.3	1.6	2.6	1.5		1.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021	Not available

QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				9.9	7.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	7.2	5.4	9.2	3.9	4.6		9.4	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2003 No change, 2003-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages									Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

																Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				6.7	5.6	5.5	4.4	4.0	6.3	4.4	4.3	3.8	4.2		3.8	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

				28.6	25.2	27.5	23.9	26.0	24.2	22.0	17.6	15.9	15.2		12.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

				9.2	7.2	7.0	6.5	7.5	7.3	6.4	7.1	5.9	6.4		2.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

					10.7	10.2	10.3	11.2	13.8	12.3	9.9	8.6	9.0		12.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

								Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN20: Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													10.4		13.1	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

											12.3	9.8	6.7		11.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages			Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

											10.7	9.8	11.1		7.0	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)

									18.8	19.3	20.4	18.6	17.1		13.4	Decreased, 2009-2021	No change, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

											17.5	16.0	12.4		12.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				33.3	32.3	33.7	35.3	35.7	32.8	34.0	30.1	32.5	36.9		50.2	Increased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				22.4	19.6	20.0	16.2	12.9	17.2	16.7	15.5	17.5	21.3		26.6	Increased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Increased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				16.8	13.9	14.0	13.4	10.5	12.2	11.8	12.3	14.8	14.8		23.1	Increased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Increased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				10.7	8.9	11.5	8.7	7.6	10.8	8.8	8.2	10.2	9.1		12.9	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2013 Increased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
					Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				3.2	2.6	3.5	1.9	2.7	3.0	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5		3.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | 71.6 | 65.8 | 64.0 | 56.1 | 51.8 | 50.6 | 46.2 | 35.4 | 30.1 | 21.9 | | 15.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | 6.0 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 33.4 | 23.4 | 25.1 | 22.8 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.7 | 12.7 | 9.2 | 5.2 | | 3.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 18.0 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 0.6 | | 0.3 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**		

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				14.9	9.1	11.1	7.7	6.7	6.2	4.6	2.6	2.4	0.5		0.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												38.3	35.9		39.2	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												20.2	12.6		22.8	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

												1.9	0.7		7.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

												1.4	0.6		5.0	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

												23.1	13.7		22.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

													1.4		1.3	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

													0.4		0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

													0.3		0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				8.1	7.2	8.5	7.0	7.4	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.0	5.0		1.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
													15.4		22.8	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				0.6	0.4	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3	0.9		0.4	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 34.7 | 25.3 | 26.5 | 24.1 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 16.2 | 13.0 | 8.3 | | 4.6 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | | 0.2 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

| | | | | 27.6 | 23.4 | 28.1 | 23.2 | 21.2 | 23.0 | 19.4 | 16.4 | 14.0 | 14.6 | | 15.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 47.4 | 45.0 | 46.9 | 42.6 | 44.7 | 46.2 | 41.9 | 37.1 | 35.6 | 30.9 | | 25.7 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021 | Not available |

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 15.2 | | 11.2 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

											2.4	1.1	1.7		1.0	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

				45.7	42.5	47.2	38.3	41.6	42.0	43.8	39.0	40.9	45.0		33.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

				10.4	6.6	10.5	7.3	6.6	8.5	7.0	6.1	4.7	5.1		3.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

				24.2	21.8	25.0	20.5	21.5	24.7	26.5	22.9	23.2	25.6		16.9	No linear change	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												5.2	5.3		3.9	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												10.7			10.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				7.0	5.8	6.4	5.3	4.5	4.8	3.6	2.4	2.9	2.1		1.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

								Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)

																Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				2.8	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.0		0.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)

				6.8	5.6	5.7	4.9	3.8	3.5	2.4	1.5	2.3	0.9		0.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)

						9.6	5.8	4.5	5.7	6.0	4.2	3.5	2.2		2.1	Decreased, 2003-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)

				1.7	0.5	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.0	0.7		0.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				23.7	21.0	22.1	22.1	18.9	17.2	19.9	14.0	12.7	15.6		10.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Sexual Behaviors

						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages										**Linear Change***	**Quadratic Change***	**Change from 2019-2021** [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse																		
				50.9	49.4	56.2	51.3	56.5	57.1	57.1	46.0	43.5	43.9		29.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years																		
				6.6	4.5	6.7	4.5	4.8	5.8	4.3	3.3	2.4	1.7		2.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life																		
				16.8	12.8	17.8	15.7	16.7	18.0	17.0	10.7	8.8	8.4		5.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)																		
				38.6	38.4	44.6	39.8	46.5	44.2	42.9	33.6	34.3	34.7		21.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Sexual Behaviors

