



Delaware Drug and Alcohol Tracking Alliance

Community Profile for Delaware: Data by Sub State Planning Area

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**COMMUNITY PROFILE FOR
DELAWARE:
DATA BY SUB STATE PLANNING
AREA
April 2009**

**DESCRIPTION: Sub state/Community Level
Epidemiologic Profile for Substance Abuse
Consumption and Consequences Data on
Youth and Adults for Delaware
Deliverable 3 for SEOW Contact Year 3**

Prepared by:
The Delaware Drug & Alcohol Tracking Alliance,

and

Its State Partners

Delaware Sub State/Community Profile

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of Sub State Profile

The purpose of this Profile is twofold. First, it is an attempt to bring together available information related to Delaware youth, families, and adults that is relevant to understanding, planning and intervening with youth at risk for substance abuse, violence, and other risk factors. Second, it is meant to serve as a starting point for establishing the need for prevention or intervention programming in Delaware's Sub state planning areas. Federal regulations have required and Delaware has established four sub state planning areas for the state. These are:

1. The City of Wilmington;
2. The remainder of New Castle County;
3. Kent County; and
4. Sussex County

Reporting of Incidence, prevalence and outcome measures for each of these sub state planning areas will become an increasing requirement of federal and state programming in the future. This will include increased requirements to report National Outcome Measures (NOMS) by sub state area.

About two-thirds of this Profile consists of information from Delaware youth surveys that has not previously been available by Sub state planning area (Section 2 of the Profile). The remainder consists mostly data that are available from a variety of other sources and are pulled together here (Sections 3-5). Section 6 of the Profile provides links to and locations of additional data from the sources used here as well as other data sources that may be helpful in addressing issues of need and evidenced-based program compatibility.

Table 2:

Population

Population Census Counts for Delaware and Counties, 2008

Area/Sex/Race	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-64	65+	Total	% 0-19	% 20-64	% 65+	% Total
Delaware	58,437	55,749	55,355	60,308	520,867	125,237	875,953	26.2%	59.5%	14.3%	100.0%
Male	29,172	28,071	28,369	30,931	254,857	53,703	425,103	13.3%	29.1%	6.1%	48.5%
White	20,555	19,515	19,087	21,009	190,789	46,443	317,398	9.2%	21.8%	5.3%	36.2%
Black	7,569	7,209	7,662	8,461	52,550	6,256	89,707	3.5%	6.0%	0.7%	10.2%
Female	29,265	27,678	26,986	29,377	266,010	71,534	450,850	12.9%	30.4%	8.2%	51.5%
White	20,601	19,145	18,147	20,066	195,794	61,115	334,868	8.9%	22.4%	7.0%	38.2%
Black	7,618	7,257	7,346	7,988	59,296	9,172	98,677	3.4%	6.8%	1.0%	11.3%
New Castle	36,015	34,915	34,498	37,994	322,690	65,945	532,057	16.4%	36.8%	7.5%	60.7%
Male	17,956	17,558	17,738	19,426	157,930	27,572	258,180	8.3%	18.0%	3.1%	29.5%
White	12,353	11,888	11,521	12,698	114,281	22,927	185,668	5.5%	13.0%	2.6%	21.2%
Black	4,906	4,752	5,061	5,681	35,196	3,902	59,498	2.3%	4.0%	0.4%	6.8%
Female	18,059	17,357	16,760	18,568	164,760	38,373	273,877	8.1%	18.8%	4.4%	31.3%
White	12,406	11,663	10,863	12,196	116,906	31,664	195,698	5.4%	13.3%	3.6%	22.3%
Black	4,956	4,815	4,862	5,412	39,887	5,904	65,836	2.3%	4.6%	0.7%	7.5%
Kent	11,004	10,733	10,742	11,586	91,993	19,241	155,299	5.0%	10.5%	2.2%	17.7%
Male	5,496	5,373	5,482	5,942	44,373	8,170	74,836	2.5%	5.1%	0.9%	8.5%
White	3,889	3,758	3,774	4,097	32,845	6,640	55,003	1.8%	3.7%	0.8%	6.3%
Black	1,418	1,397	1,455	1,629	9,809	1,364	17,072	0.7%	1.1%	0.2%	1.9%
Female	5,508	5,360	5,260	5,644	47,620	11,071	80,463	2.5%	5.4%	1.3%	9.2%
White	3,890	3,726	3,582	3,943	34,115	9,002	58,258	1.7%	3.9%	1.0%	6.7%
Black	1,429	1,421	1,430	1,483	11,526	1,731	19,020	0.7%	1.3%	0.2%	2.2%
Sussex	11,418	10,101	10,115	10,728	106,184	40,051	188,597	4.8%	12.1%	4.6%	21.5%
Male	5,720	5,140	5,149	5,563	52,554	17,961	92,087	2.5%	6.0%	2.1%	10.5%
White	4,313	3,869	3,792	4,214	43,663	16,876	76,727	1.8%	5.0%	1.9%	8.8%
Black	1,245	1,060	1,146	1,151	7,545	990	13,137	0.5%	0.9%	0.1%	1.5%
Female	5,698	4,961	4,966	5,165	53,630	22,090	96,510	2.4%	6.1%	2.5%	11.0%
White	4,305	3,756	3,702	3,927	44,773	20,449	80,912	1.8%	5.1%	2.3%	9.2%
Black	1,233	1,021	1,054	1,093	7,883	1,537	13,821	0.5%	0.9%	0.2%	1.6%

Totals by area and gender include races other than White and Black
 Percentages are calculated based on total state population
 Source: Delaware Population Consortium, Population Projection Series, Version 2008.0

2. DELAWARE YOUTH SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE AREA

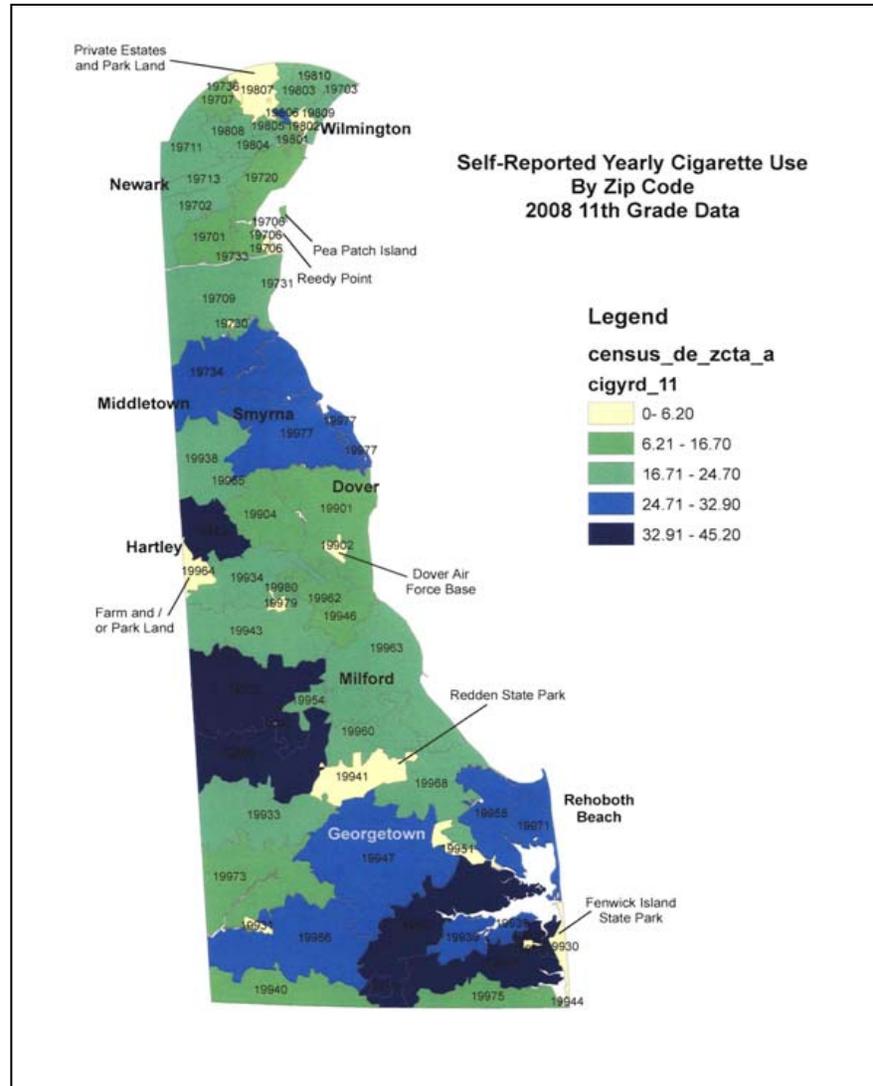
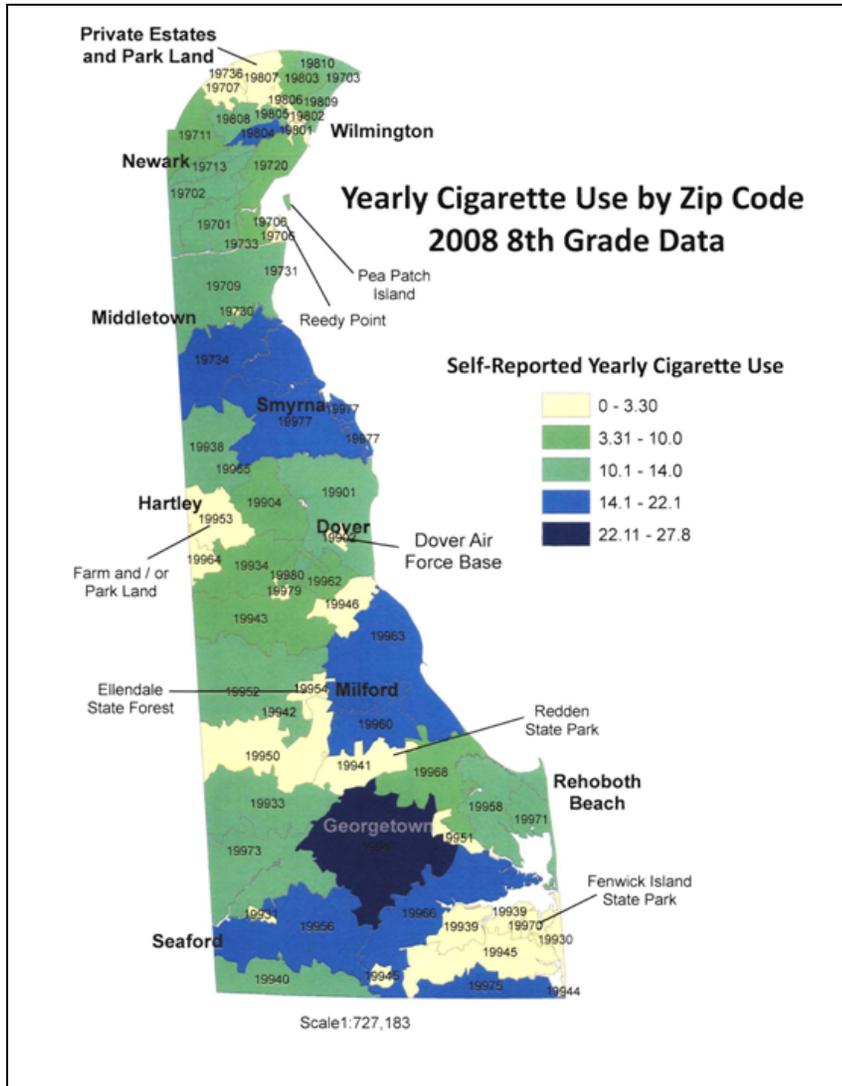
The following section includes data from the Delaware School Surveys that has been reported by substate planning area. The information is broken down into four categories of “individual level” attitudes and behaviors, “family level” data, “school level” data, and “neighborhood level” data. Please note that since Zipcode and City identifying information are not available for 5th Grade data, there are no separate tables or charts for Wilmington 5th graders. Wilmington-specific information is provided for 8th and 11th graders. More information on these surveys is available in Section 6 of this Profile below.

DELAWARE YOUTH SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE AREA

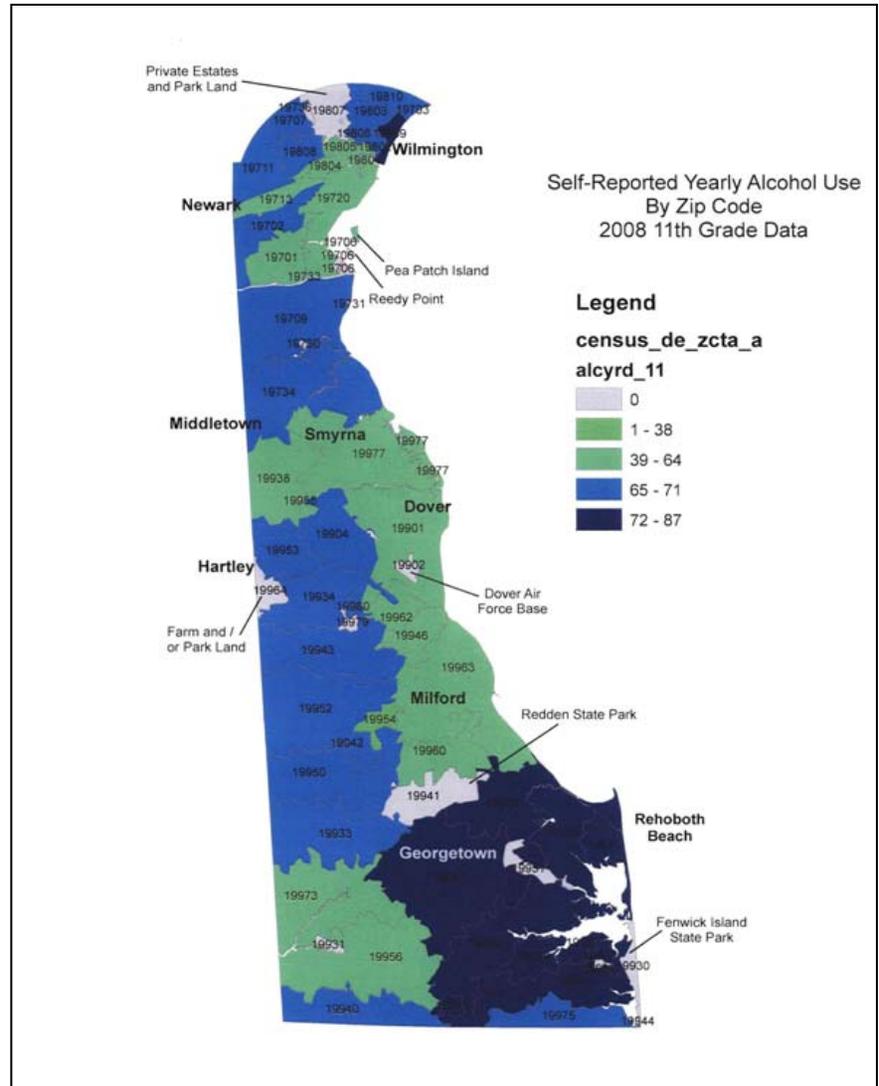
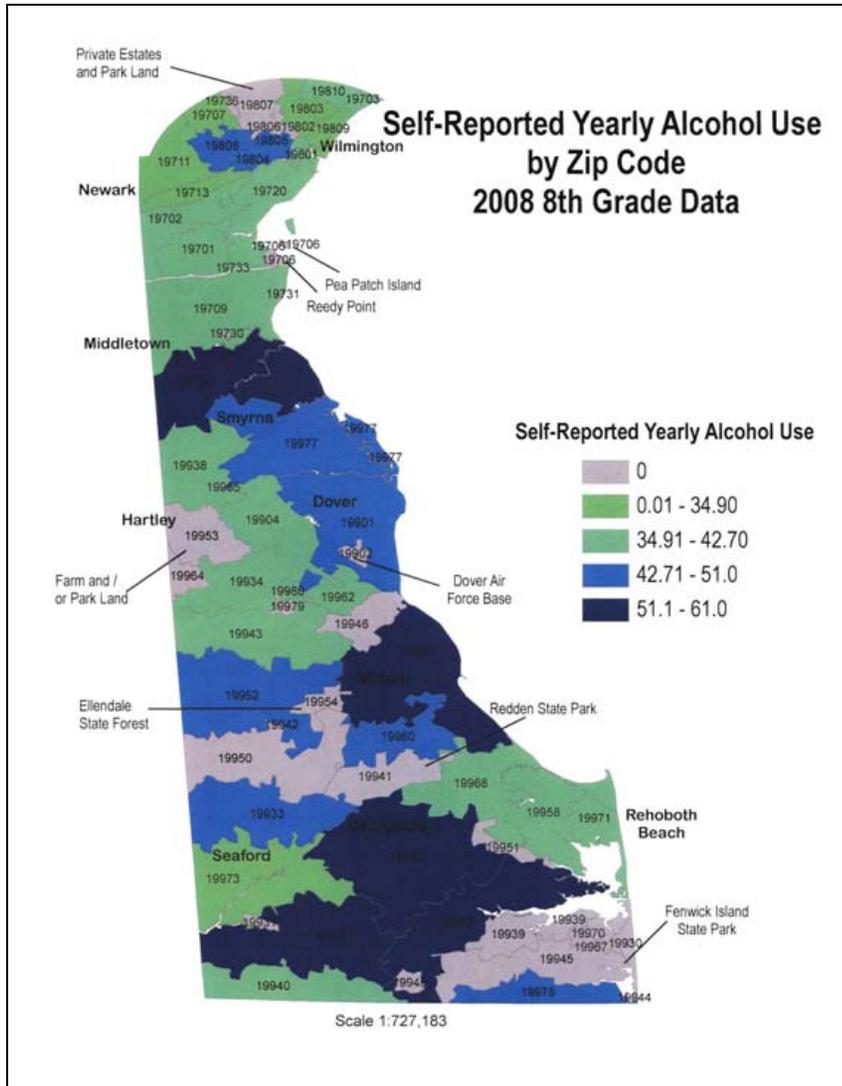
2.1 Individual Level Data

The following section includes data from the Delaware School Surveys that relate to youth self-reports of their own behaviors and attitudes related to substance use, violence, and other risk and protective factors. The first pages relate to substance use and are broken down by Zipcode and mapped. The following charts are by substate planning area. Again, please note that Zipcode and City identifying information are not available for 5th Grade data, so there are no separate tables or charts for Wilmington 5th graders. Wilmington-specific information is provided for 8th and 11th graders.

