

## **Emergency Medical Services**

## **CYANIDES**

**Agent Information:** Used as a fumigant, in the production of urethane, wool, nylon and

as a chemical warfare agent. Hydrogen cyanide (HCN), hydrocyanic acid, prussic acid, AC) and cyanogen chloride (CK). Cyanide is a colorless or pale blue liquid with an almond-like odor (not detected by all persons) and is very volatile at room temperature. It is rapidly lethal in enclosed spaces, high concentrations. Cyanides are toxicologically, part of a group of compounds known as systemic

asphyxiants.

Signs and Symptoms: Signs and symptoms vary depending on the route of exposure and

level of the exposure.

Moderate exposure

Signs: Metabolic acidosis, venous blood-O2 level above normal,

hypotension, "pink" skin color

<u>Symptoms</u>: Giddiness, palpitations, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, headache, eye irritation, increase in rate and depth of breathing

(hyperventilation), drowsiness.

**High** exposure:

Signs: Above plus coma, convulsions, cessation of respiration and

heartbeat.

Symptoms: Immediate loss of consciousness, convulsions and death

within 1 to 15 minutes.

**Route of Exposure:** Primary route is inhalation or ingestion; dermal and ocular also.

**Protective Measures:** Utilize appropriate Level PPE as identified by the Environmental

Protection Agency and Hazmat protocols.

Persons whose clothing or skin is contaminated with cyanidecontaining solutions can secondarily contaminate response personnel by direct contact or through off-gassing vapor. Removing patient's clothing will eliminate any trapped gases, reducing risk of

secondary contamination.

Prophylaxis: N/A

**Treatment:** Supportive care. For breathing patients, amyl nitrite via inhalation, 1

ampule (0.2 mL) every 5 minutes. Sodium nitrite (300 mg IV over 5-10 minutes) and sodium thiosulfate (12.5 g IV). Additional sodium nitrite should be based on hemoglobin level and weight of patient.

Gastric lavage with activated charcoal.

**Reporting:** Any suspect cases should be reported immediately to the Division of

Public Health, Epidemiology Branch: 1-888-295-5156 (24/7 coverage). For additional information, view the CDC website for Emergency Preparedness and Response at <a href="https://www.bt.cdc.gov">www.bt.cdc.gov</a>.