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)																		
				16.5	16.4	17.5	15.7	16.1	16.0	15.9	18.4	19.2	15.1		20.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)																		
				50.5	54.6	54.9	56.9	62.8	55.2	54.1	55.8	48.0	45.4		46.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021	Not available
QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)																		
												13.6	16.6		7.1	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

| | | | | 36.8 | 35.7 | 36.1 | 37.7 | 31.8 | 32.0 | 33.6 | 36.7 | 37.7 | 39.6 | | 32.9 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

| | | | | 13.1 | 14.4 | 16.6 | 15.6 | 18.8 | 16.5 | 19.7 | 17.3 | 17.3 | 17.8 | | 16.4 | Increased, 1999-2021 | Increased, 1999-2011 No change, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

| | | | | 7.0 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 11.0 | 13.3 | 12.9 | | 13.2 | Increased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

| | | | | 58.8 | 58.6 | 56.1 | 58.8 | 56.7 | 56.3 | 60.8 | 59.7 | 59.5 | 59.5 | | 54.7 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

								2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
								23.2	23.8	21.9	27.7	31.2	37.7		32.8	Increased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

								2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
								26.4	25.6	22.5	19.2	16.9	13.9		12.1	Decreased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

								2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
								19.5	18.3	15.2	13.5	10.8	9.6		6.0	Decreased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									15.1	12.7	13.0	13.5	10.9		22.3	Increased, 2009-2021	No change, 2009-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									29.5	29.1	37.3	35.4	33.3		22.4	Decreased, 2009-2021	Increased, 2009-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										35.1	31.5	33.3	34.9		33.6	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										21.5	25.8	22.9	20.2		22.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										17.6	14.8	17.6	16.8		14.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Physical Activity

				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
				52.7	50.2	46.6	51.3	50.3	44.1	50.8	50.7	50.3	50.0		44.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													2017		2021			
													13.6		10.7	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Other

									Health Risk Behavior and Percentages							Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									25.8	25.3	24.3	22.0	23.2		18.6	Decreased, 2009-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.2 | | 1.4 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 16.7 | | 17.8 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.9 | | 2.1 | Increased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 14.5 | | 10.9 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN91: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)

					2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					69.8	63.4	65.2	63.1	66.7	68.0	74.7	75.1	74.1		78.0	Increased, 2001-2021	No change, 2001-2005 Increased, 2005-2021	Not available

QN93: Percentage of students who reported that either of their parents or other adults in their family are serving on active duty in the military

										2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										15.4	14.5	10.5	12.7		10.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN94: Percentage of students who are deaf or have serious difficulty hearing

												2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												2.0	1.4		2.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN95: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty seeing (even when wearing glasses)

												2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												8.9	9.4		11.0	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 21.4 | 28.5 | | 43.7 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.6 | 2.7 | | 4.2 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 5.0 | 4.7 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.3 | | 5.2 | No linear change | Increased, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021 | Not available |

QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 | | 0.5 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 29.4 | | 30.8 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 16.6 | | 9.2 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.0 | | 1.2 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages		Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													18.4		31.0	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

													5.4		5.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

													18.6		14.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
				10.7	7.0	9.1	7.7	8.8	9.9	9.0	4.1	4.9	2.8		1.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
							50.1	53.5	54.0	55.7	44.6	42.7	46.3		30.9	Decreased, 2005-2021	Increased, 2005-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
													11.3		13.0	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
													3.7		2.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
			**Health Risk Behavior and Percentages**															
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

											25.3	24.4	23.4		20.9	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

												79.0	81.9		73.3	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

												67.7	67.8		53.4	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

												73.3	82.8		80.5	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 75.6 | 80.0 | | 77.0 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 47.3 | 40.7 | | 48.1 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 83.9 | 85.6 | | 85.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages			Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												91.4	91.0		93.2	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												89.3	89.0		89.0	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												84.3	77.3		81.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												93.0	94.2		92.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages		Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												73.6	73.3		75.0	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												68.4	65.2		68.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												45.2	37.4		46.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												83.2	84.5		86.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021[§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

											45.2	39.7	43.9		39.8	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				5.2	4.8	4.2	5.4	4.5	3.7	3.8	2.9	3.2	2.1		0.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				8.7	6.1	4.3	3.9	4.0	6.2	3.5	7.7	3.5	4.4		8.0	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2003 Increased, 2003-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				7.6	7.6	7.7	6.2	5.0	5.4	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.8		3.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				35.3	32.5	33.7	28.8	28.8	26.7	23.9	19.8	15.1	16.5		13.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				8.7	10.4	10.6	9.1	9.0	6.5	5.2	6.4	4.4	5.0		1.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2003 Decreased, 2003-2021	Not available