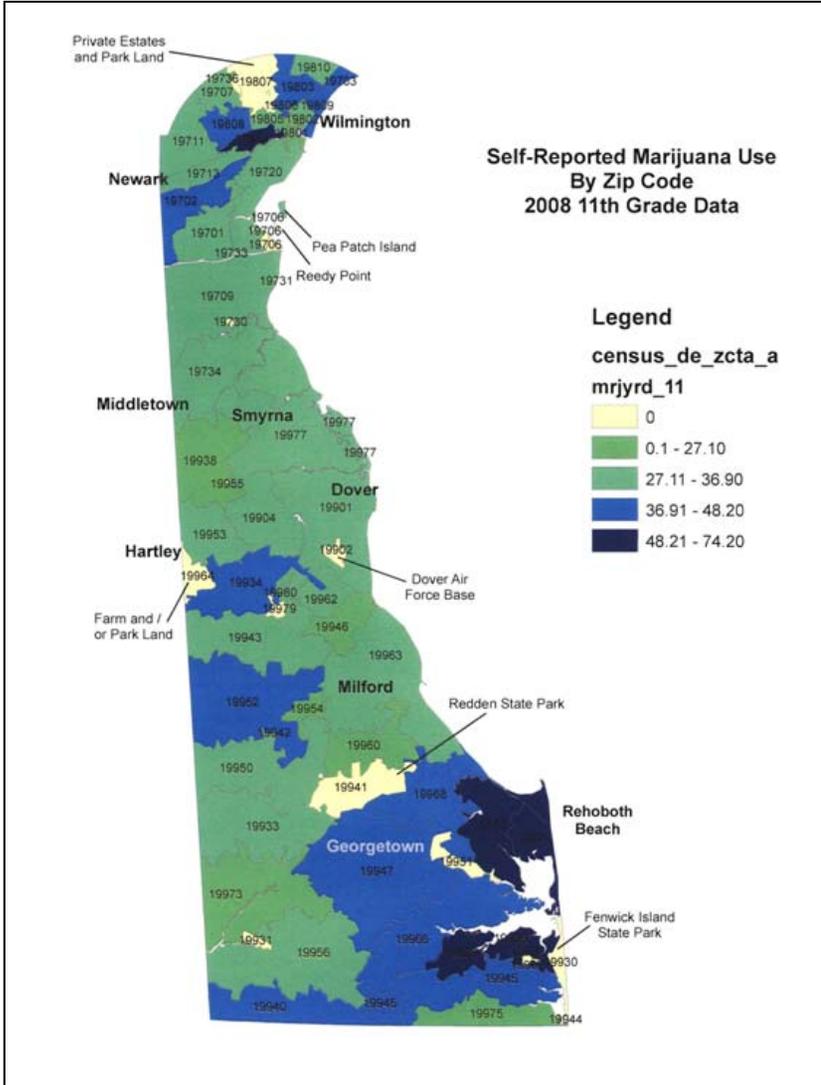
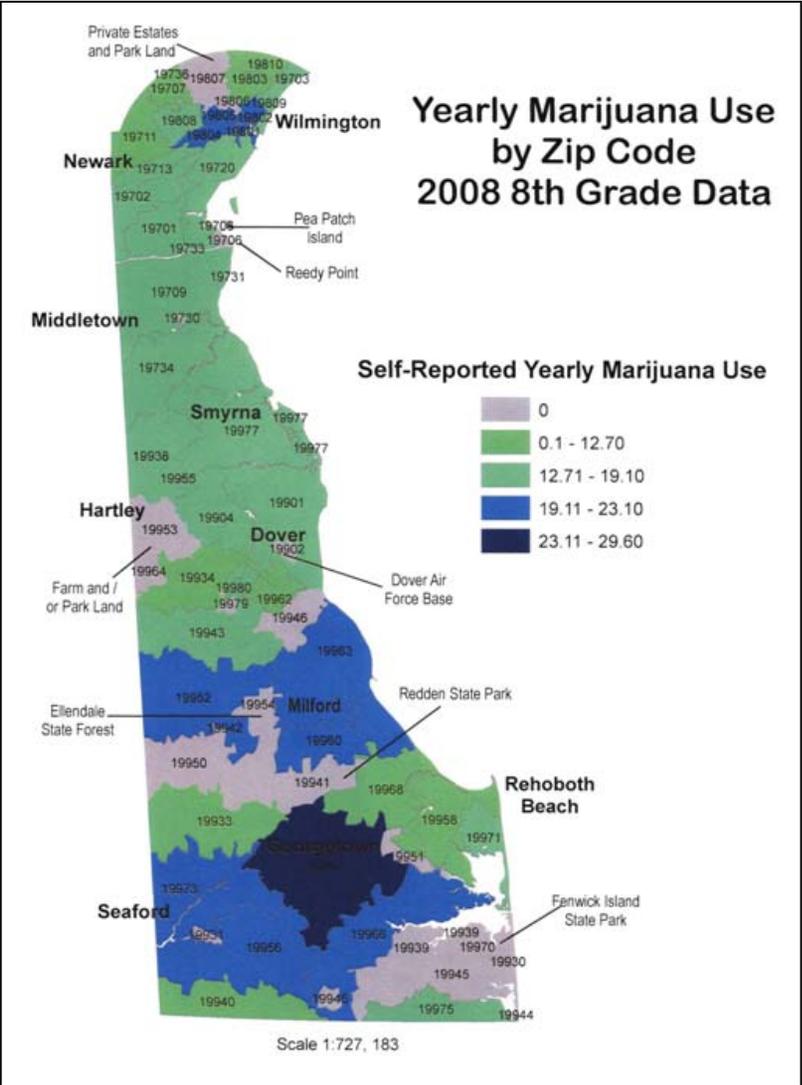
Past Year Cigarette Use Among Delaware 8th and 11th Graders by Zip Code, 2008



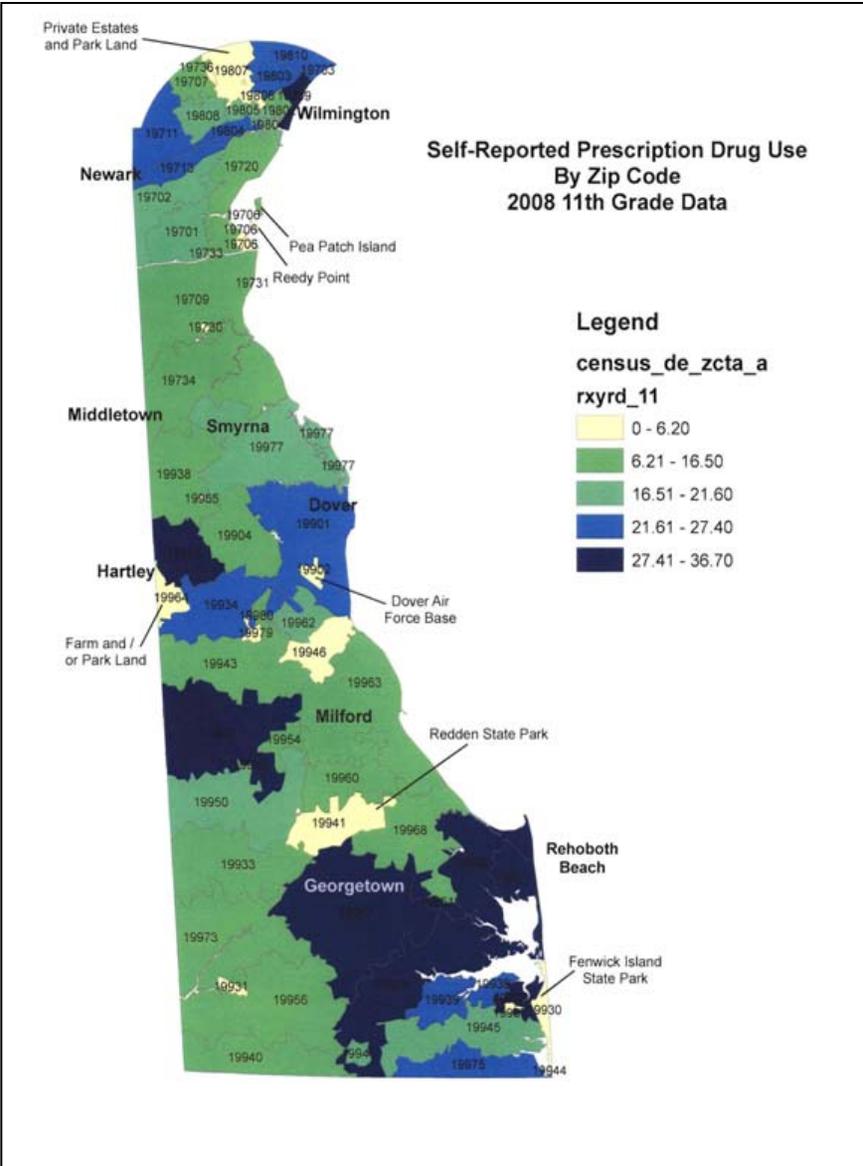
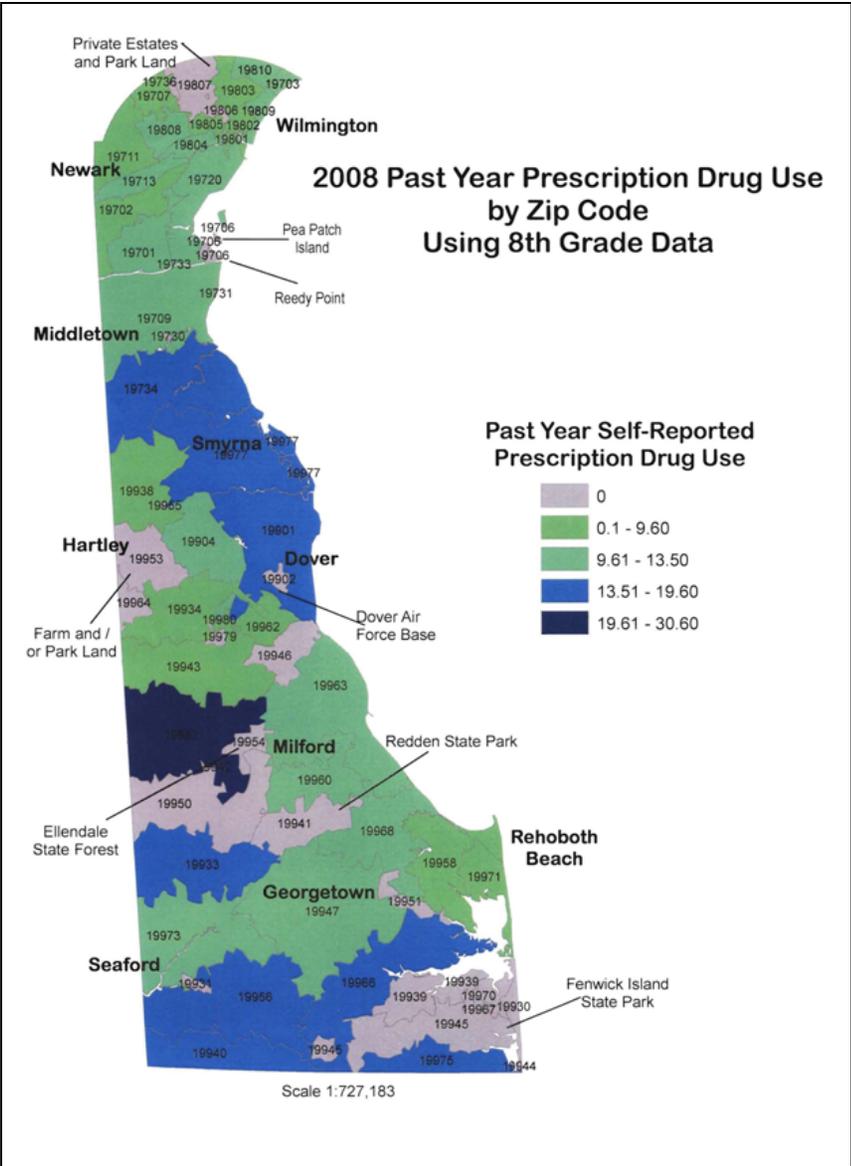
Past Year Alcohol Use Among Delaware 8th and 11th Graders by Zip Code, 2008



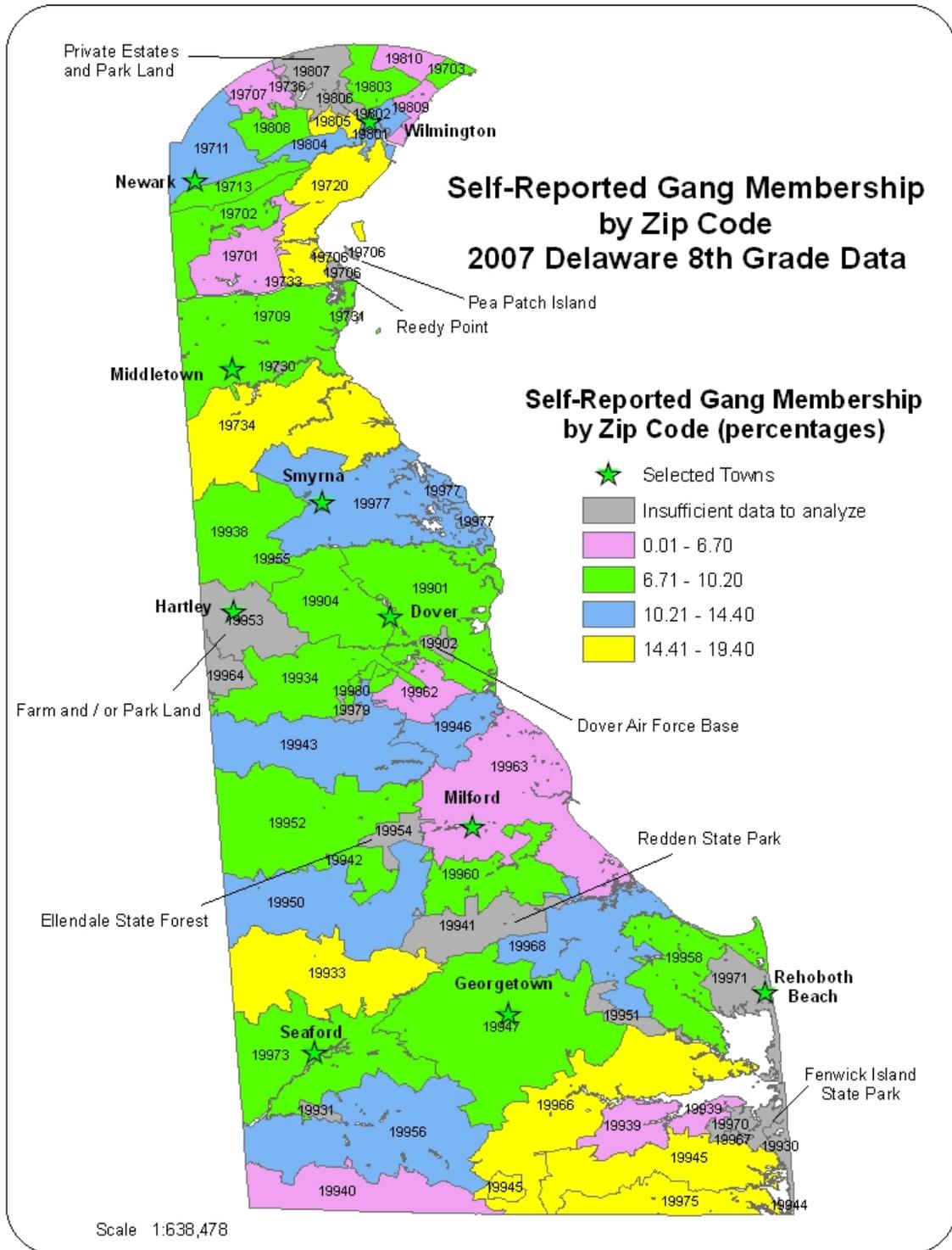
Past Year Marijuana Use Among Delaware 8th and 11th Graders by Zip Code, 2008



Past 30 Day Prescription Drug Use Among Delaware 8th and 11th Graders by Zip Code, 2008

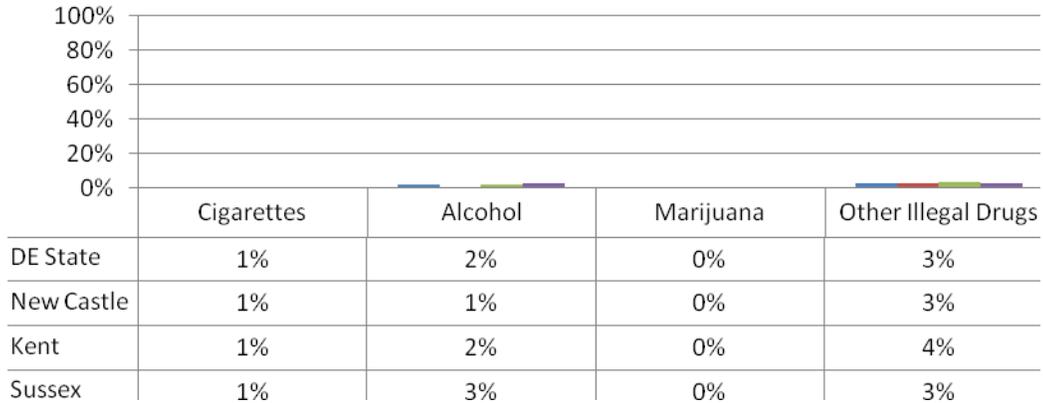


Self-Reported Gang Membership Among Delaware 8th and 11th Graders by Zip Code, 2007

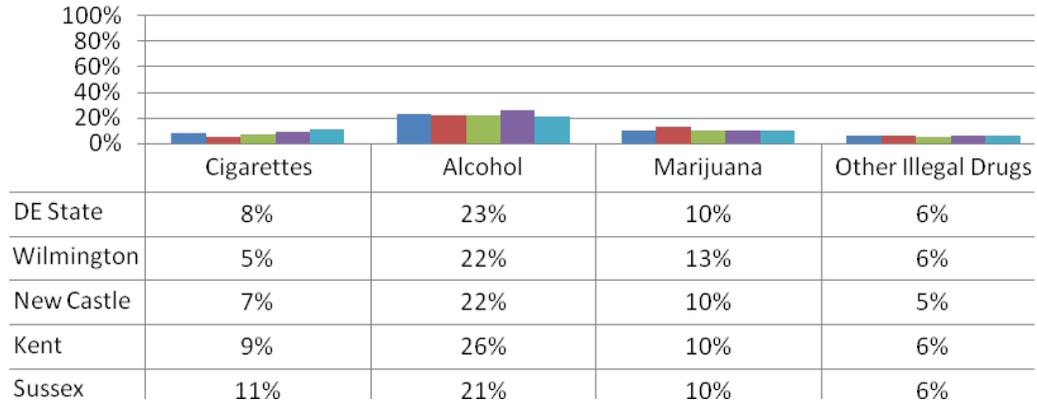


Reported Substance Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

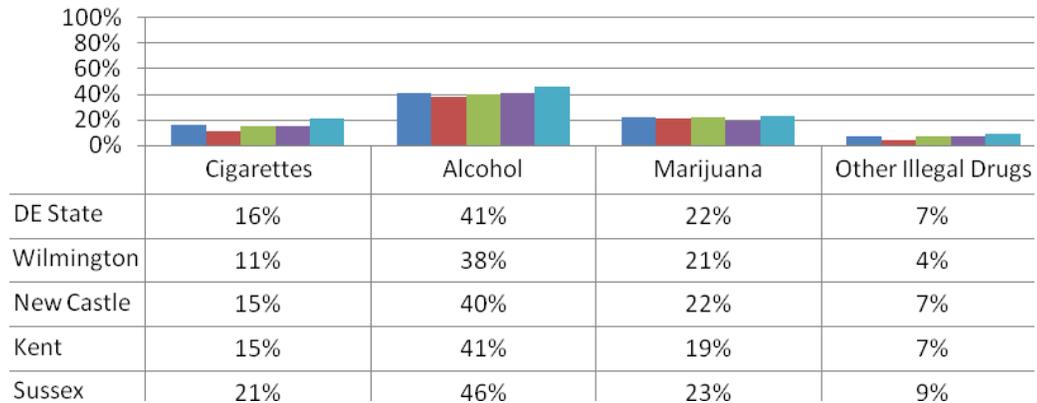
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Past Month Substance Use



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Past Month Substance Use



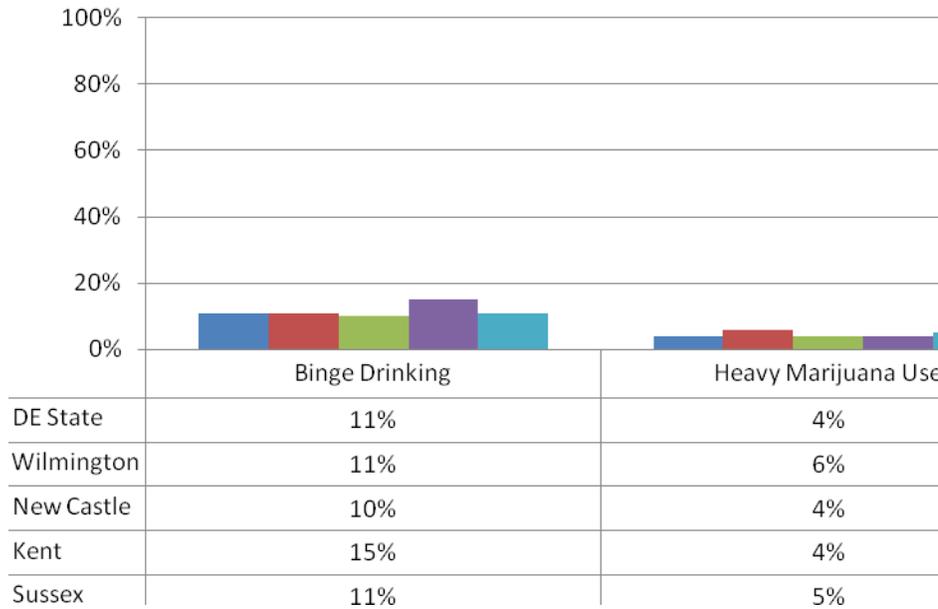
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Past Month Substance Use



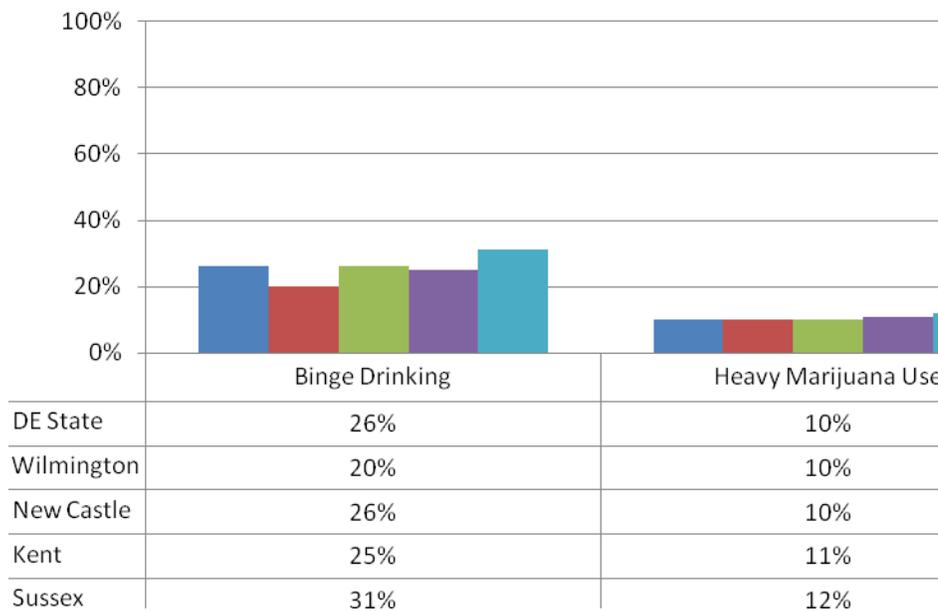
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Binge Drinking and Heavy Substance Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Binge Drinking and Heavy Substance Use



2008 11th Graders' Reports of Binge Drinking and Heavy Substance Use



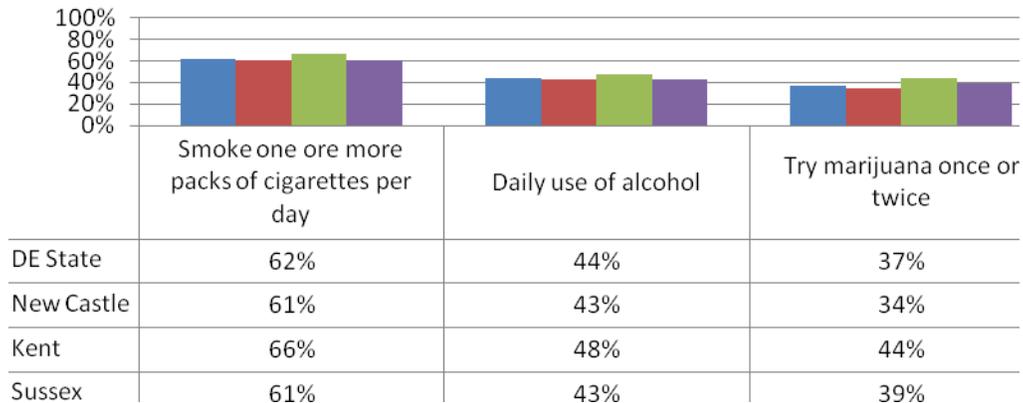
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Note: Binge use is defined as three drinks at a time in the last two weeks.

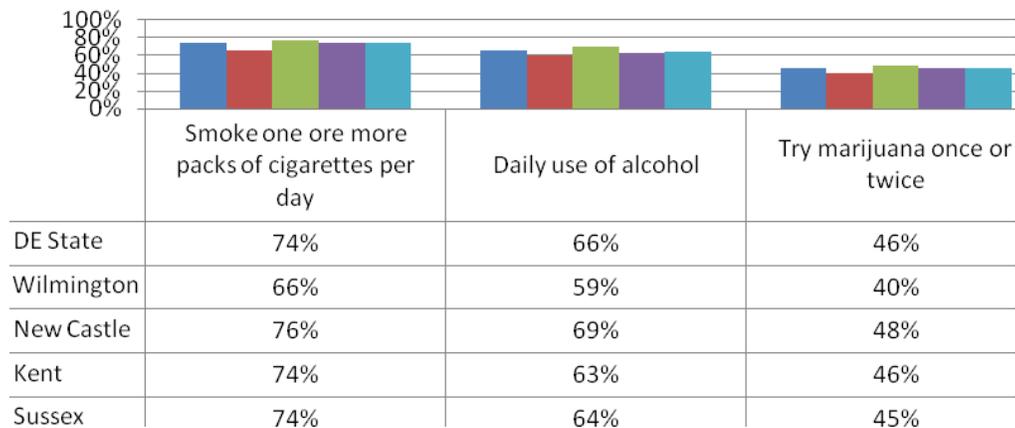
Heavy Use indicates more than six times in the past month.

Reported Perceptions of Risk in Substance Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

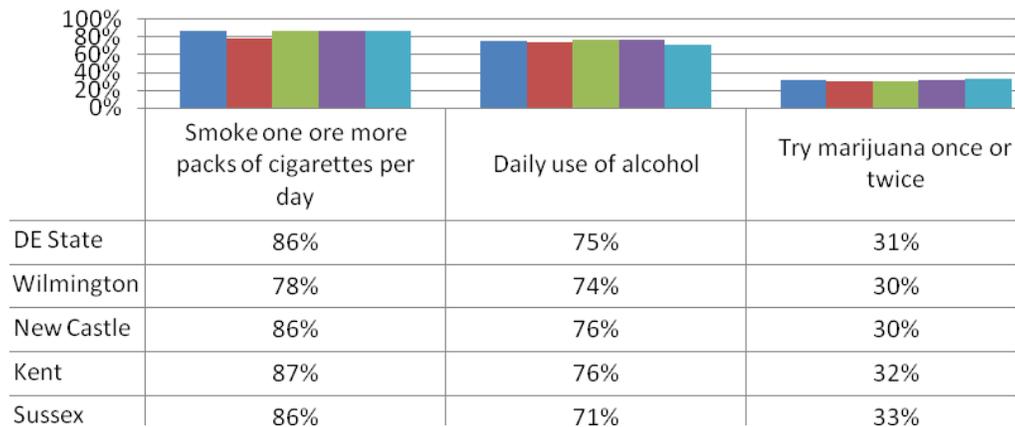
2008 5th Graders Perceptions of "Great Risk" in Substance Use



2008 8th Graders' Perceptions of "Moderate" or "Great Risk" in Substance Use



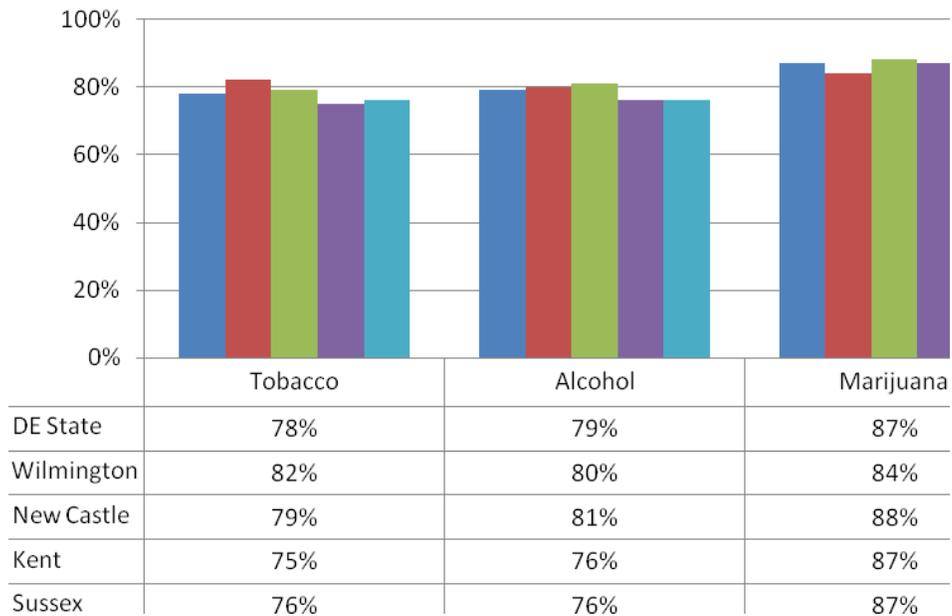
2008 11th Graders' Perceptions of "Moderate" or "Great Risk" in Substance Use



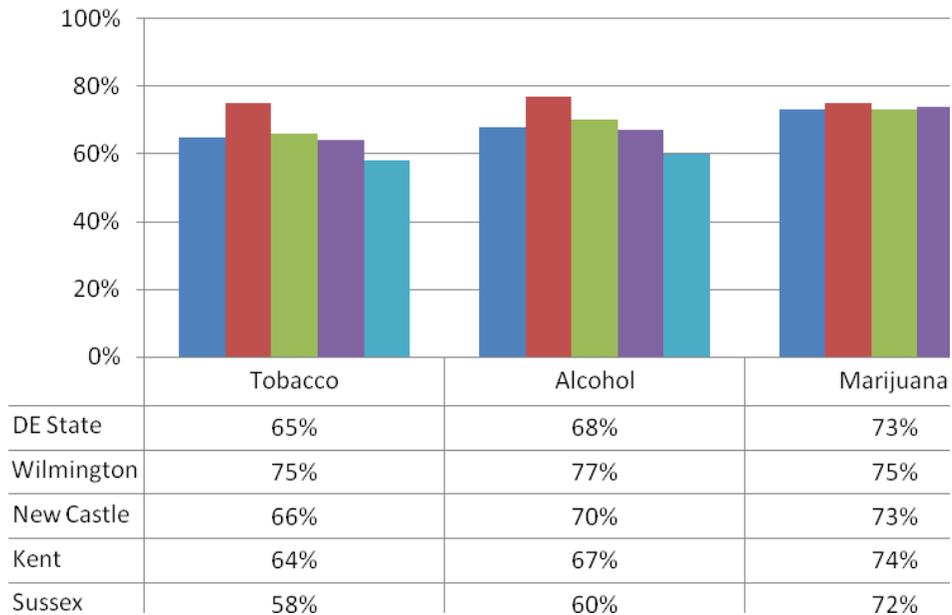
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Self-Disapproval of Substance Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Self-Disapproval of Substance Use
(percentage responding "wrong" or "very wrong")



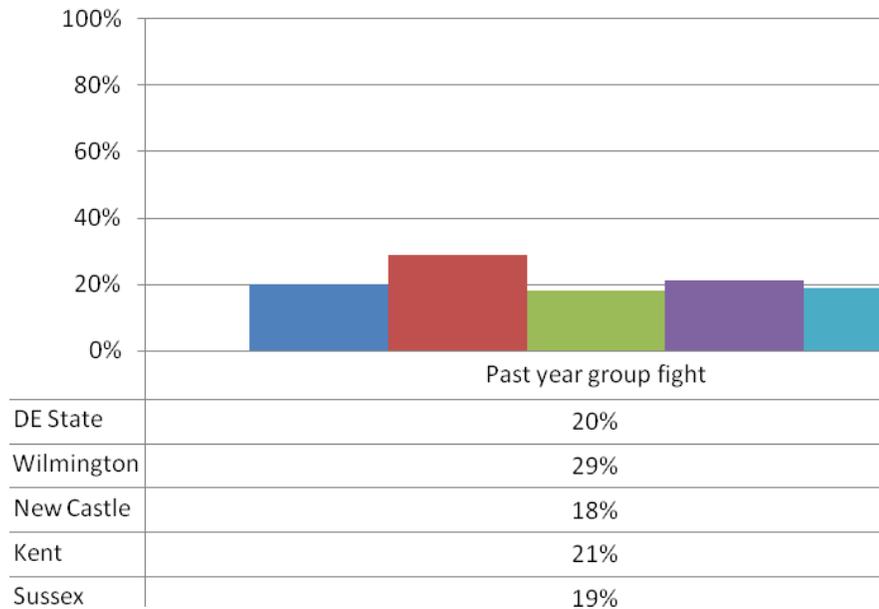
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Self-Disapproval of Substance Use
(percentage responding "wrong" or "very wrong")



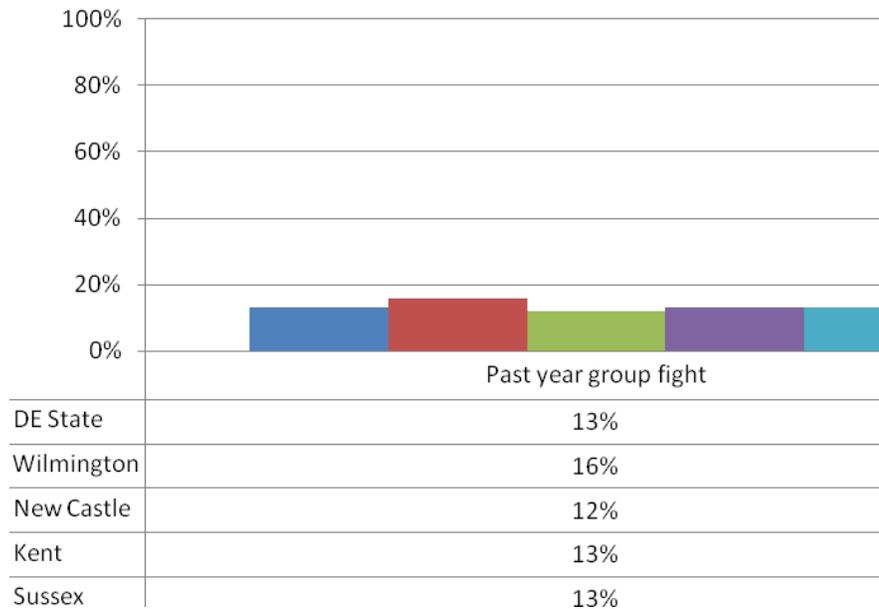
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Group Fight Participation by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Past Year Participation in a Group Fight



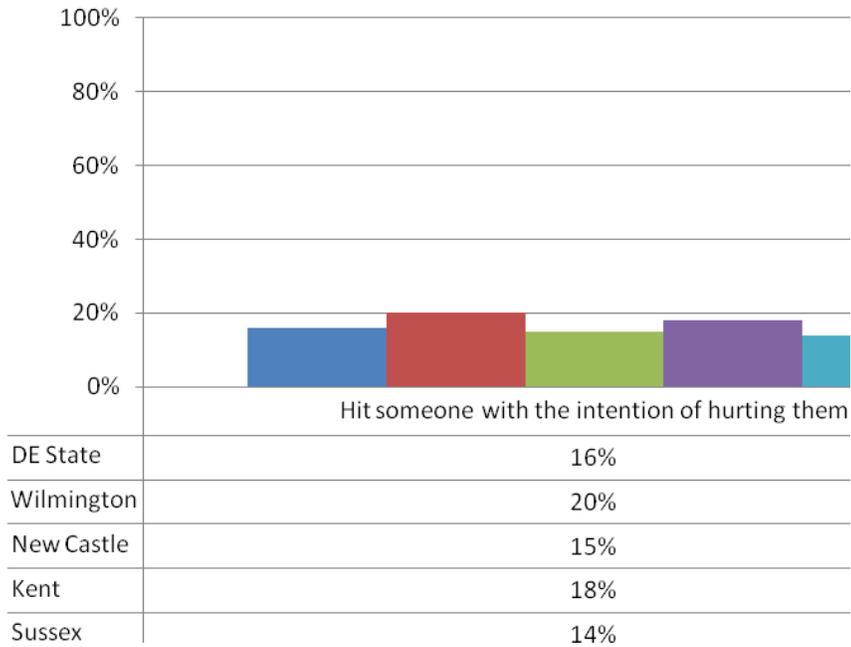
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Past Year Participation in a Group Fight



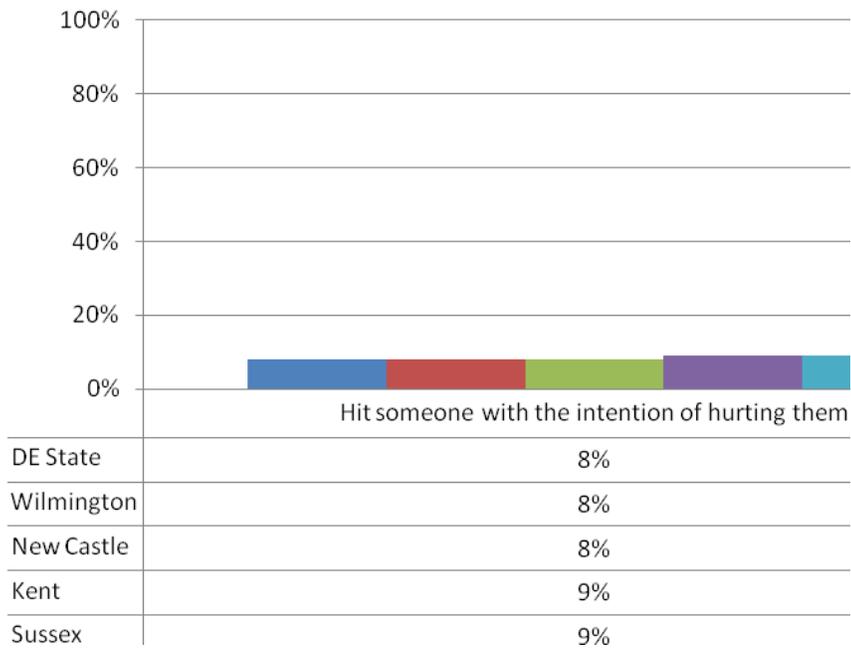
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Acts of Violence by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reporting Acts of Violence



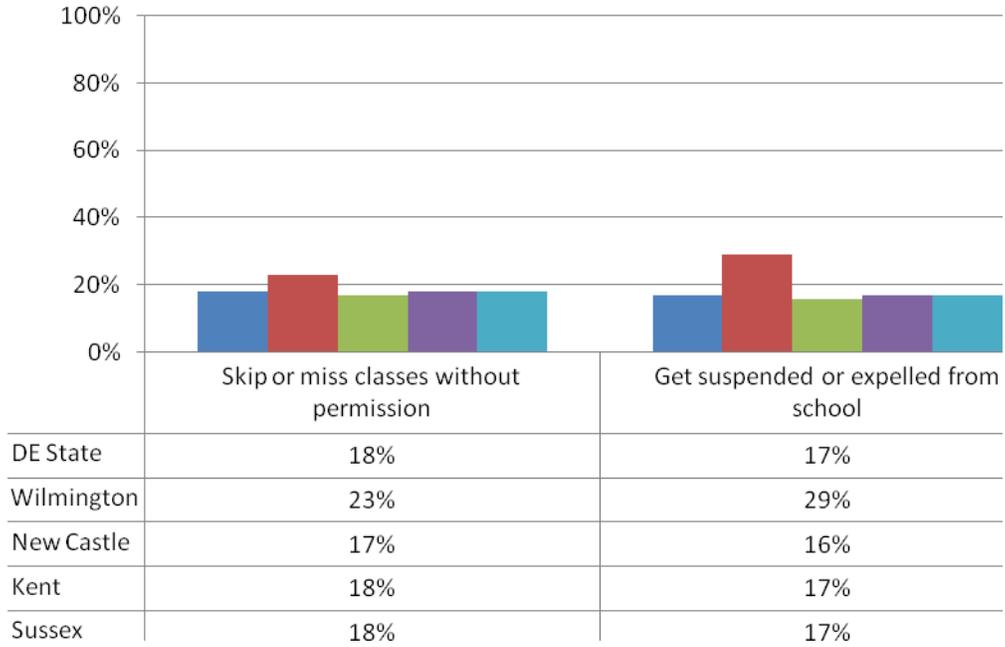
2008 11th Graders' Reporting Acts of Violence



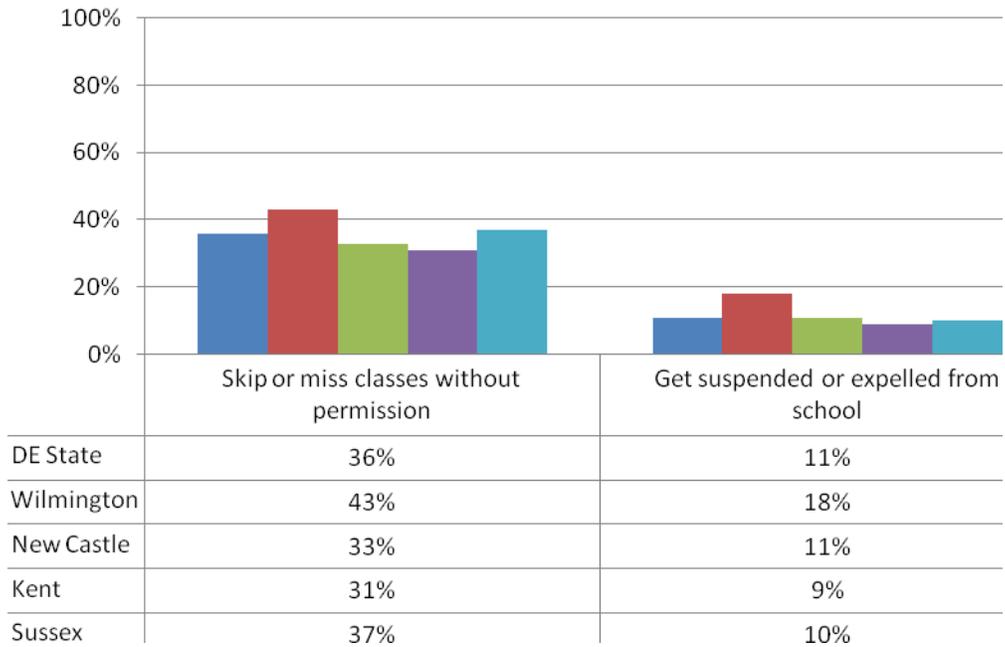
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Student Behavior by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Past Year Student Behavior



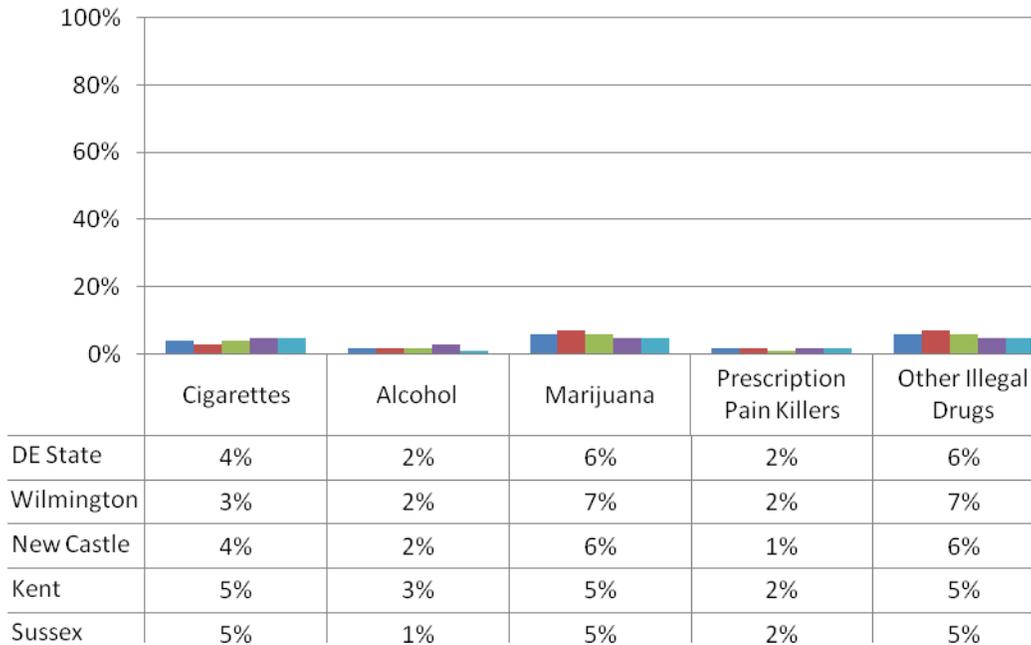
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Past Year Student Behavior