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					7.5	6.3	7.7	6.5	8.4	7.2	6.5	5.9	5.0		8.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN20: Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
											7.4			10.5		No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
											8.6	8.1	4.7		10.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021[§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | 9.0 | 7.4 | 8.1 | | | 5.9 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 18.2 | 19.3 | 21.5 | 18.9 | 15.4 | | | 13.9 | Decreased, 2009-2021 | Increased, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | 17.3 | 13.7 | 12.4 | | 12.6 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 25.1 | 24.6 | 28.0 | 27.7 | 26.2 | 24.3 | 24.0 | 23.5 | 21.6 | 26.9 | | 35.9 | Increased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2015 Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 18.5 | 16.8 | 18.1 | 15.4 | 11.4 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 13.0 | 14.2 | 17.1 | | 18.8 | No linear change | Decreased, 1999-2011 Increased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 13.6 | 12.3 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 9.5 | 10.8 | 11.9 | | 16.6 | No linear change | Decreased, 1999-2011 Increased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 7.5 | 6.8 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 5.9 | | 7.7 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				2.5	2.3	3.1	2.4	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.0		2.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | 72.4 | 66.7 | 62.5 | 56.3 | 55.9 | 48.8 | 49.0 | 41.0 | 30.9 | 27.2 | | 16.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.5 | | 4.5 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 39.2 | 28.4 | 28.2 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 23.2 | 23.4 | 19.3 | 11.1 | 9.3 | | 4.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 22.5 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 12.9 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 10.9 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 2.5 | | 0.1 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	**Linear Change[†]**	**Quadratic Change[†]**	**Change from 2019-2021 [§]**

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 18.8 | 12.2 | 14.0 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | | 0.1 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 41.0 | 39.7 | | 36.9 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 26.4 | 15.8 | | 22.7 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages		Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												3.9	2.9		10.2	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												2.4	2.6		7.4	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												28.0	18.7		22.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**				

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

													4.7		1.7	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

													2.3		0.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

													2.1		0.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				16.8	13.3	13.9	13.4	14.5	13.4	15.2	13.2	10.0	8.6		2.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													21.5		23.1	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				1.6	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.1	2.4	2.4	1.8		0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 43.8 | 32.0 | 30.8 | 29.9 | 29.6 | 26.1 | 27.0 | 23.5 | 14.6 | 13.0 | | 5.0 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | | 0.0 | Not available | Not available[¶] | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				31.9	28.5	31.8	27.5	22.8	22.0	21.2	18.2	13.8	15.4		13.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				53.5	52.7	52.6	50.6	54.5	49.0	46.5	42.6	34.7	33.2		27.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

													2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
													18.6		13.9	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

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*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | 6.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 | | 2.1 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

| | | | | 50.0 | 46.9 | 49.5 | 44.0 | 46.1 | 43.3 | 45.9 | 43.3 | 37.2 | 41.5 | | 30.1 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

| | | | | 12.8 | 11.3 | 14.4 | 11.1 | 8.6 | 11.1 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 6.2 | | 3.5 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 30.8 | 26.8 | 28.6 | 25.6 | 27.2 | 27.2 | 29.3 | 26.4 | 20.9 | 22.7 | | 17.6 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

																Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
												6.3	5.5		4.4	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

																Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
												9.8			6.6	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

																Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
				8.6	7.7	9.9	8.5	8.1	6.9	5.7	4.5	4.2	3.3		1.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

								Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								**Linear Change**[†]	**Quadratic Change**[†]	**Change from 2019-2021**[§]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)																		
				3.5	2.7	2.6	3.3	2.2	1.8	2.8	3.3	1.8	1.5		0.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)																		
				8.2	8.5	8.5	7.6	4.9	3.8	3.5	2.8	2.1	1.5		0.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2003 Decreased, 2003-2021	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)																		
						12.3	8.6	6.6	7.4	8.0	5.6	4.7	3.3		1.4	Decreased, 2003-2021	Decreased, 2003-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)																		
				2.4	1.8	1.8	2.6	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.5		0.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages									Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				31.2	29.3	31.7	27.8	26.8	23.4	22.7	20.1	16.7	16.7		11.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2003 Decreased, 2003-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Sexual Behaviors

							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages									Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse																		
				49.0	47.1	51.2	49.7	53.7	51.7	55.7	46.8	40.4	42.3		33.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years																		
				5.4	5.3	8.2	6.9	4.0	5.6	4.0	3.3	2.7	1.5		1.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2003 Decreased, 2003-2021	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life																		
				14.6	12.6	14.9	14.8	15.6	15.0	19.6	12.4	8.3	8.9		6.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)																		
				36.1	36.6	38.7	36.9	42.0	40.9	42.2	33.6	28.9	32.5		23.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	Increased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Sexual Behaviors

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021[§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				24.2	23.7	26.3	24.1	24.3	24.8	22.4	21.9	22.8	23.1		22.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				57.9	59.1	58.5	61.7	69.0	61.9	56.5	63.3	55.8	55.0		55.8	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021	Not available

QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)

												2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												9.3	10.4		7.5	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				29.7	31.3	34.0	32.7	27.2	27.6	29.1	31.0	32.4	31.6		27.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[¶]

| | | | | 12.3 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 13.2 | 16.2 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 15.6 | | 13.0 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[¶]

| | | | | 8.0 | 8.6 | 12.7 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 10.0 | 13.0 | 14.7 | 13.4 | | 11.9 | Increased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

| | | | | 42.7 | 45.4 | 46.5 | 46.1 | 43.9 | 43.8 | 48.6 | 48.5 | 46.8 | 45.3 | | 40.7 | No linear change | Increased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 18.6 | 20.2 | 21.3 | 24.2 | 30.9 | 32.4 | | 28.4 | Increased, 2007-2021 | Increased, 2007-2015 No change, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 33.3 | 28.0 | 25.6 | 22.3 | 17.2 | 19.4 | | 12.5 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 24.9 | 19.9 | 19.4 | 14.7 | 9.2 | 12.1 | | 7.2 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

															Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									14.3	12.0	11.2	11.2	10.6		20.6	Increased, 2009-2021	Decreased, 2009-2015 Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									37.8	35.1	40.9	43.7	39.1		31.0	No linear change	Increased, 2009-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages					Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

2011	2013	2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
45.8	43.3	47.2	47.6	45.8	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| 10.6 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 11.6 | 14.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| 26.0 | 23.7 | 25.6 | 27.7 | 25.3 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				58.2	58.6	55.5	56.1	57.7	57.1	58.5	57.2	55.9	52.6		52.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														14.0	11.8	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Other

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
									27.2	28.5	28.0	24.1	26.2		20.8	Decreased, 2009-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

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*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														1.9	0.7	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13.6 | 12.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.3 | 1.8 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.9 | 6.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															**Linear Change**[†]	**Quadratic Change**[†]	**Change from 2019-2021** [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN91: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)

					2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
					67.3	64.8	62.2	64.4	68.0	67.2	72.2	75.9	71.0		79.8	Increased, 2001-2021	No change, 2001-2005 Increased, 2005-2021	Not available

QN93: Percentage of students who reported that either of their parents or other adults in their family are serving on active duty in the military

										2011	2013	2015	2017		2021			
										13.3	13.8	6.8	11.4		10.1	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN94: Percentage of students who are deaf or have serious difficulty hearing

												2015	2017		2021			
												1.0	1.5		1.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN95: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty seeing (even when wearing glasses)

												2015	2017		2021			
												4.8	5.0		7.7	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 18.8 | 23.8 | | 36.0 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.2 | 1.5 | | 2.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 14.5 | 14.5 | 16.1 | 16.9 | 17.4 | 16.6 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 15.2 | 15.1 | | 11.4 | No linear change | No change, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021 | Not available |

QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 4.4 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.2 | | 0.4 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 22.7 | | 25.7 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 15.7 | | 9.0 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													14.1		22.4	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

													4.6		2.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

													9.9		9.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

| | | | | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 | | 0.5 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

| | | | | | | | 55.3 | 57.8 | 55.9 | 58.5 | 49.7 | 44.0 | 46.0 | | 35.3 | Decreased, 2005-2021 | No change, 2005-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.5 | | 10.2 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.5 | | 1.1 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

| | | | | | | | | | | | 22.1 | 23.6 | 21.8 | | 18.5 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 80.0 | 80.8 | | 76.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 60.3 | 60.1 | | 50.7 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 76.0 | 81.1 | | 82.1 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
†Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
§Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991 1993 1995 1997 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021				

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
72.7	71.4	72.8	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
44.1	36.9	41.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
84.9	84.1	86.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												90.0	85.9		92.1	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												85.5	84.7		86.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												81.2	73.7		80.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												94.2	92.9		94.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												69.5	67.0		68.1	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												64.8	58.5		62.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												43.6	36.1		43.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												82.1	81.9		85.7	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

											34.1	29.0	44.8		32.4	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				6.8	6.5	5.9	6.3	5.2	5.4	5.7	2.1	4.5	3.6		2.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				10.8	6.4	4.8	4.5	5.2	6.3	4.4	7.4	5.8	5.0		7.3	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2003 No change, 2003-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021[§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				9.5	7.7	7.4	5.7	4.8	8.5	7.5	5.3	8.5	7.8		5.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				41.7	37.2	37.2	34.7	36.8	33.0	34.4	33.3	26.5	24.9		20.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				17.3	15.3	12.1	11.3	11.5	10.2	13.8	14.4	11.0	13.3		5.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					8.8	9.8	6.7	6.8	11.4	8.6	7.7	7.6	6.4		6.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | 9.1 | 12.8 | | | | 4.5 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | 10.5 | 11.9 | 15.3 | 12.9 | 13.2 | | 7.8 | No linear change | No change, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 | 8.1 | 7.6 | | 8.6 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	2019-2021
				27.0	28.2	24.8	25.0	25.7	26.1	26.5	19.9	22.6	28.8		33.4	No linear change	Decreased, 1999-2015; Increased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 10.7 | 12.5 | 9.9 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 11.2 | 12.6 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 15.4 | | 16.4 | Increased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2005; Increased, 2005-2021 | Not available |

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 7.4 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 8.6 | 10.7 | 8.6 | 9.8 | 11.7 | | 15.6 | Increased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2013; Increased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 4.5 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 6.3 | 8.5 | 9.0 | | 8.8 | Increased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