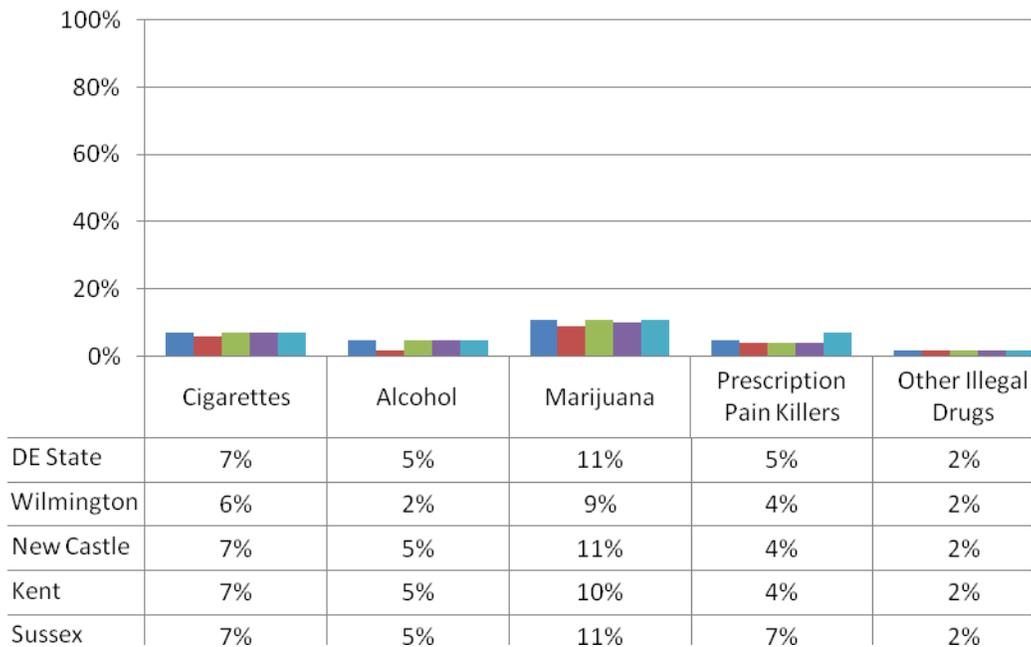
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reports of Selling Drugs Among Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Selling Drugs During the Past Year



2008 11th Graders' Reports of Selling Drugs During the Past Year



Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

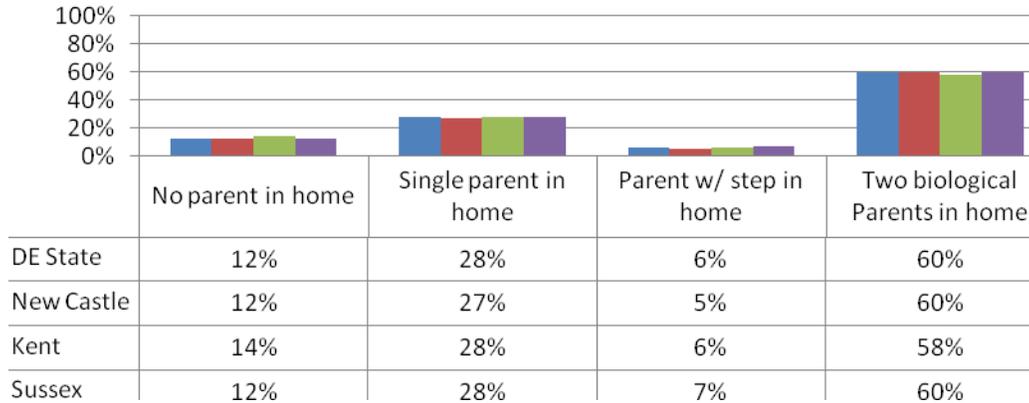
DELAWARE YOUTH SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE AREA

2.2 Family Level Data

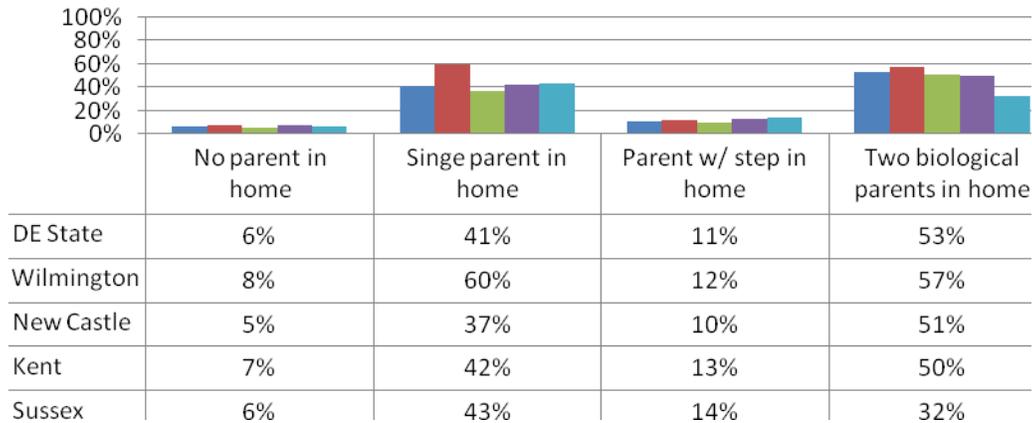
The following section includes data from the Delaware School Surveys that relate to youth self-reports of their family composition and of attitudes and behaviors related to their families and perceived attitudes of their parents. The following charts are by substate planning area. Again, please note that Zipcode and City identifying information are not available for 5th Grade data, so there are no separate tables or charts for Wilmington 5th graders. Wilmington-specific information is provided for 8th and 11th graders.

Reported Family Structure by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

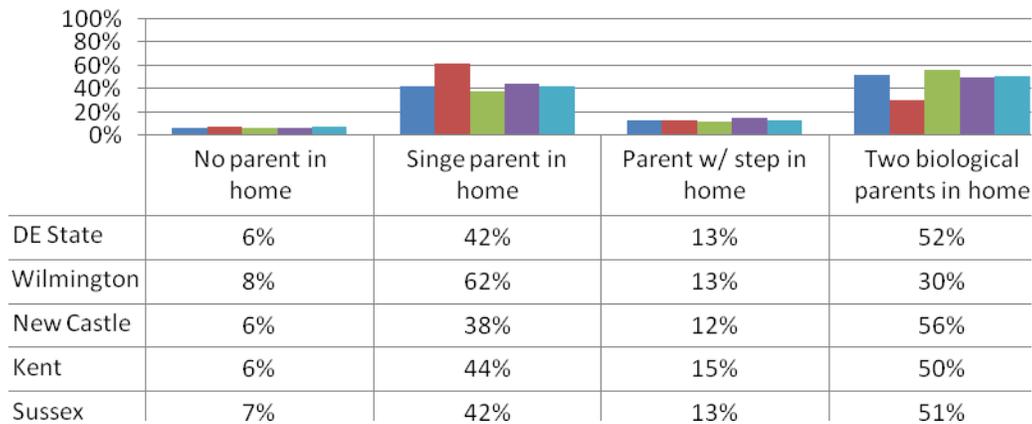
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Family Structure



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Family Structure



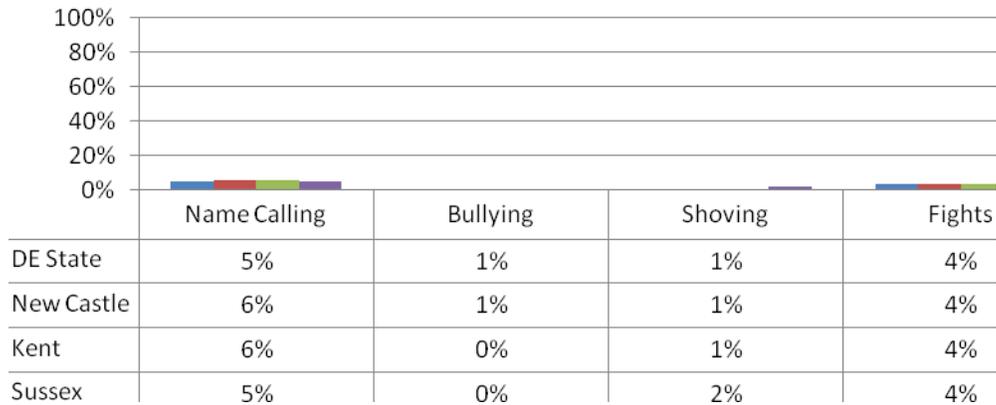
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Family Structure



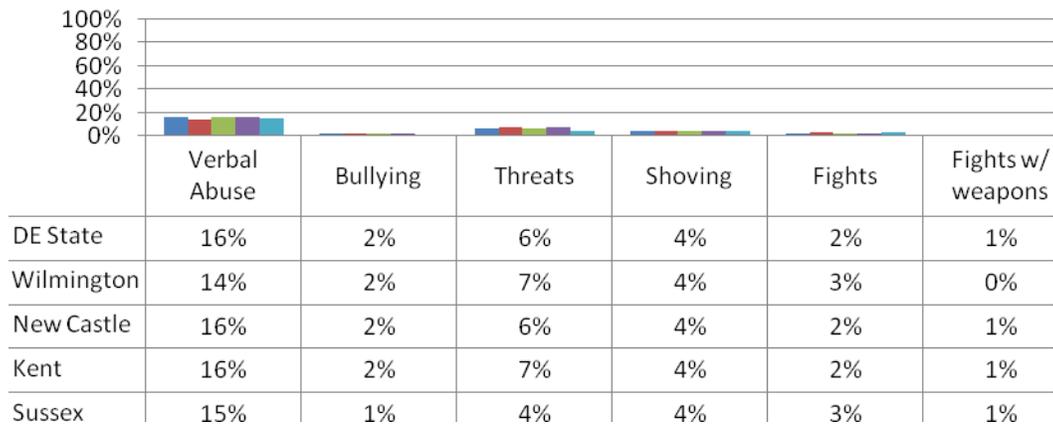
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Violence and Threats from Family by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

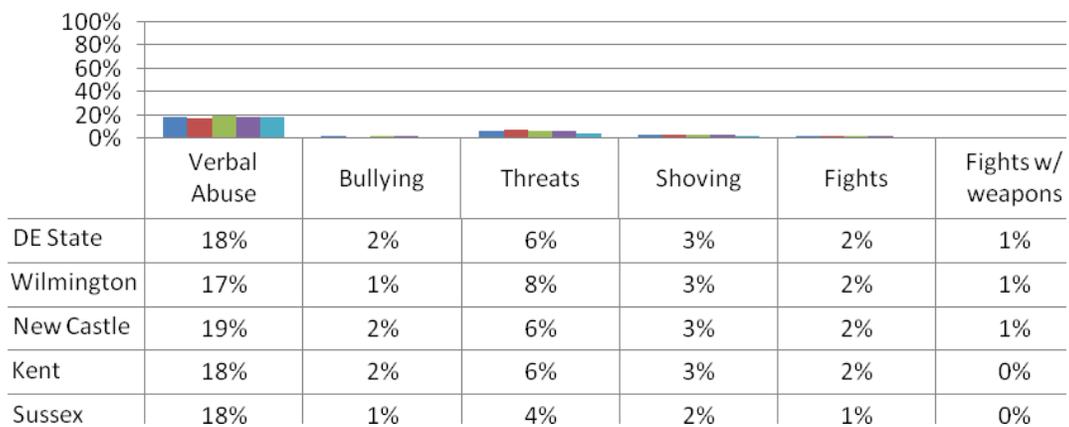
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from the Family



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from the Family



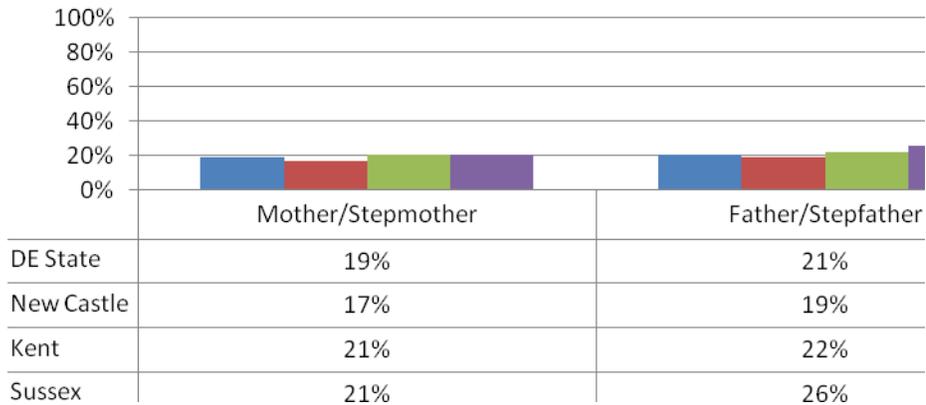
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from the Family



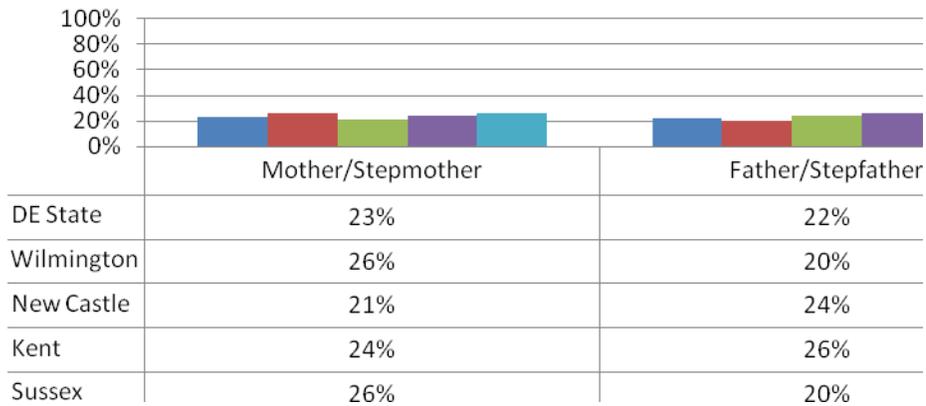
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Parental Smoking by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

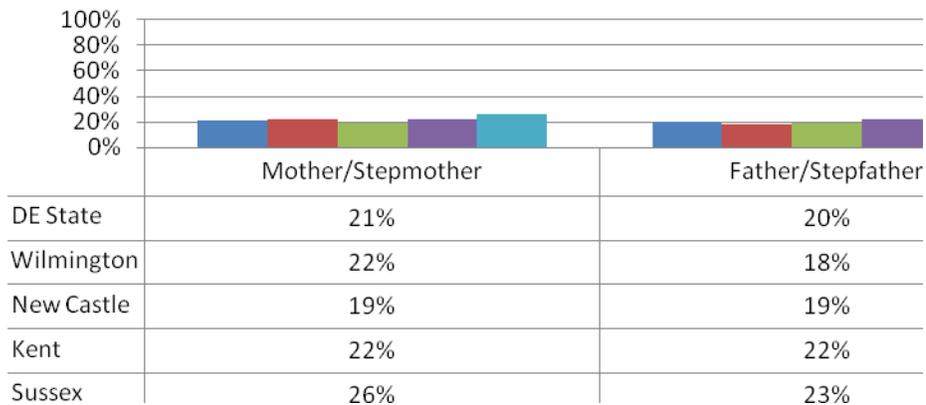
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Parents Who Smoke



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Parents Who Smoke



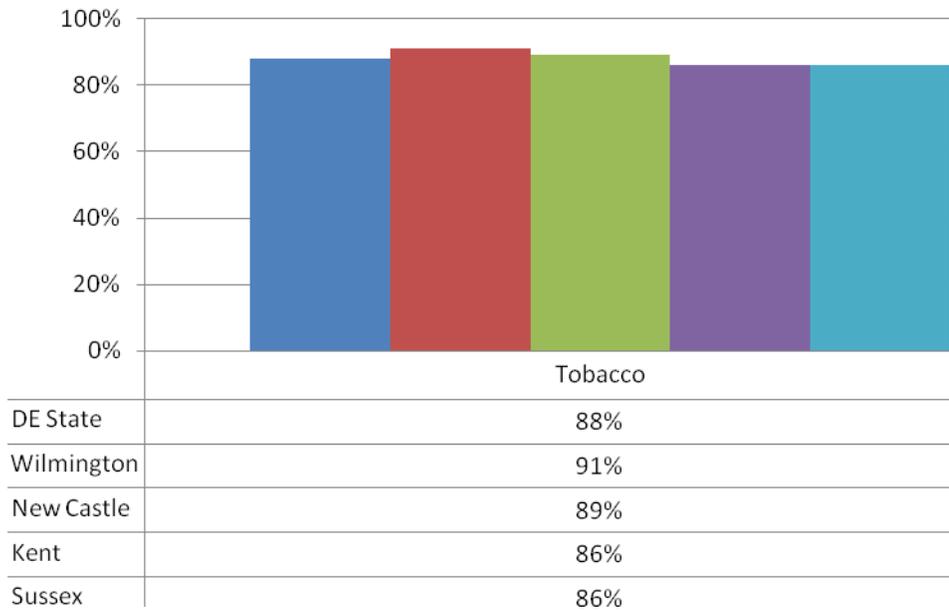
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Parents Who Smoke



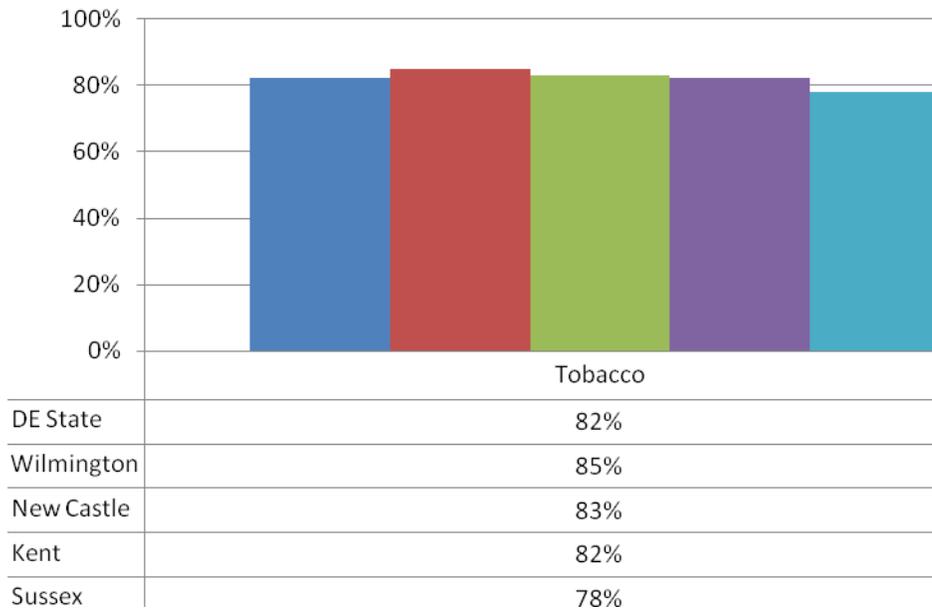
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Parental Perceptions of Tobacco Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Tobacco Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



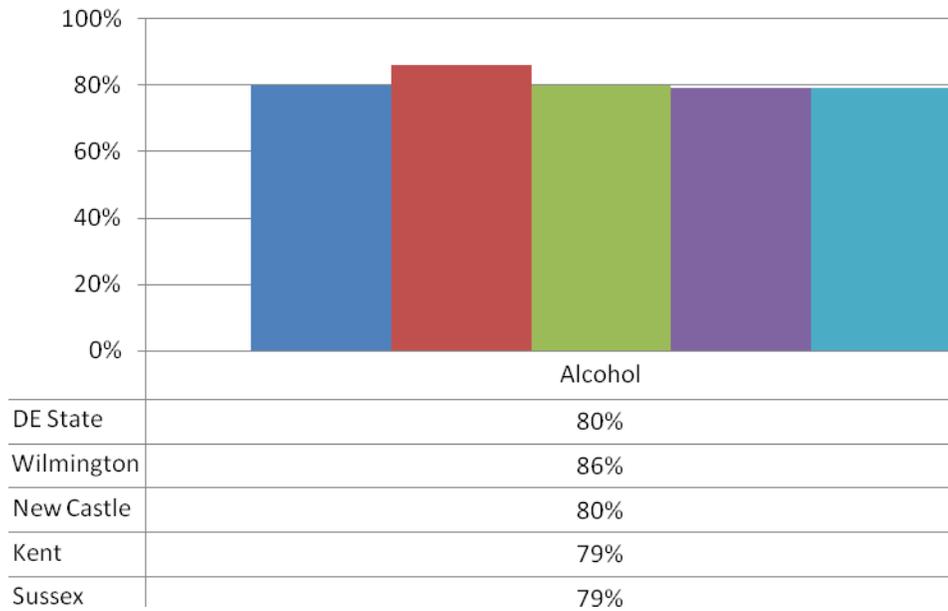
2008 11th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Tobacco Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