					Health Risk Behavior and Percentages											Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				0.5	1.5	1.3	1.6	2.3	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.2	3.7		2.7	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | 66.7 | 62.7 | 62.2 | 53.4 | 44.2 | 45.0 | 39.9 | 30.9 | 28.1 | 16.6 | | 8.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.1 | | 4.7 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 17.7 | 12.7 | 14.4 | 11.0 | 8.5 | 12.9 | 10.9 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 2.0 | | 0.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 6.9 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 1.0 | | 0.0 | Not available | Not available | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

					Health Risk Behavior and Percentages											**Linear Change**[†]	**Quadratic Change**[†]	**Change from 2019-2021** [§]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	2019-2021
				5.7	3.7	3.3	2.6	2.1	3.5	2.5	1.7	3.1	1.0		0.0	Not available	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

												2015	2017		2021	Linear	Quadratic	2019-2021
												39.1	34.7		28.7	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

												2015	2017		2021	Linear	Quadratic	2019-2021
												18.7	11.3		12.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

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Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
1.9	1.0	1.2	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
1.6	0.7	0.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
22.3	11.6	11.9	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

														1.7	1.3	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

														0.7	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

														0.7	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				10.6	10.1	8.9	6.6	7.7	8.7	9.5	11.4	10.1	5.1		1.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													12.6		13.1	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				0.7	1.8	1.1	0.9	1.9	2.9	3.5	2.7	1.9	1.6		0.4	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				22.1	16.9	17.0	13.0	11.9	16.0	16.2	13.9	12.7	4.7		2.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				0.4	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.0	2.1	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.0		0.4	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

| | | | | 28.4 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 26.9 | 24.7 | 21.6 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 15.4 | 17.0 | | 10.3 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 32.2 | 30.7 | 31.9 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 38.5 | 32.1 | 27.3 | 24.2 | 23.0 | | 10.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | 1.5 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										2.0	1.0	0.9			0.6	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

| | | | | 49.2 | 49.6 | 49.0 | 40.1 | 42.1 | 43.5 | 46.4 | 43.5 | 49.0 | 48.9 | | 33.7 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

| | | | | 11.1 | 13.4 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.5 | 8.5 | | 4.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 25.0 | 25.1 | 26.5 | 18.1 | 23.4 | 25.8 | 26.7 | 26.0 | 26.8 | 29.6 | | 16.8 | No linear change | No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												6.2	4.0		2.5	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
												10.0			8.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change 2019-2021
				2.0	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.9	3.5	2.9	2.8	1.9		0.4	No linear change	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

							Health Risk Behavior and Percentages									Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)

				1.1	1.3	1.1	0.6	1.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.6	1.1		0.4	No linear change	Increased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)

				1.3	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.9	1.4		0.6	No linear change	No change, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)

						3.7	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.9	3.7	3.7	2.1		1.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)

				1.0	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.4	1.0		0.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

									Health Risk Behavior and Percentages							**Linear Change**[†]	**Quadratic Change**[†]	**Change from 2019-2021** [§]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				25.4	19.9	20.9	22.5	17.8	16.1	18.2	17.3	11.6	14.2		9.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Sexual Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse																		
				70.5	68.4	72.3	66.9	71.3	67.8	67.4	56.0	58.7	49.4		32.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years																		
				22.3	18.5	18.3	17.7	15.9	14.8	15.7	11.1	14.4	6.4		4.5	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life																		
				34.0	25.3	33.1	27.3	32.1	32.5	25.6	21.8	21.8	17.8		6.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)																		
				51.4	47.4	53.2	44.1	52.8	49.9	45.7	37.5	40.6	33.8		21.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Sexual Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 18.2 | 16.7 | 19.9 | 15.5 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 16.0 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 16.4 | | 6.5 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

| | | | | 70.9 | 69.4 | 70.2 | 67.2 | 71.2 | 65.8 | 63.9 | 60.1 | 59.9 | 51.3 | | 47.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021 | Not available |

QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 16.9 | 17.3 | | 5.4 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available[¶] | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				26.6	26.8	25.8	28.8	22.9	26.5	26.6	30.8	30.0	32.2		33.5	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[¶]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				17.3	20.5	21.5	17.7	20.6	18.3	18.9	20.6	17.5	19.4		17.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[¶]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				13.9	15.5	14.5	17.8	16.2	16.4	14.7	16.1	19.6	18.0		24.3	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				37.0	40.1	33.5	39.2	36.6	39.1	42.7	43.7	39.8	44.2		44.9	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 19.6 | 19.1 | 22.4 | 25.6 | 27.4 | 31.4 | | 35.7 | Increased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 30.4 | 32.4 | 27.6 | 23.4 | 21.2 | 16.9 | | 13.9 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 24.5 | 25.5 | 21.2 | 18.2 | 14.9 | 12.2 | | 7.9 | Decreased, 2007-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
12.9	15.4	13.2	14.5	11.0	19.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
29.9	30.1	39.8	33.9	36.0	25.7	No linear change	Increased, 2009-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Physical Activity

																Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										40.2	35.9	37.3	40.4		40.4	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										26.1	26.6	24.6	23.3		26.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										24.0	21.0	23.6	22.4		21.0	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				54.4	51.0	50.2	56.1	54.4	49.6	54.3	56.8	53.5	57.2		47.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														13.5	11.0	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Other

															Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
26.6	24.8	25.7	25.8	19.6	17.9	Decreased, 2009-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991 1993 1995 1997 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021				

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
4.8	1.6	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
14.6	13.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
1.3	1.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

2017	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
14.9	8.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

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[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
												15.4	25.6		31.8	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.6 | 2.1 | | 3.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 15.7 | 13.0 | 15.8 | 15.6 | 14.2 | 16.3 | 10.8 | 12.5 | 10.3 | 10.9 | | 7.5 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 5.9 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 7.7 | | 2.6 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														19.6	18.4	No linear change	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														12.6	6.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														2.2	0.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													10.9		19.2	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

													7.6		5.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

													18.5		11.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

| | | | | 12.8 | 10.2 | 13.9 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 15.6 | 10.1 | 5.9 | 10.2 | 3.6 | | 0.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021 | Not available |

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

| | | | | | | | 53.1 | 58.2 | 57.2 | 60.1 | 48.8 | 51.7 | 46.5 | | 32.6 | Decreased, 2005-2021 | No change, 2005-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 16.6 | | 21.0 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6.1 | | 3.3 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages			Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

| | | | | | | | | | | | 32.6 | 28.9 | 27.3 | | 28.4 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 78.4 | 78.1 | | 76.8 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 69.4 | 69.2 | | 59.6 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 64.0 | 74.9 | | 75.4 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 68.9 | 73.8 | | 75.8 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 37.0 | 35.7 | | 39.7 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 71.0 | 74.4 | | 75.9 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

*Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

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Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 84.1 | 85.8 | | 90.0 | No linear change | Not available[¶] | Not available |

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 79.4 | 85.6 | | 89.2 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 76.3 | 71.2 | | 77.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 87.4 | 90.2 | | 89.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[†]	Quadratic Change[†]	Change from 2019-2021[§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												67.7	71.3		79.5	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[¶]	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												62.0	59.1		73.4	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												39.0	32.0		46.9	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												76.3	76.0		81.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Non-Hispanic.
[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
											41.6	40.7	49.8		33.9	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN12: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				11.6	8.1	5.8	3.8	8.0	9.2	6.2	2.7	5.4	4.2		1.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				10.7	16.2	10.1	10.4	8.5	8.4	7.8	10.1	8.7	7.0		7.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				10.6	12.4	10.3	7.3	7.5	13.5	7.7	8.2	8.1	5.5		5.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN16: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 48.8 | 40.7 | 39.6 | 25.3 | 41.1 | 35.1 | 26.1 | 28.9 | 27.1 | 21.0 | | 16.7 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 14.0 | 13.3 | 14.2 | 10.0 | 13.1 | 10.5 | 6.9 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 9.8 | | 4.5 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)

| | | | | | 12.3 | 9.8 | 7.5 | 12.2 | 10.8 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 8.7 | | 7.6 | Decreased, 2001-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021

QN20: Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

											9.0				5.9	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

											15.8	11.7	6.7		5.4	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021[†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
										9.1	11.3	7.2			8.2	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | 16.3 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 15.9 | 11.8 | | | 8.4 | Decreased, 2009-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | 10.5 | 11.7 | 7.1 | | | 7.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 36.2 | 42.6 | 33.6 | 36.6 | 35.6 | 34.1 | 34.8 | 25.3 | 35.5 | 27.8 | | 45.9 | No linear change | Decreased, 1999-2013 Increased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 27.8 | 21.9 | 13.2 | 7.9 | 12.3 | 21.9 | 16.6 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 13.9 | | 18.4 | No linear change | Decreased, 1999-2003 No change, 2003-2021 | Not available |

QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 15.9 | 14.4 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 12.1 | 16.7 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 | | 12.5 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | 15.3 | 7.8 | 10.9 | 5.5 | 7.3 | 14.3 | 13.3 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 7.8 | | 11.3 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Injury and Violence

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				7.7	4.4	3.3	2.7	3.0	6.4	4.4	2.1	4.5	3.7		1.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

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[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages														
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | 76.6 | 77.7 | 67.2 | 48.0 | 51.1 | 55.0 | 49.9 | 42.1 | 33.7 | 23.7 | | 14.5 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2013 Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available |

QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | 6.1 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 29.5 | 27.4 | 20.6 | 17.9 | 20.4 | 19.0 | 16.1 | 11.9 | 8.9 | 6.4 | | 2.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | Decreased, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 13.6 | 14.1 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 9.4 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 1.7 | | 0.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 9.6 | 9.0 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 8.5 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | | 0.9 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 45.7 | 38.0 | | 36.1 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 26.5 | 12.0 | | 18.3 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												3.2	2.2		3.3	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												2.9	1.9		1.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												28.3	14.6		17.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														3.5	2.6	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														2.0	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)