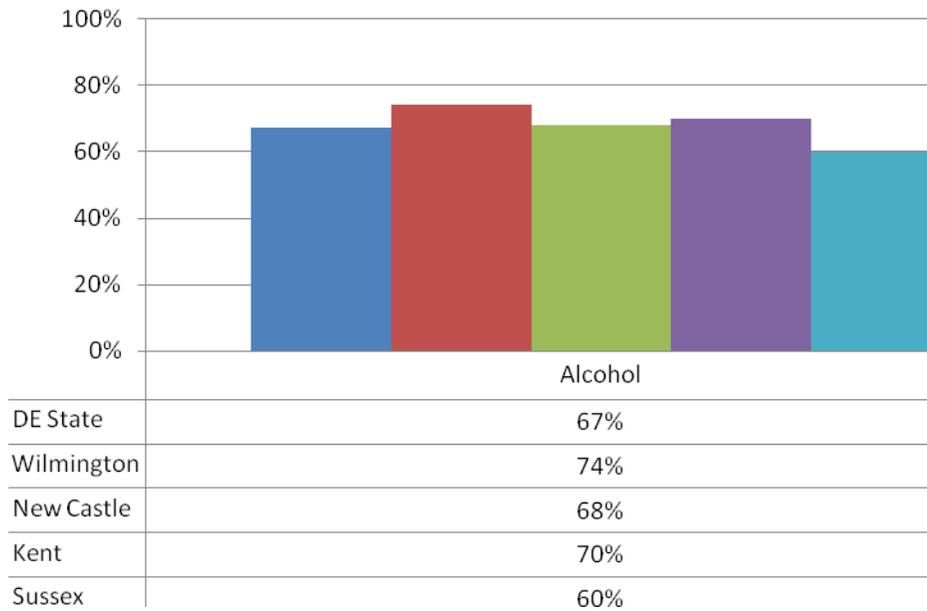
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Parental Perceptions of Alcohol Use by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Alcohol Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



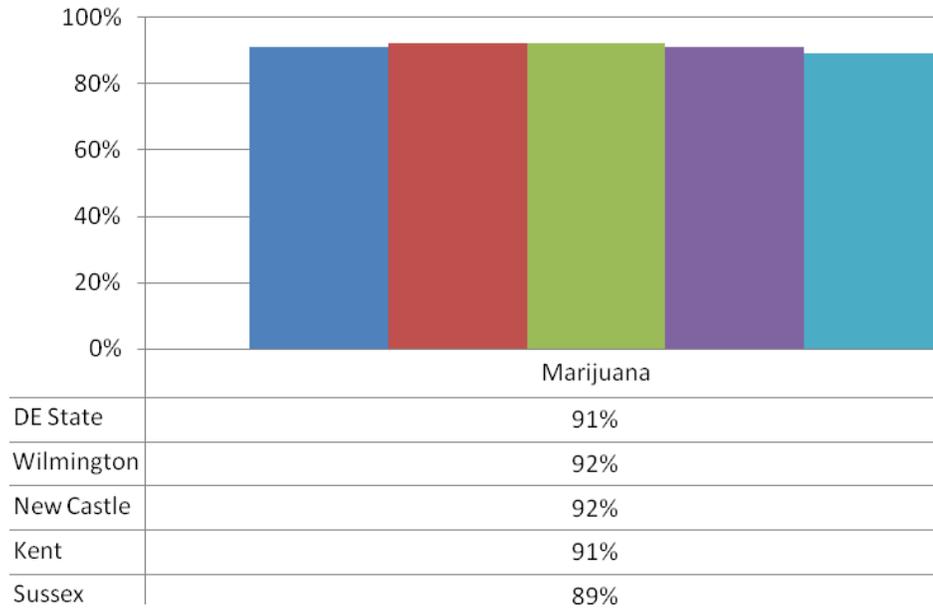
2008 11th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Alcohol Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



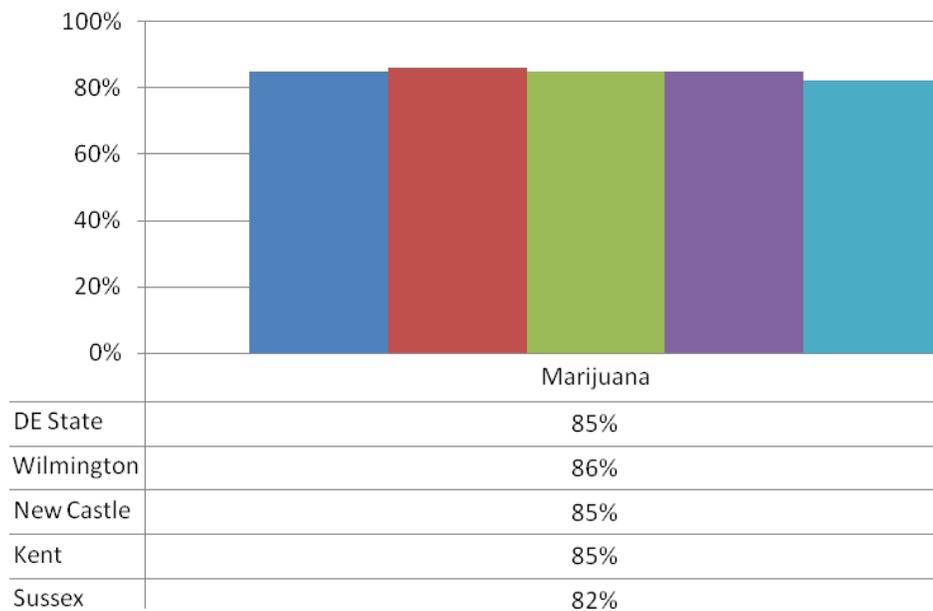
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

**Reported Parental Perceptions of Marijuana Use by Delaware Public School Students,
2008**

2008 8th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Marijuana Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



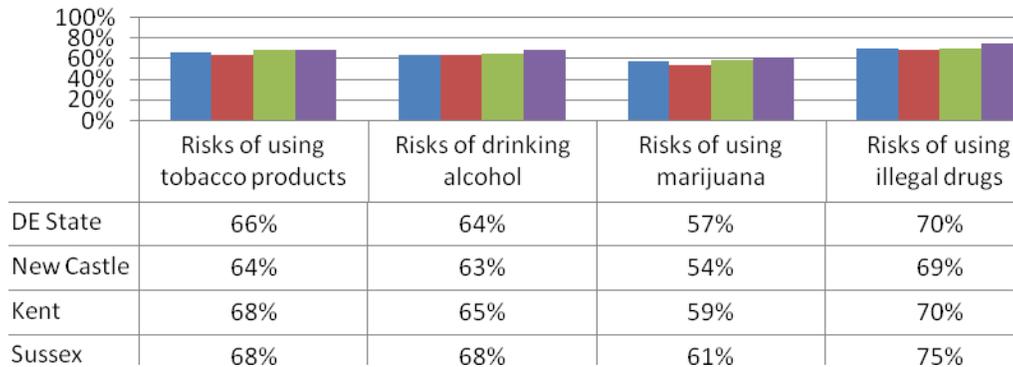
2008 11th Graders' Reporting Whether Parents Think Marijuana Use is Wrong or Very Wrong



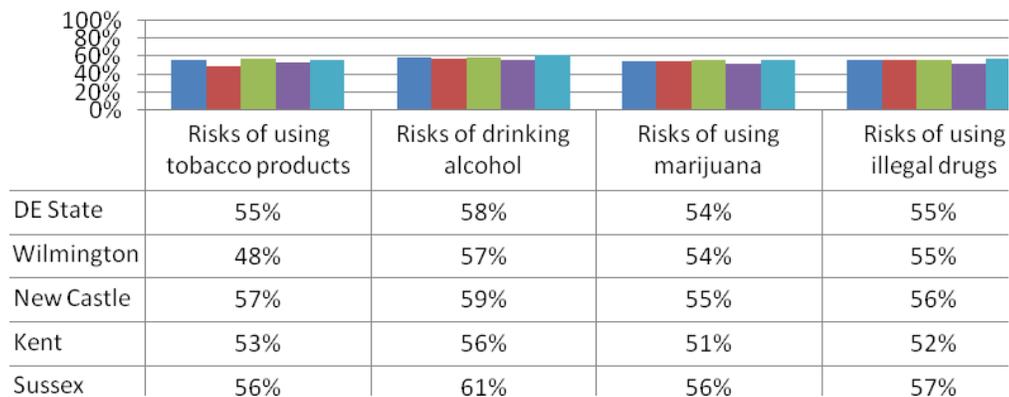
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reports of Talking to Parents About the Risk of Drugs by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

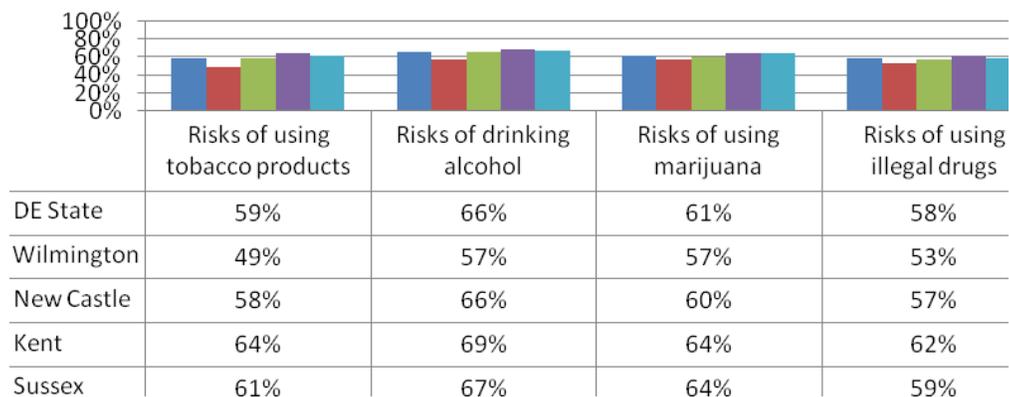
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Parents Talking with Students About the Risk of Drugs



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Talking with Students About the Risks of Drugs



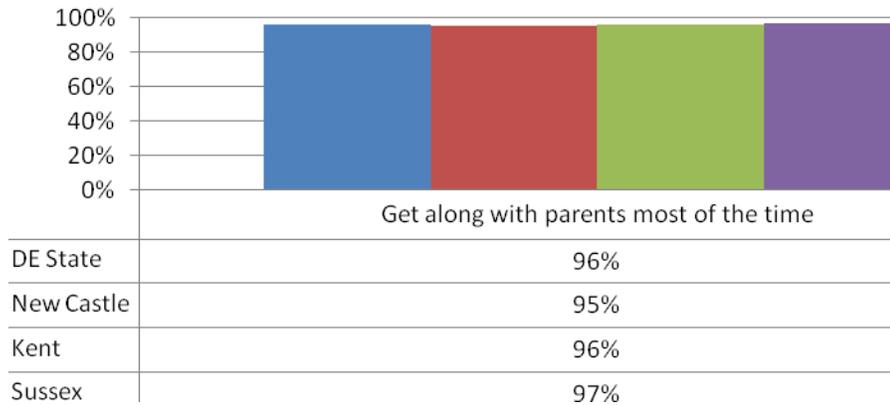
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Talking with Students About the Risks of Drugs



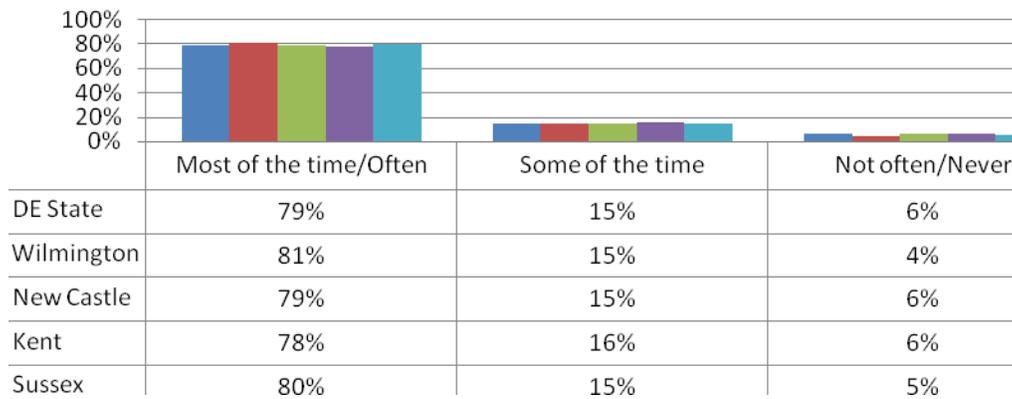
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Getting Along with Parents by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

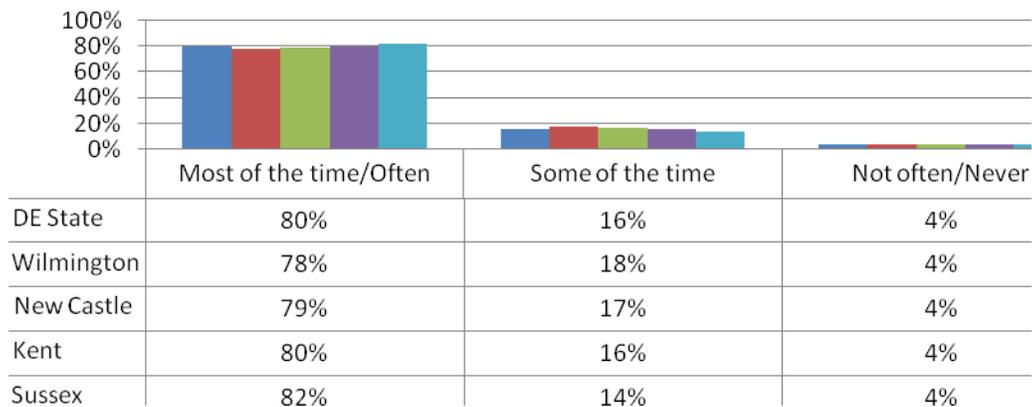
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Getting Along With Parents



2008 8th Graders' Reports of How Often They Get Along With Parents



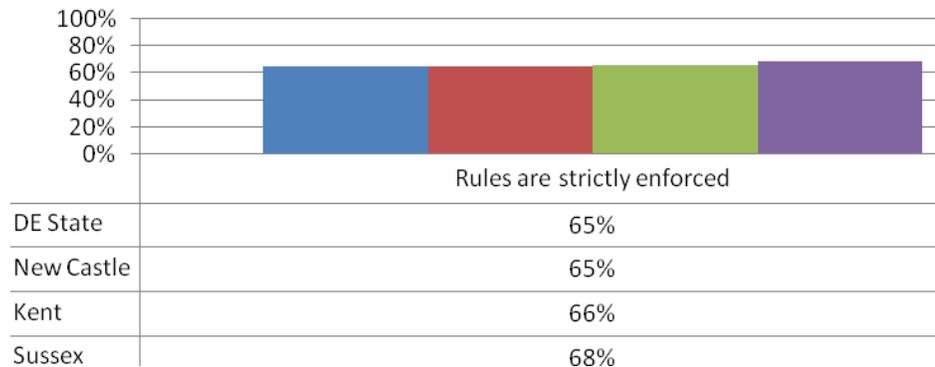
2008 11th Graders' Reports of How Often They Get Along With Parents



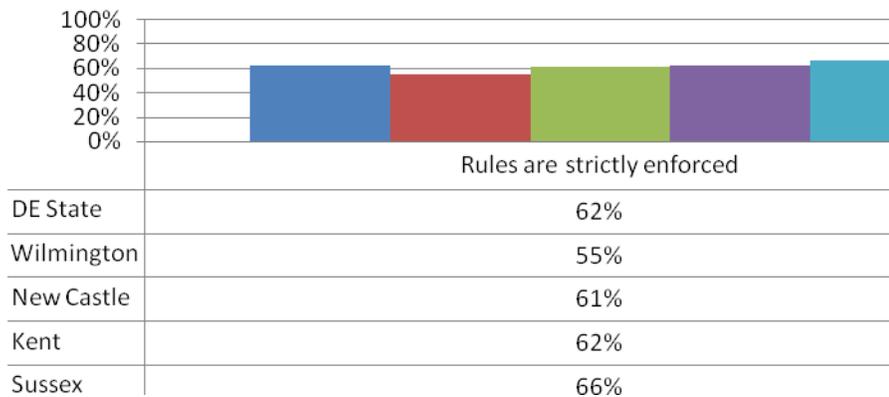
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Certainty of Punishment by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

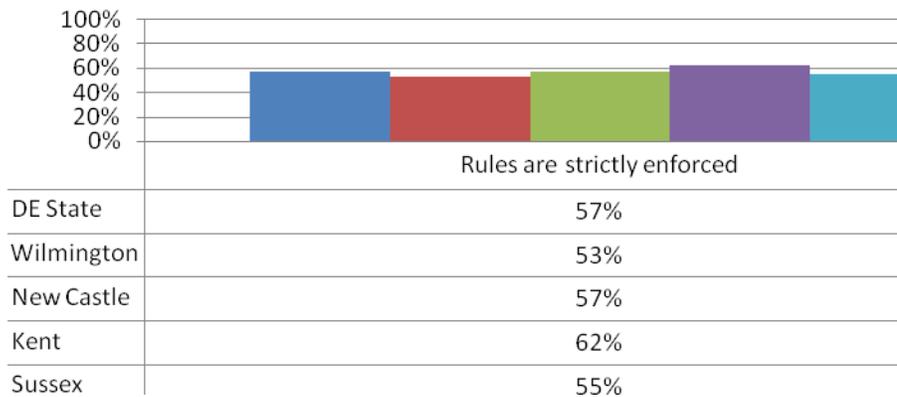
2008 5th Graders' Who Agree with the Statement, "Your Parents Rules For You Are Strictly Enforced"



2008 8th Graders' Who Agree With the Statement, "Your Parents Rules For You Are Strictly Enforced"



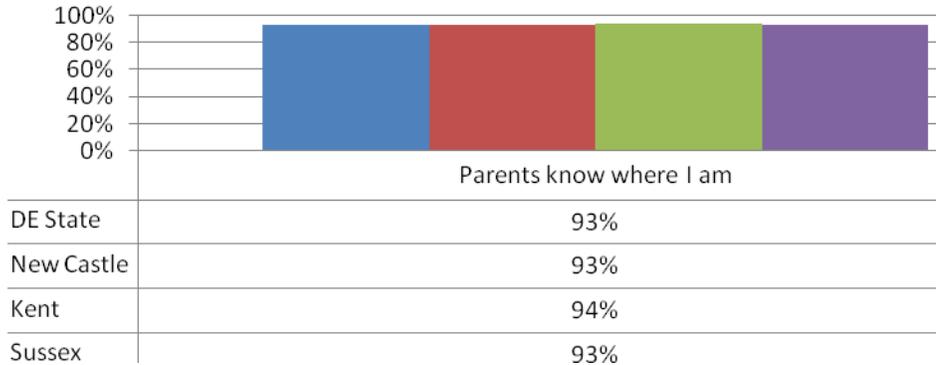
2008 11th Graders' Who Agree With the Statement, "Your Parents Rules For You Are Strictly Enforced"



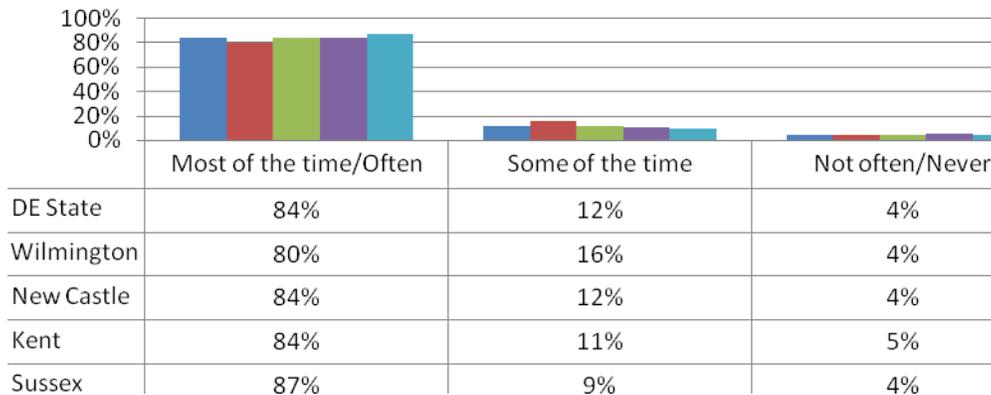
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reports of Parents Knowing Where Students Are When Not in School by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

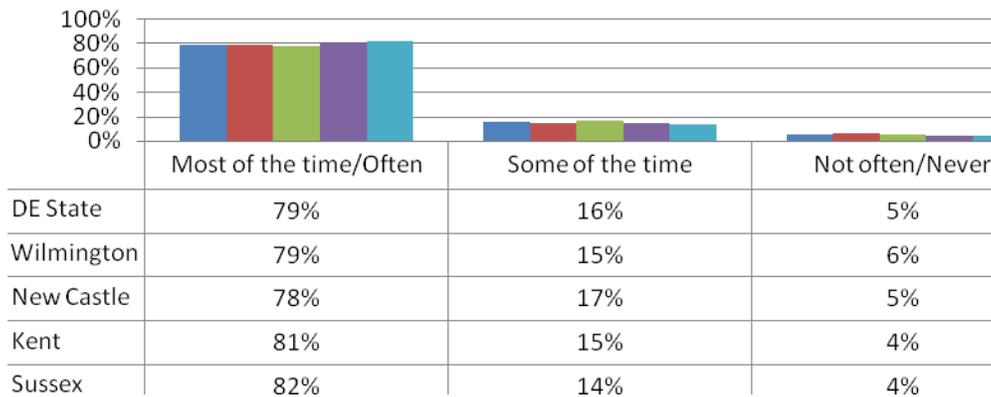
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Parents Knowing Where They Are When Not in School



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Parents Knowing Where They Are When Not in School



2008 11th Graders' Reports of Parents Knowing Where They Are When Not in School



Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

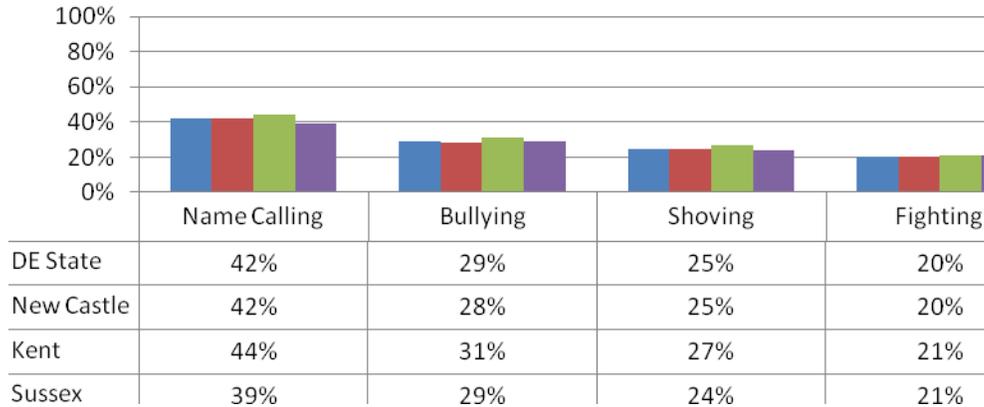
DELAWARE YOUTH SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE AREA

2.3 School Level Data

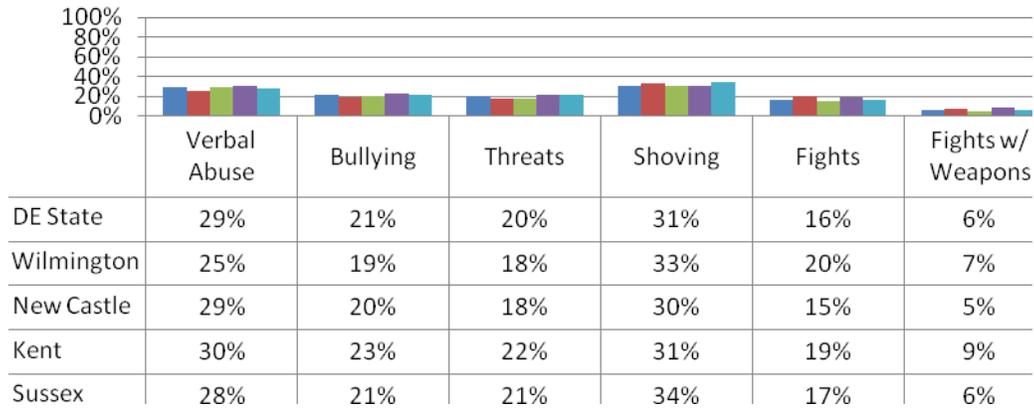
The following section includes data from the Delaware School Surveys that relate to youth self-reports of their attitudes and behaviors related to their school and to other kids at school. Information on perceived verbal abuse and violence as well as attitude about school rules and norms are provided. The following charts are by substate planning area. Again, please note that Zipcode and City identifying information are not available for 5th Grade data, so there are no separate tables or charts for Wilmington 5th graders. Wilmington-specific information is provided for 8th and 11th graders.

Reported Violence and Threats Among Peers by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

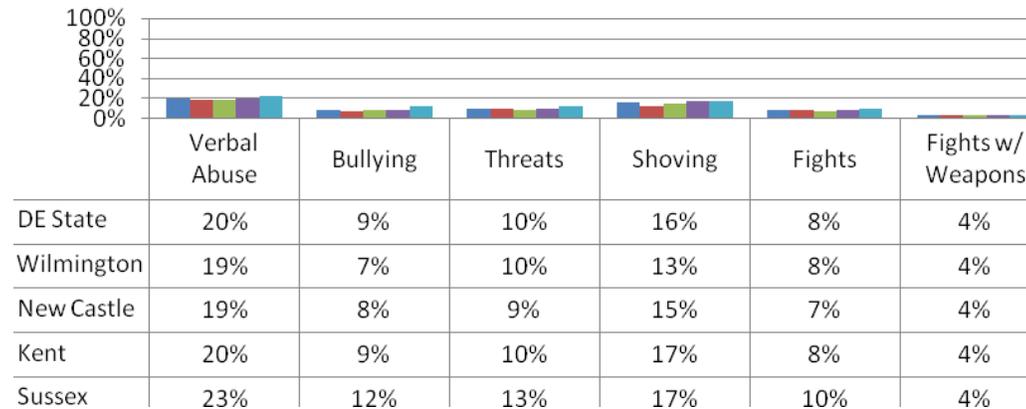
2008 5th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from Kids at School



2008 8th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from Kids at School



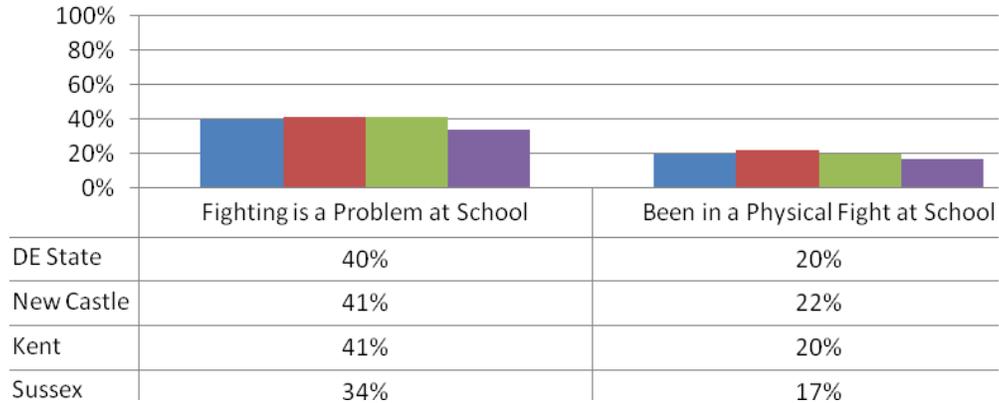
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats from Kids at School



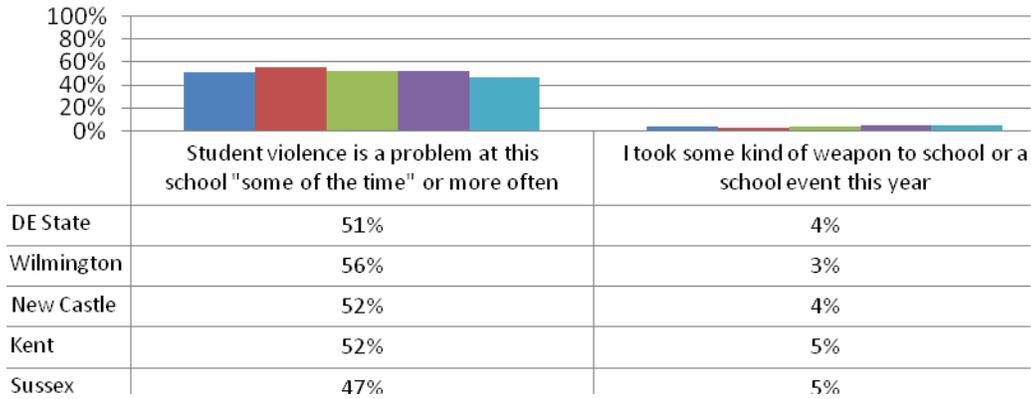
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported School Violence by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

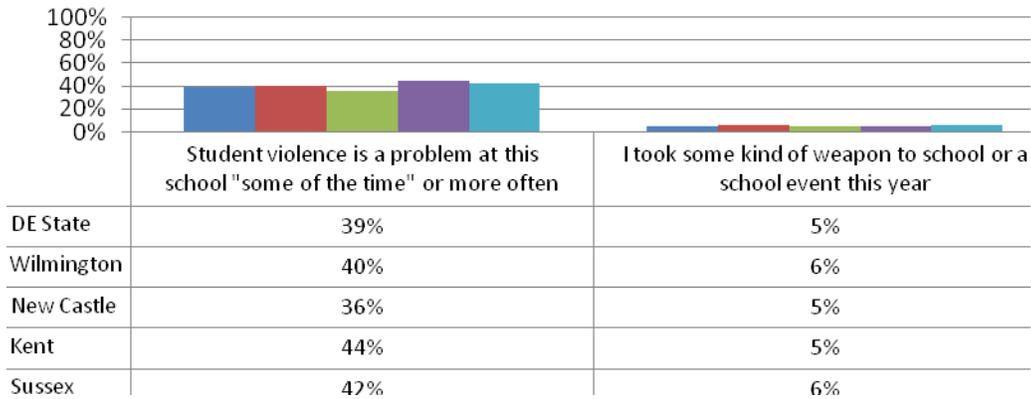
2008 5th Graders' Reports of School Violence



2008 8th Graders' Reports of School Violence



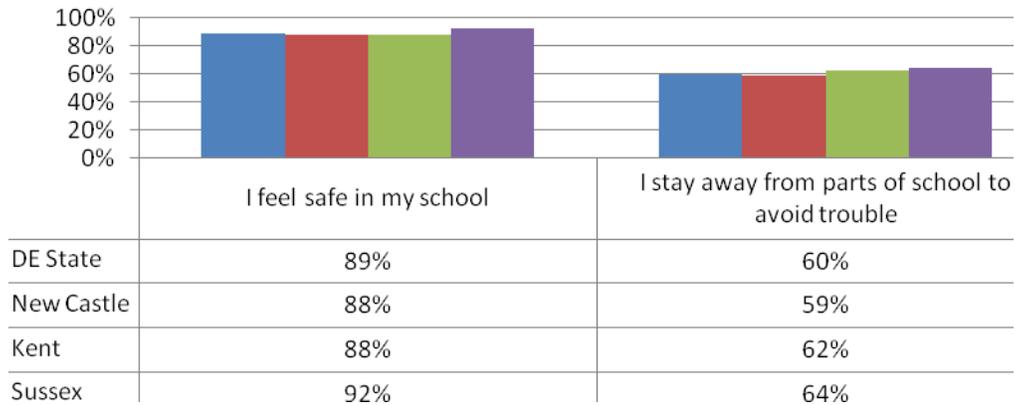
2008 11th Graders' Reports of School Violence



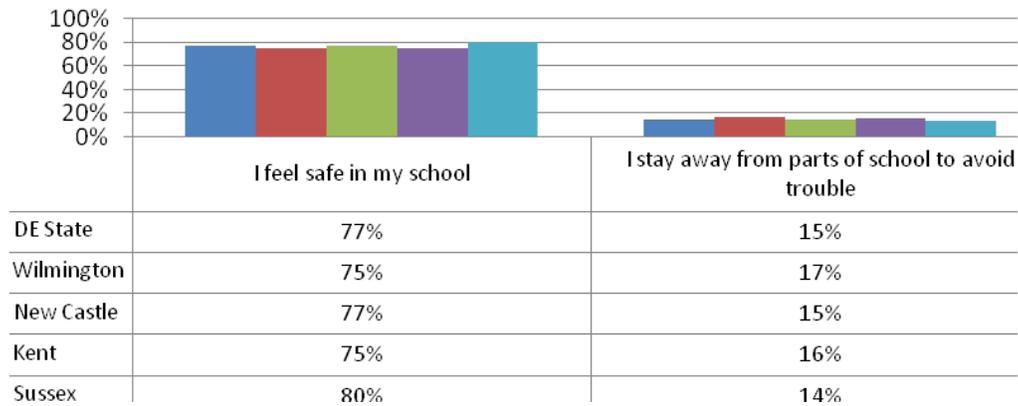
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Perceptions of School Safety by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

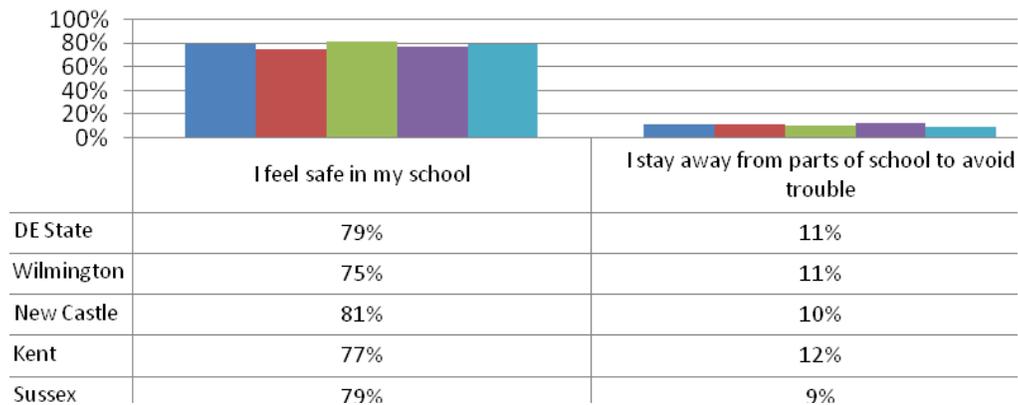
2008 5th Graders' Perceptions of School Safety



2008 8th Graders' Perceptions of School Safety



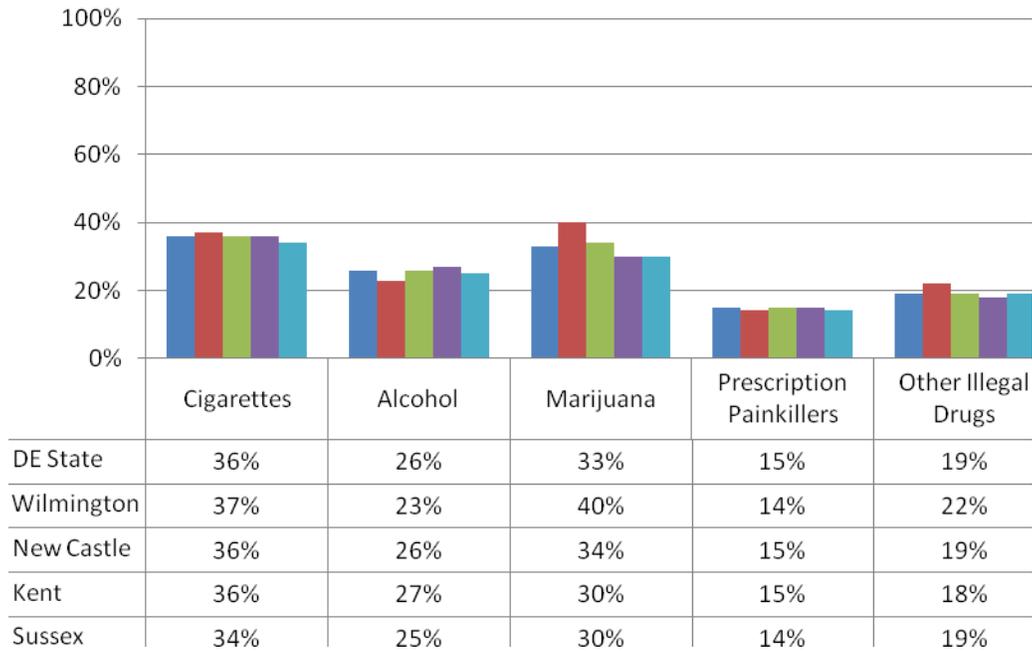
2008 11th Graders' Perceptions of School Safety



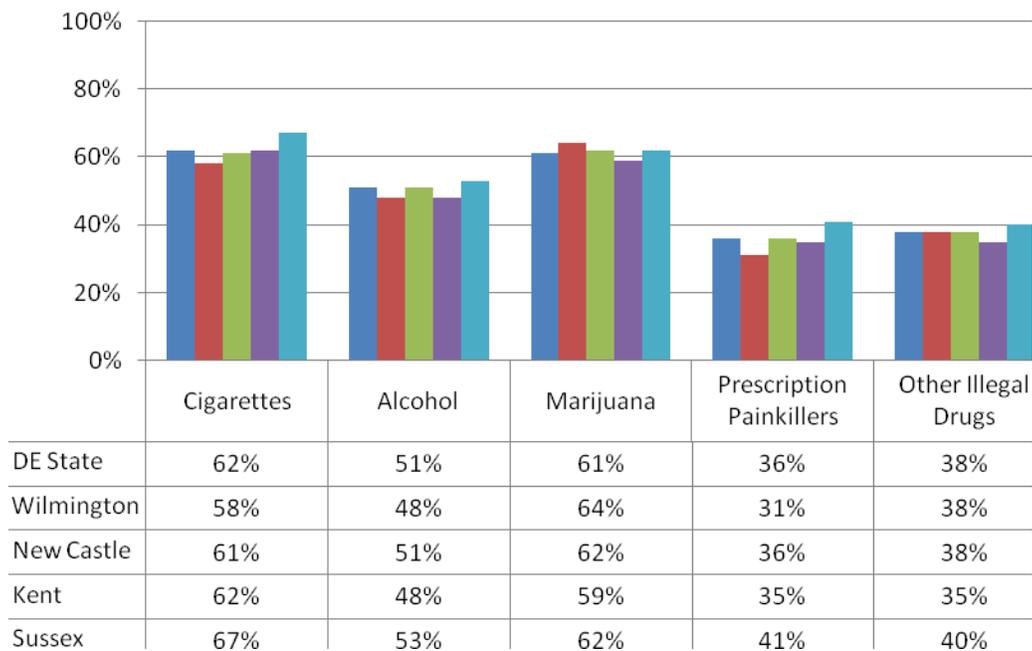
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Knowing Where to Buy Drugs by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Knowing Where Students Can Buy Drugs



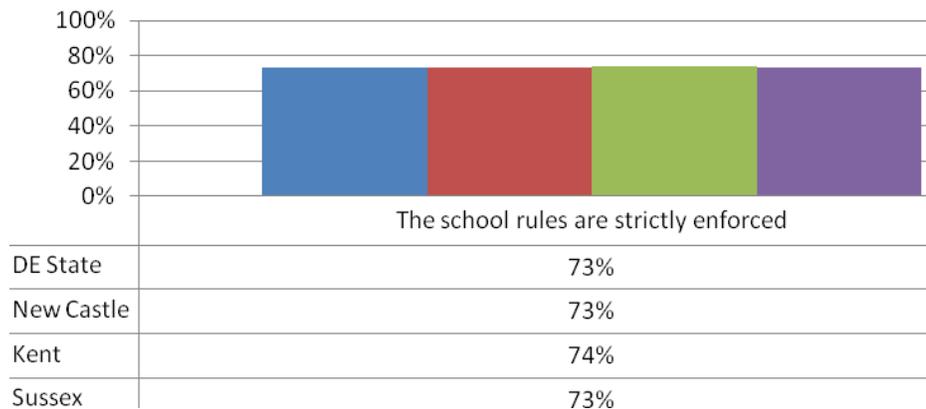
2008 11th Graders' Reports of Knowing Where Students Can Buy Drugs



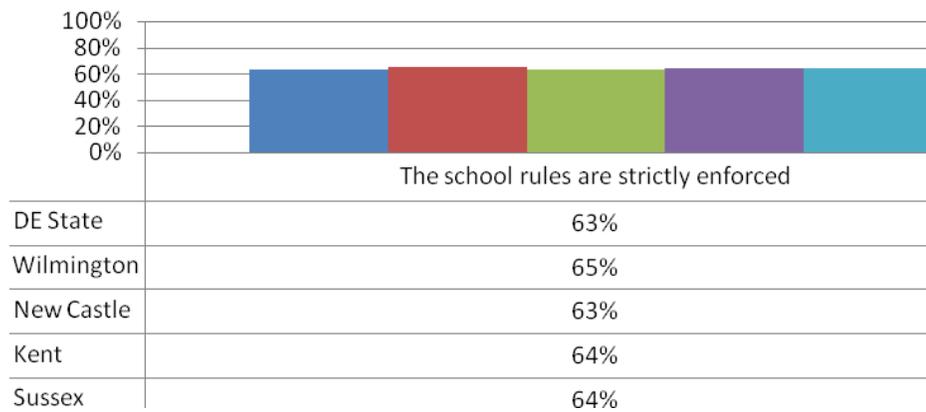
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Certainty of School Punishment by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

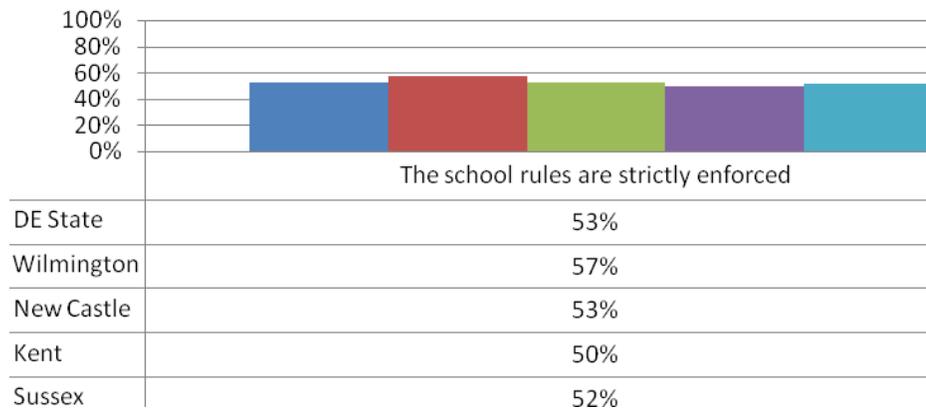
2008 5th Graders Who Agree that School Rules are Strictly Enforced