														2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
														1.9	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				22.3	16.7	9.9	12.3	15.1	11.7	11.8	11.5	12.7	7.4		1.8	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

												2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
													16.4		18.1	No linear change	Not available[§]	Not available

QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				3.3	1.3	2.5	2.6	3.6	4.0	2.8	2.1	4.4	1.9		0.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Tobacco Use

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				33.5	32.5	22.0	20.6	24.0	20.6	18.1	13.7	13.7	9.7		3.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	Decreased, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)																		
				2.5	1.3	0.9	1.5	3.0	4.0	2.3	1.4	3.8	1.6		0.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)

| | | | | 46.2 | 40.5 | 34.1 | 23.9 | 28.5 | 33.9 | 31.6 | 23.7 | 16.5 | 18.8 | | 15.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | 46.6 | 54.6 | 36.2 | 35.8 | 45.5 | 44.8 | 44.3 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 28.8 | | 21.4 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021 | Not available |

QN42: Percentage of students who currently were binge drinking (had four or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were female or five or more drinks of alcohol in a row if they were male, within a couple of hours, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 17.6 | | 8.7 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)

											4.6	5.1	1.8		1.0	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)

				51.6	49.3	47.3	32.8	46.4	46.5	46.4	43.8	43.8	40.0		23.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years

				19.4	15.7	13.0	10.6	13.9	14.0	10.7	9.0	9.3	8.4		3.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

				35.1	28.7	21.8	16.0	25.7	24.2	25.8	26.7	26.3	23.7		11.1	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021		

QN48: Percentage of students who ever used synthetic marijuana (one or more times during their life)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.3 | 6.8 | | 4.0 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available§ | Not available |

QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11.4 | | 10.6 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)

| | | | 11.8 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 3.4 | | 1.2 | Decreased, 1999-2021 | No quadratic change | Not available |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				8.3	3.2	4.5	4.5	4.2	6.0	3.2	2.6	5.2	2.1		1.6	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				10.8	6.3	5.1	6.1	5.7	6.4	3.9	2.4	5.3	2.5		1.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA" or "Molly," one or more times during their life)

						2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
						9.7	8.4	5.1	9.6	7.7	7.2	6.1	3.6		2.6	Decreased, 2003-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN55: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body, one or more times during their life)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				6.7	1.4	3.3	4.0	4.8	5.6	4.8	2.9	4.7	1.8		1.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

															Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				32.7	31.6	22.2	27.6	21.7	24.6	30.8	21.6	18.7	19.4		11.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Sexual Behaviors

				Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN57: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				61.0	64.0	62.1	50.3	62.8	61.9	59.7	52.0	47.9	46.6		26.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				13.3	19.5	13.0	12.7	14.9	14.0	7.8	5.9	7.1	4.1		1.9	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2009 Decreased, 2009-2021	Not available

QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				26.8	24.8	25.6	17.8	26.3	23.7	20.6	14.9	11.6	11.8		2.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				41.7	48.3	45.6	37.0	50.1	42.4	45.2	36.0	35.9	34.8		16.7	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2011 Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Sexual Behaviors

																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN61: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				26.3	22.4	21.4	20.9	24.0	22.3	17.1	19.2	23.5	19.7		12.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				58.5	63.3	53.5	57.4	66.6	50.5	57.9	65.3	55.1	47.2		45.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN82: Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)

												2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												18.0	14.5		6.1	Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available§	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN66: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				29.2	30.4	32.0	28.0	36.1	30.4	29.3	39.0	34.2	39.5		39.1	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN0WT: Percentage of students who were overweight (>= 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				20.0	14.9	18.0	12.3	24.4	19.4	19.1	18.6	16.3	18.1		20.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity (>= 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts)[§]

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				12.9	12.7	16.3	18.3	16.3	16.1	13.2	17.5	16.3	15.1		18.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

QN67: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight

				1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear	Quadratic	Change
				38.7	44.1	47.6	51.3	49.5	51.3	47.8	55.4	46.5	55.2		58.1	Increased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages							Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN74: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

								17.5	18.1	15.5	24.9	22.6	30.0		30.8	Increased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

								33.4	25.9	27.3	20.9	22.8	15.8		12.4	Decreased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)

								24.5	16.5	16.9	14.2	14.9	10.6		5.4	Decreased, 2007-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | 20.3 | 16.7 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 11.5 | | 18.2 | No linear change | Decreased, 2009-2015 No change, 2015-2021 | Not available |

QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | 32.1 | 33.8 | 35.6 | 34.7 | 42.0 | | 28.3 | No linear change | No change, 2009-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Physical Activity

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages					Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

										38.2	38.3	41.2	36.2		30.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

										26.6	19.1	18.2	23.2		24.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

										21.2	22.7	20.2	21.1		14.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Physical Activity

																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			
QN80: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey)																		
				58.2	50.3	44.4	51.9	49.2	46.9	52.1	58.7	52.2	47.5		37.4	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)																		
													13.0		7.7	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Other