2008 8th Graders Who Agree that School Rules are Strictly Enforced



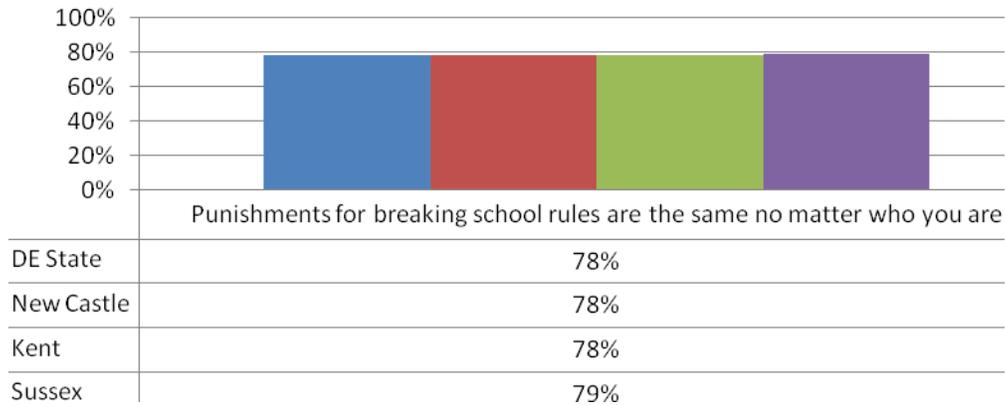
2008 11th Graders Who Agree that School Rules are Strictly Enforced



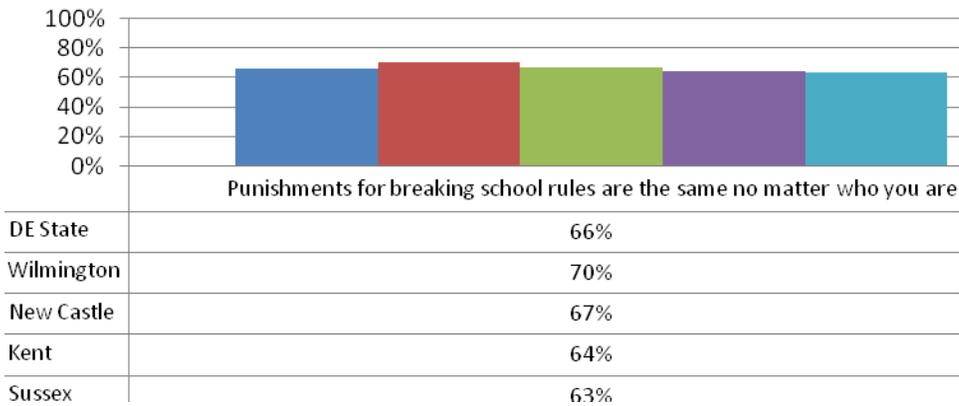
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

Reported Perception of School Rules by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

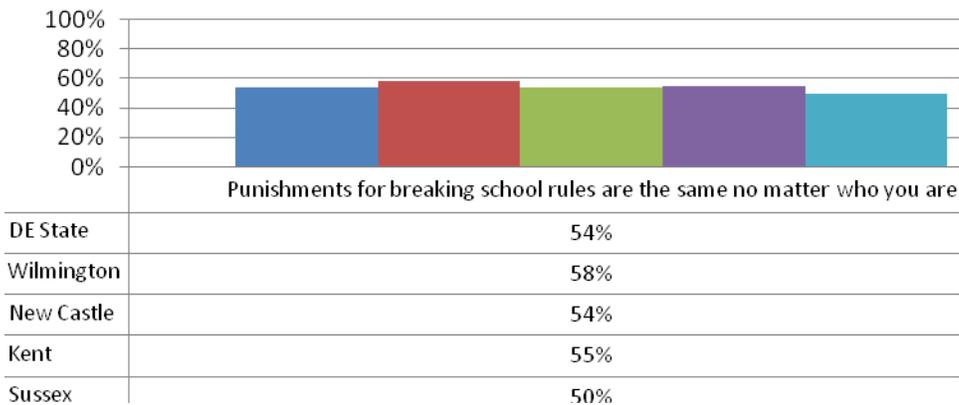
5th Graders Who Agree that the School Rules are Fair



8th Graders Who Agree that the School Rules are Fair



11th Graders Who Agree that the School Rules are Fair



Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

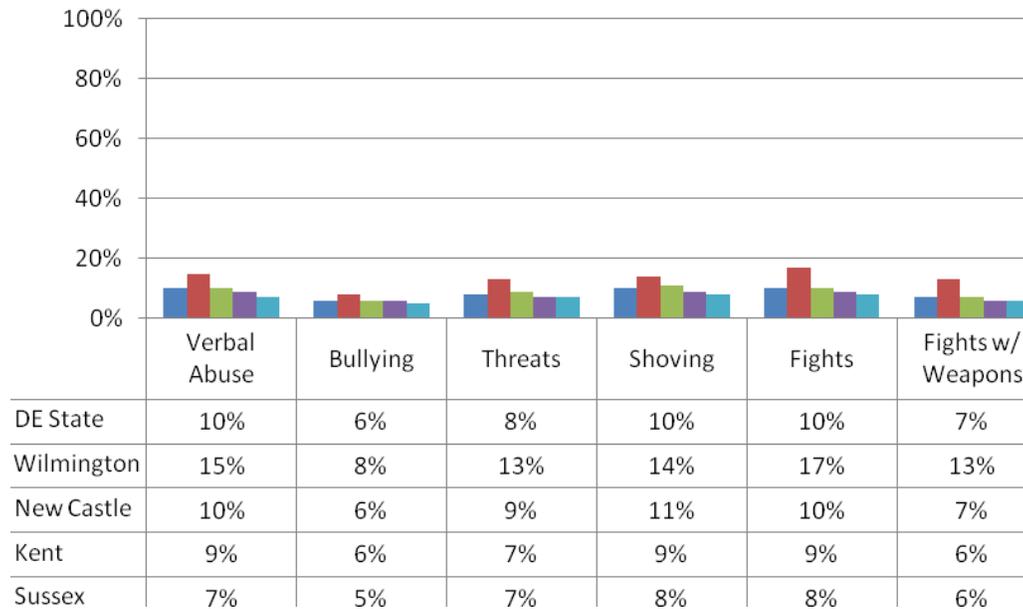
DELAWARE YOUTH SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE AREA

2.4 Neighborhood Level Data

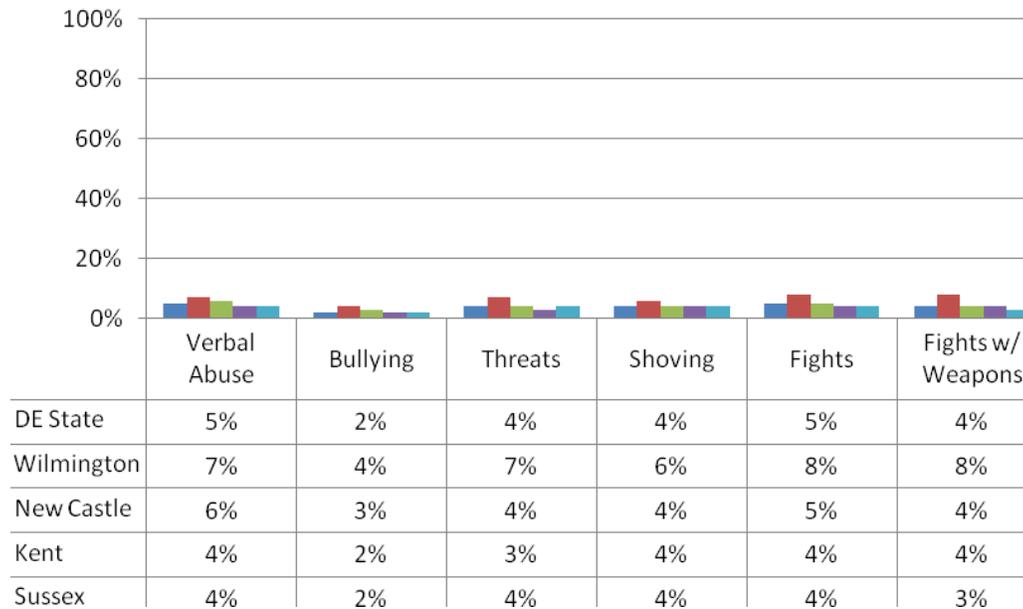
The following section includes data from the Delaware School Surveys that relate to youth self-reports of their attitudes and behaviors related to their neighborhood and to other kids in their neighborhood. Information on perceived verbal abuse and violence are provided. The following charts are by substate planning area. Again, please note that Zipcode and City identifying information are not available for 5th Grade data, so there are no separate tables or charts for Wilmington 5th graders. Wilmington-specific information is provided for 8th and 11th graders.

Reported Violence from Kids in Neighborhood by Delaware Public School Students, 2008

2008 8th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats From Kids in the Neighborhood



2008 11th Graders' Reports of Violence and Threats From Kids in the Neighborhood



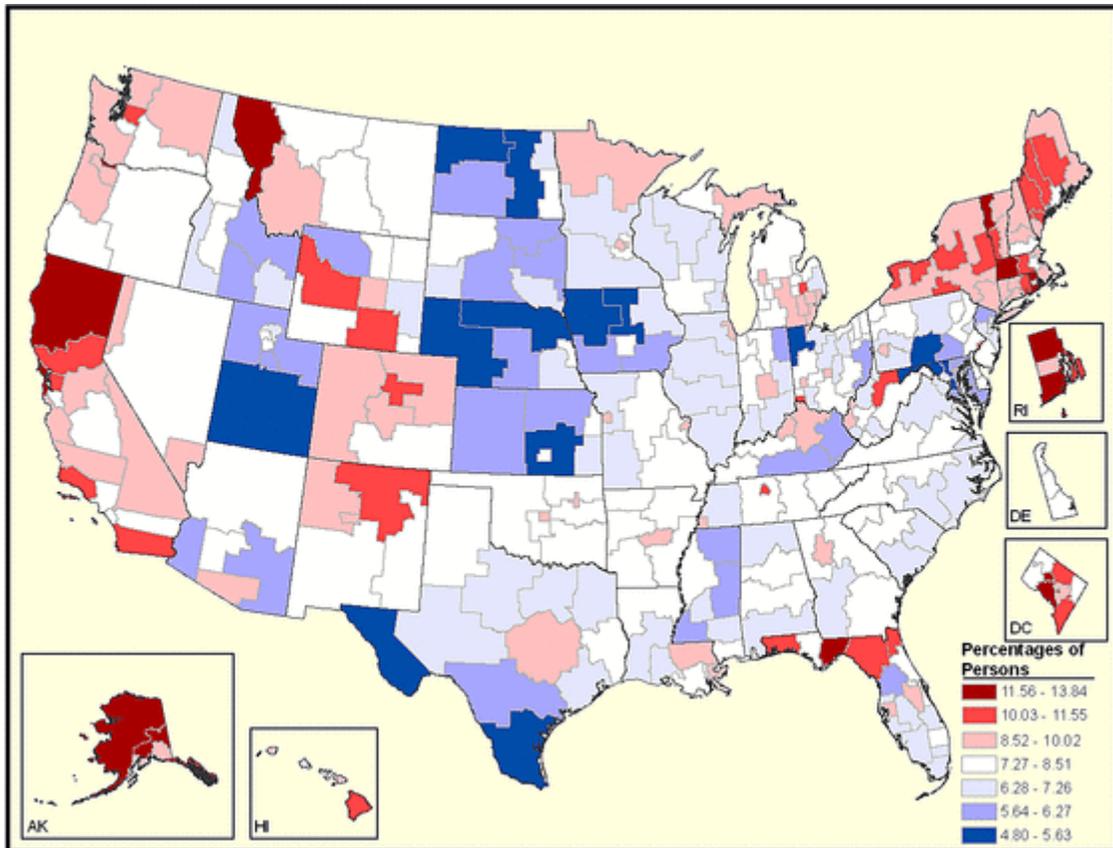
Source: 2008 Delaware School Survey, University of Delaware Center for Drug and Alcohol Studies

3. DELAWARE ADULT SURVEY DATA BY SUBSTATE PLANNING AREA

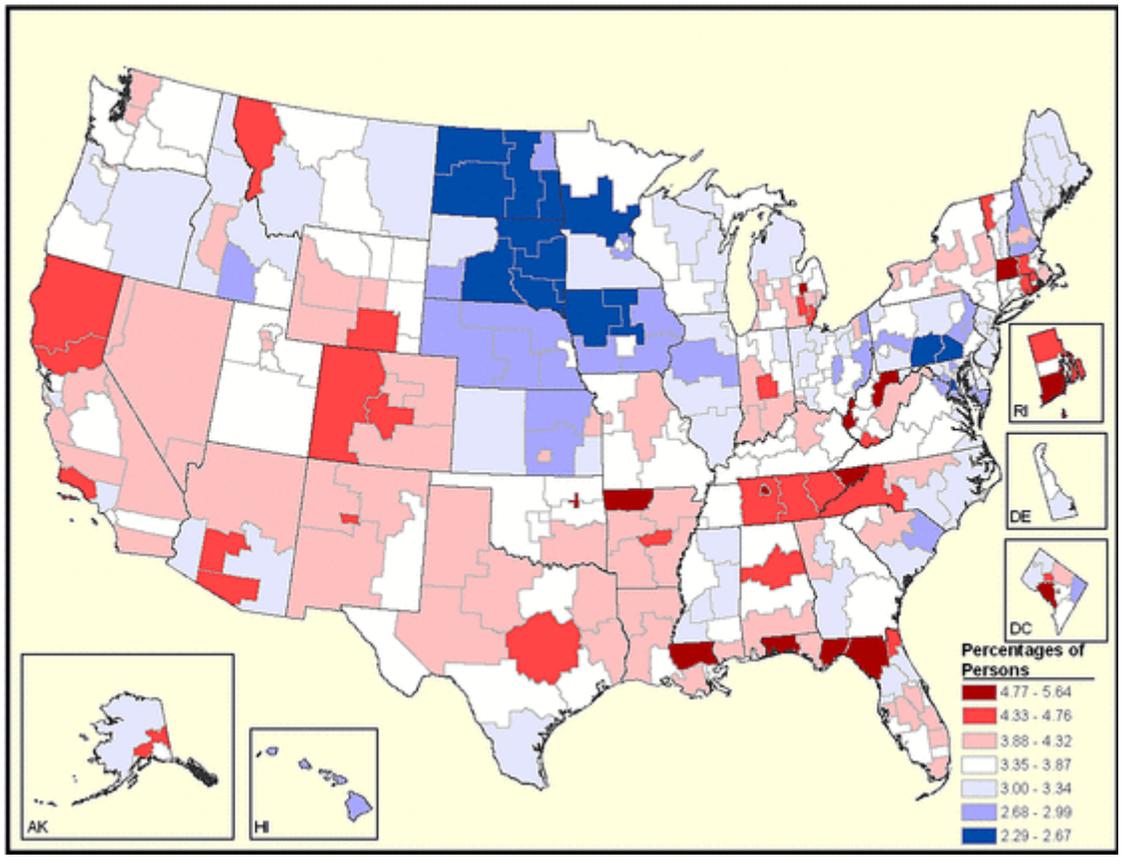
The following section includes tables and charts from the National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health and one page of tables from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System for Delaware. Each of these sources reports mostly on adults and provides limited data broken down by Substate Planning Area for Delaware. Additional information from these sources including all data available by substate planning area and all data available statewide are available online (see resources listed in Section 6 of this Profile below)

Prevalence Estimates for Sub-state Regions from the 2004-2006 National Survey of Drug Use and Health

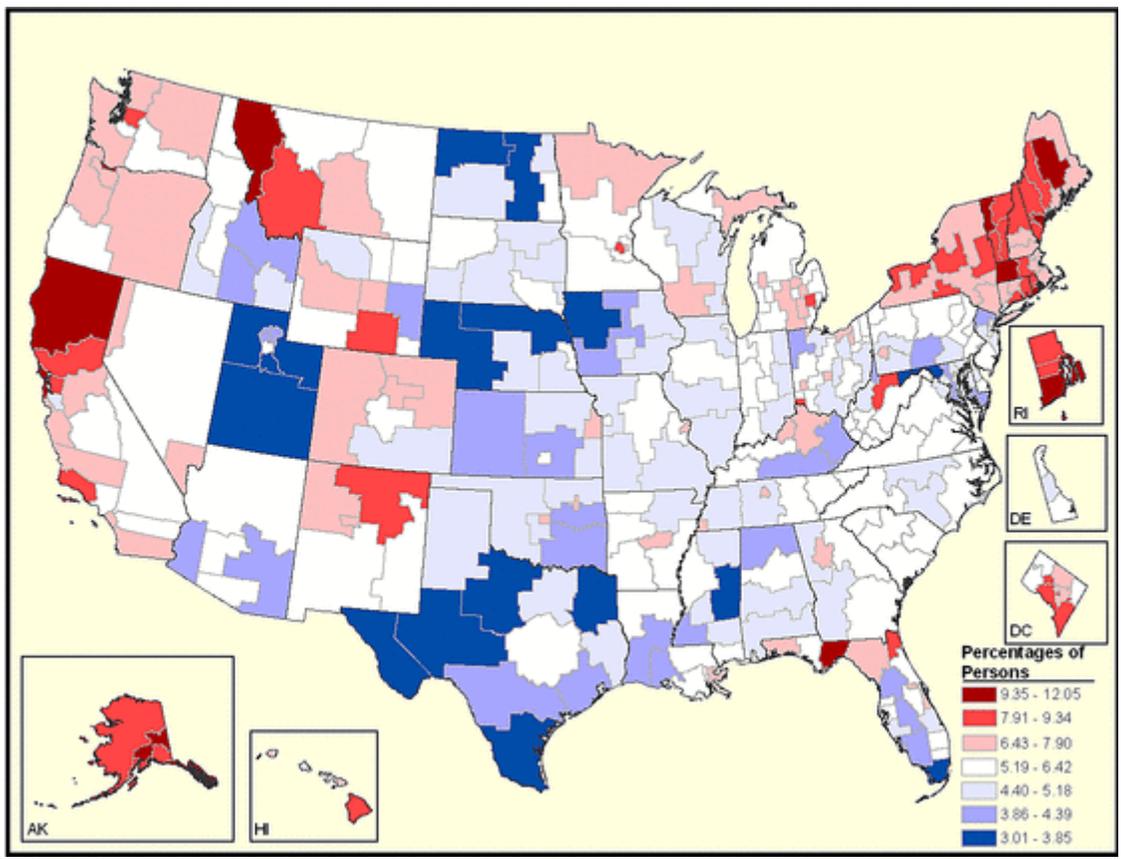
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Illicit Drug Use		
U.S.	8.14	7.94-8.35
Northeast U.S.	8.80	8.41-9.20
Delaware	8.05	7.04-9.19
Kent County	7.61	5.86-9.83
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	7.93	6.71-9.36
Sussex County	7.35	5.66-9.49
Wilmington	10.95	8.18-14.52



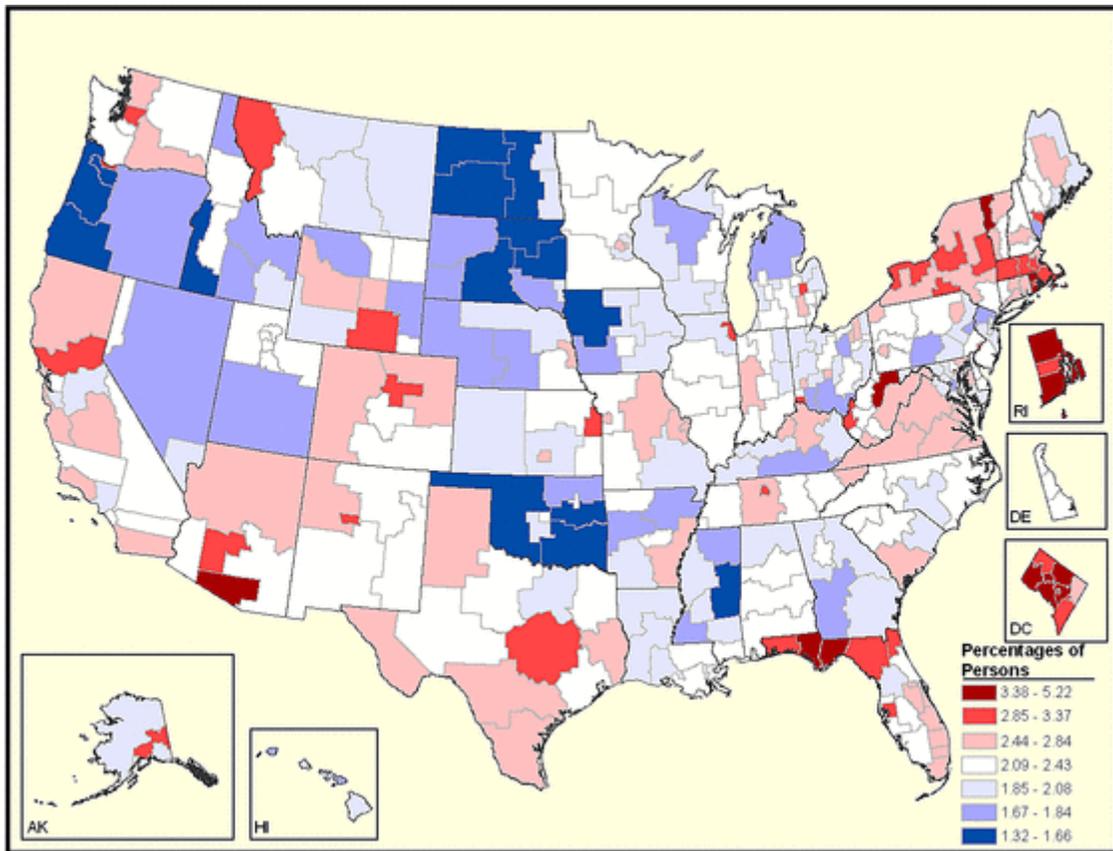
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Illicit Drug Use Other than Marijuana		
U.S.	3.68	3.55-3.81
Northeast U.S.	3.57	3.32-3.83
Delaware	3.66	3.02-4.43
Kent County	3.84	2.76-5.31
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	3.63	2.84-4.64
Sussex County	3.27	2.25-4.72
Wilmington	4.38	2.93-6.48