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)

| | | | | | | | | | 30.4 | 27.7 | 21.4 | 24.7 | 24.5 | | 22.4 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Not available |

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Site-Added

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN87: Percentage of students who usually did not sleep in their parent's or guardian's home (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.0 | | 3.0 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN88: Percentage of students who think other people at school would describe them as equally feminine and masculine

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12.8 | | 18.0 | Increased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN89: Percentage of students who are transgender

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.1 | | 2.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN90: Percentage of students who reported their mother's highest level of completed education is some high school, grade school, or less (or the person who is like a mother to them)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 32.9 | | 24.7 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

Delaware High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic
Site-Added

															Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	**Linear Change***	**Quadratic Change***	**Change from 2019-2021 †**
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN91: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
					53.6	44.7	49.8	51.1	52.3	58.1	63.0	62.3	59.7		67.5	Increased, 2001-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN93: Percentage of students who reported that either of their parents or other adults in their family are serving on active duty in the military

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
										10.3	15.4	14.3	13.4		9.6	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN94: Percentage of students who are deaf or have serious difficulty hearing

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												3.7	2.5		2.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN95: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty seeing (even when wearing glasses)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												9.5	11.3		9.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN96: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions (because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												24.0	22.8		38.0	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN97: Percentage of students who have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
												5.6	3.4		3.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN98: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				30.0	17.8	16.6	14.2	20.9	23.6	14.0	12.8	11.1	12.5		7.2	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

QN99: Percentage of students who carried a gun (not counting the days when they carried a gun only for hunting or for a sport such as target shooting, on at least one day during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				7.6	8.6	4.8	4.6	9.4	6.6	4.2	4.0	5.6	5.8		2.0	Decreased, 1999-2021	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN100: Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times (such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25.2 | 27.7 | No linear change | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN101: Percentage of students who had texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically a revealing or sexual photo of themselves (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.5 | 7.7 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN103: Percentage of students who reported a revealing or sexual photo of them had been texted, e-mailed, or posted electronically without their permission (during the 30 days before the survey)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.5 | 0.9 | Decreased, 2017-2021 | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN104: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

													15.4		21.9	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available§	Not available

QN106: Percentage of students who currently took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)

													5.7		5.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

QN107: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

													15.0		15.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN108: Percentage of students who have been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant (one or more times)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
				11.3	7.5	12.2	10.0	11.7	10.9	9.1	6.2	5.9	5.9		3.3	Decreased, 1999-2021	No change, 1999-2007 Decreased, 2007-2021	Not available

QN109: Percentage of students who have ever given or received oral sex

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
							44.7	59.0	51.7	51.4	46.1	44.0	44.7		23.9	Decreased, 2005-2021	Decreased, 2005-2015 Decreased, 2015-2021	Not available

QN110: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables or salad (not counting potatoes, one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													15.2		16.8	No linear change	Not available§	Not available

QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change from 2019-2021
													4.6		2.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
§Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN115: Percentage of students who ever been told by a doctor or a nurse that they have asthma

| | | | | | | | | | | | 29.3 | 25.5 | 24.8 | | 17.5 | Decreased, 2013-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN119: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 75.6 | 78.7 | | 70.5 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN120: Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 66.0 | 60.5 | | 44.6 | Decreased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN121: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 67.0 | 80.8 | | 74.3 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN122: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage (once or twice a week)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 63.8 | 72.5 | | 74.1 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN123: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they smoke marijuana once or twice a week

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 39.5 | 45.3 | | 46.0 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN124: Percentage of students who think people moderately or greatly risk harming themselves physically or in other ways when they use prescription drugs that are not prescribed to them

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 75.7 | 80.5 | | 79.7 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]

1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			

QN125: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 86.7 | 87.4 | | 95.1 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available[§] | Not available |

QN126: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 83.1 | 83.5 | | 83.4 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

QN127: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 80.8 | 79.0 | | 86.7 | Increased, 2015-2021 | Not available | Not available |

QN128: Percentage of students who reported their parents feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 86.7 | 89.3 | | 90.6 | No linear change | Not available | Not available |

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.

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																Linear Change[*]	Quadratic Change[*]	Change from 2019-2021 [†]
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages																		
1991	**1993**	**1995**	**1997**	**1999**	**2001**	**2003**	**2005**	**2007**	**2009**	**2011**	**2013**	**2015**	**2017**	**2019**	**2021**			

QN129: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco

												2015	2017		2021	Linear Change	Quadratic Change	Change
												66.8	66.5		75.8	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available[§]	Not available

QN130: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to have one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage nearly every day

												2015	2017		2021			
												58.1	58.8		67.7	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN131: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

												2015	2017		2021			
												37.1	39.3		59.1	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

QN132: Percentage of students who reported their friends feel it would be wrong or very wrong for them to use prescription drugs (not prescribed to the student)

												2015	2017		2021			
												72.4	75.5		83.6	Increased, 2015-2021	Not available	Not available

[*]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.
[†]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.
[§]Not enough years of data to calculate.