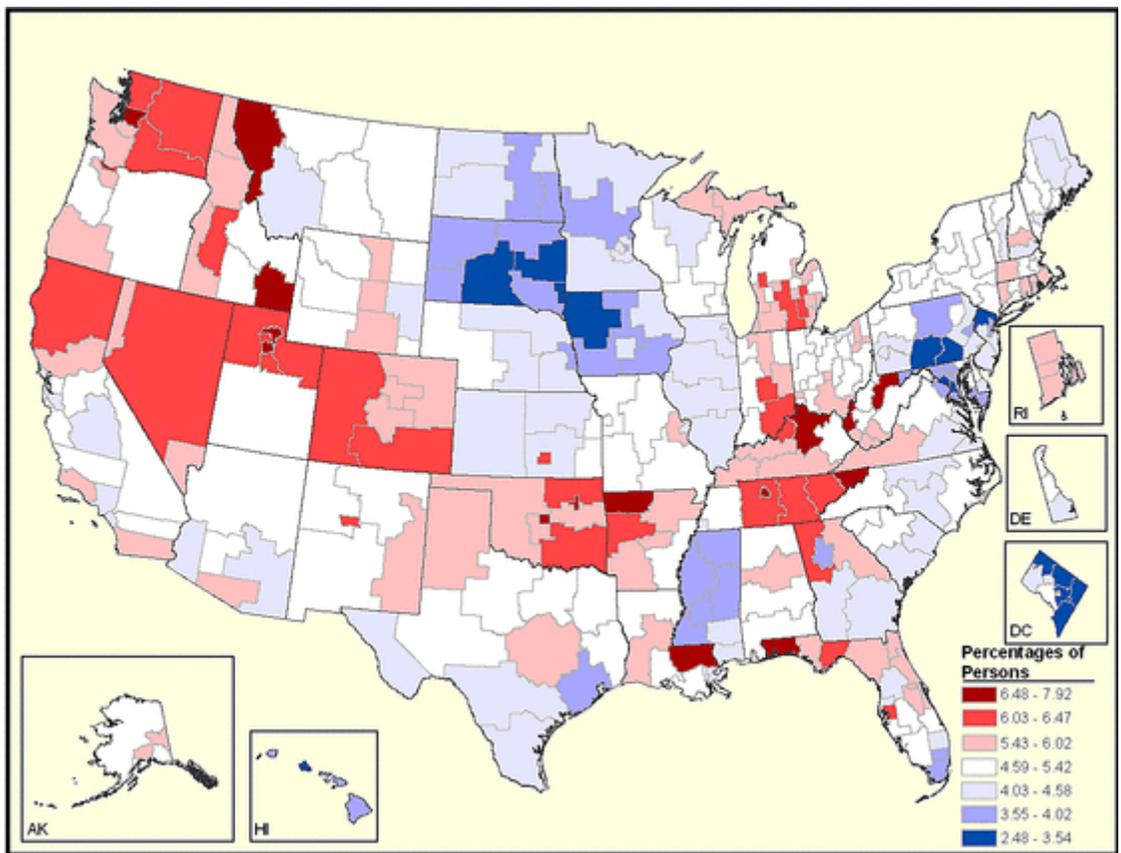
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Marijuana Drug Use		
U.S.	6.05	5.88-6.23
Northeast U.S.	6.85	6.51-7.21
Delaware	5.84	4.99-6.83
Kent County	4.92	3.64-6.64
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	6.01	4.95-7.27
Sussex County	5.30	3.99-7.00
Wilmington	7.68	5.51-10.62



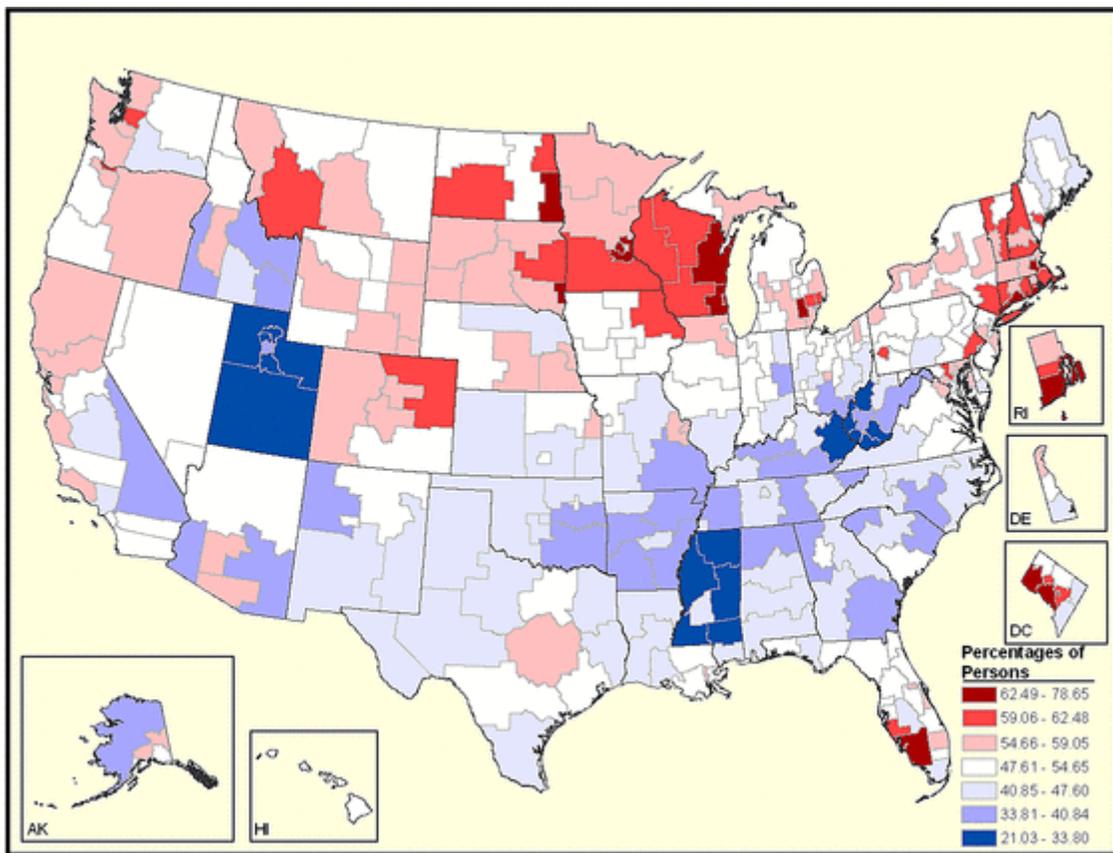
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Year Cocaine Use		
U.S.	2.38	2.26-2.49
Northeast U.S.	2.55	2.35-2.77
Delaware	2.42	1.90-3.08
Kent County	2.42	1.63-3.56
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	2.42	1.80-3.23
Sussex County	2.15	1.41-3.27
Wilmington	3.03	1.85-4.94



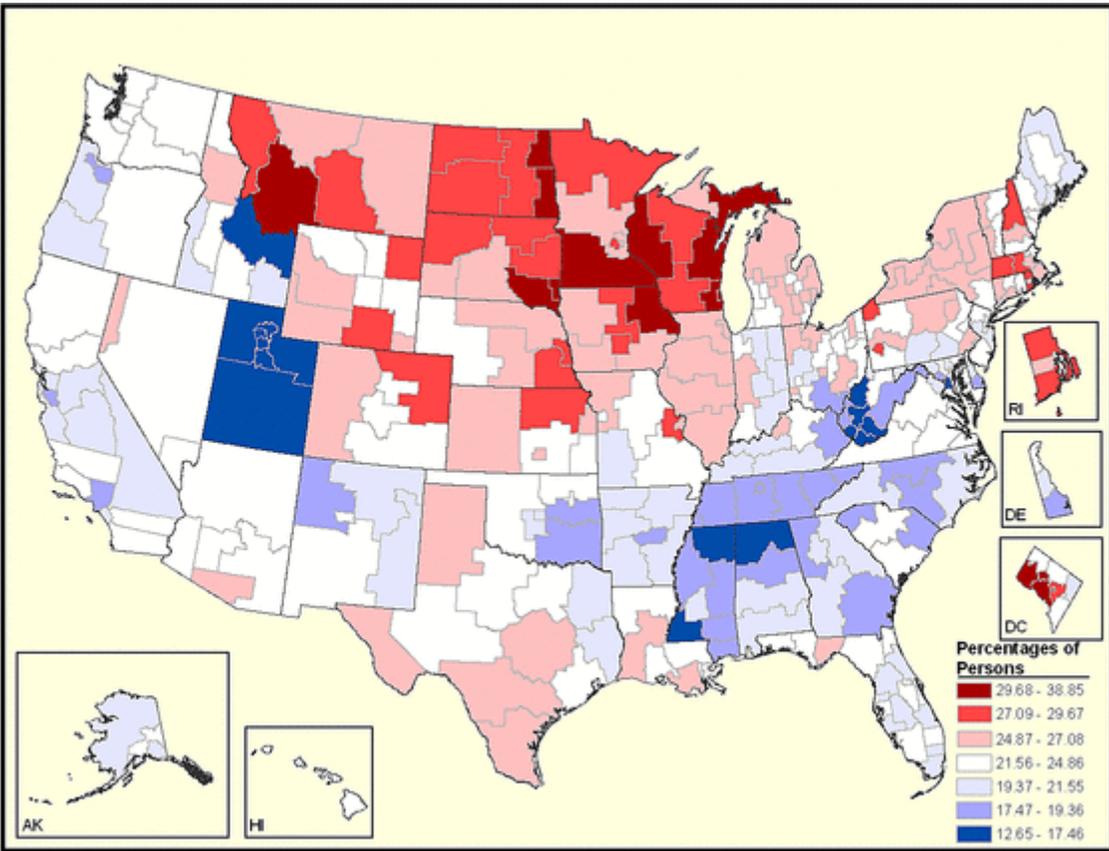
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers		
U.S.	4.89	4.75-5.03
Northeast U.S.	4.44	4.19-4.71
Delaware	5.04	4.28-5.92
Kent County	5.16	3.94-6.72
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	5.28	4.30-6.48
Sussex County	4.41	3.22-6.00
Wilmington	4.92	3.50-6.88



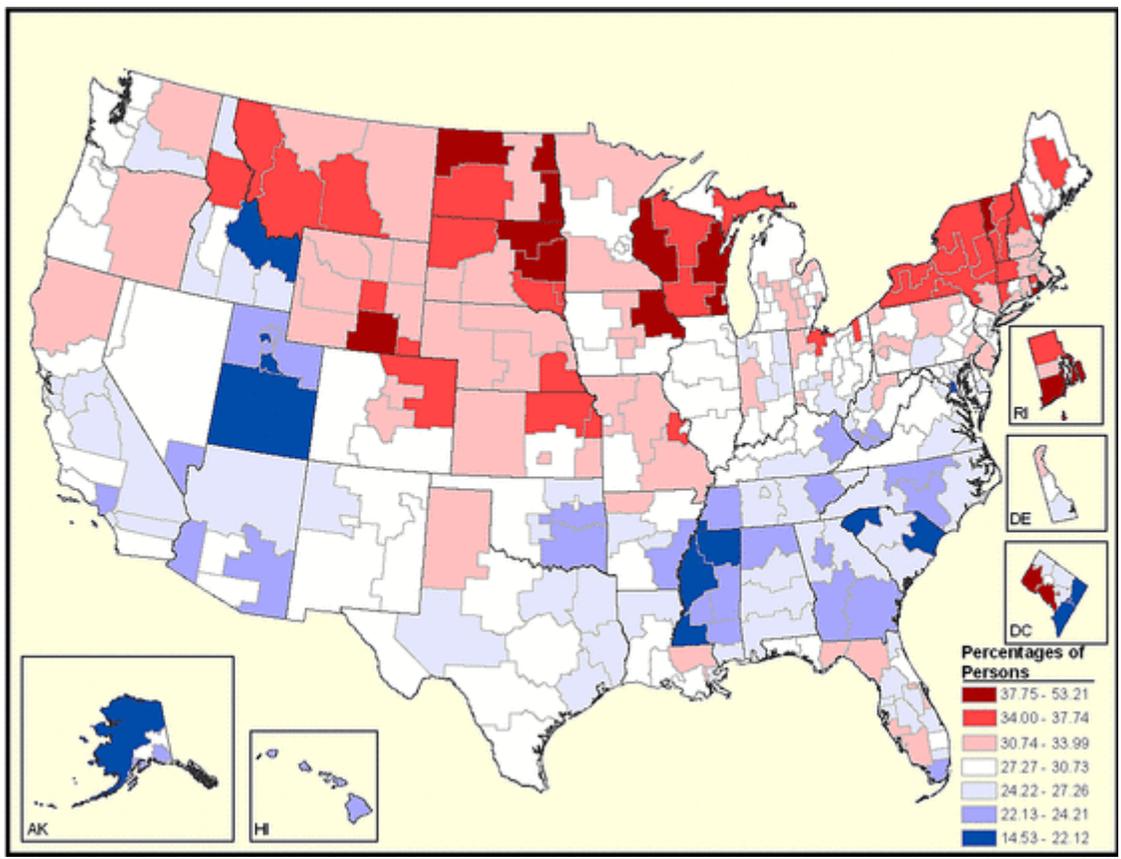
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Alcohol Use		
U.S.	51.01	50.44-51.58
Northeast U.S.	55.51	54.56-56.46
Delaware	50.84	48.13-53.54
Kent County	48.52	43.05-54.02
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	55.48	51.91-59.01
Sussex County	43.11	37.79-48.60
Wilmington	46.25	39.65-52.99



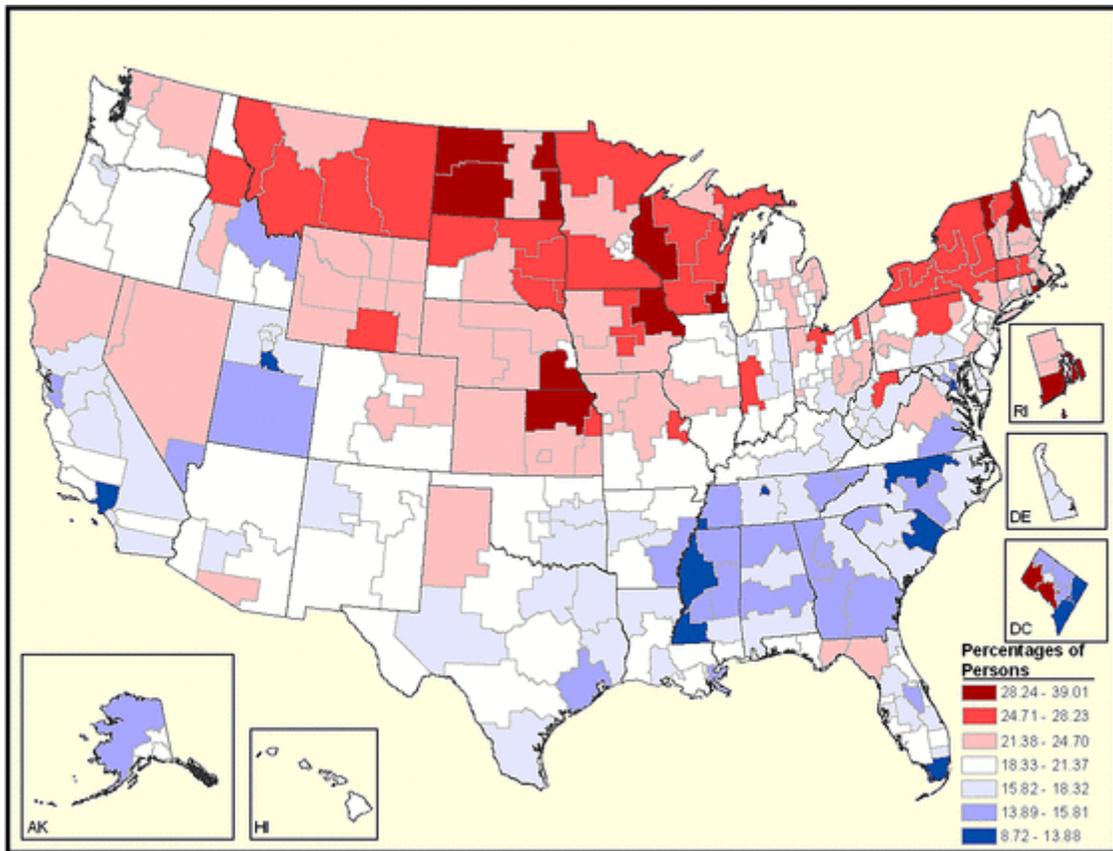
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use		
U.S.	22.84	22.52-23.16
Northeast U.S.	23.89	23.24-24.57
Delaware	21.16	19.29-23.17
Kent County	20.29	16.99-24.04
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	22.45	20.09-24.99
Sussex County	19.14	15.96-22.78
Wilmington	20.00	16.09-24.59



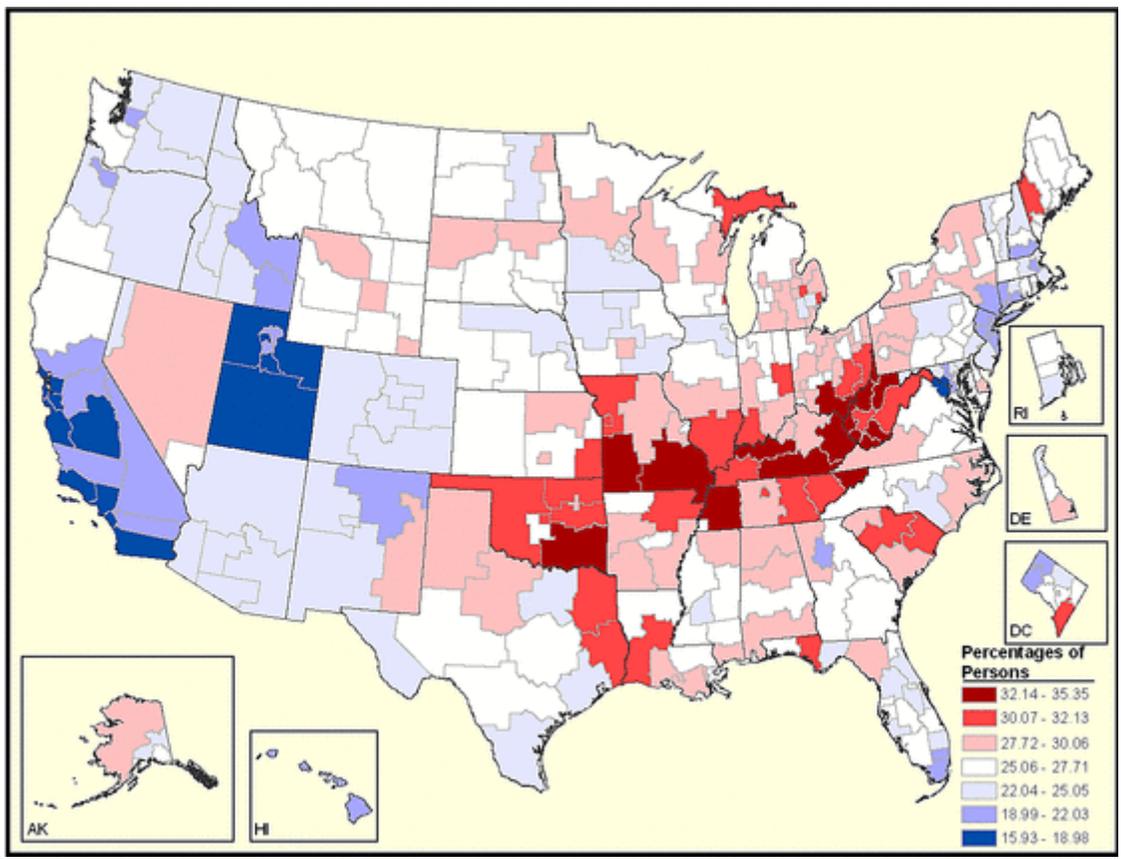
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Alcohol Use, Persons Aged 12-20		
U.S.	28.27	27.86-28.68
Northeast U.S.	31.33	30.57-32.10
Delaware	29.61	27.20-32.14
Kent County	30.10	26.24-34.27
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	31.35	28.20-34.69
Sussex County	25.87	21.96-30.22
Wilmington	26.29	21.53-31.68



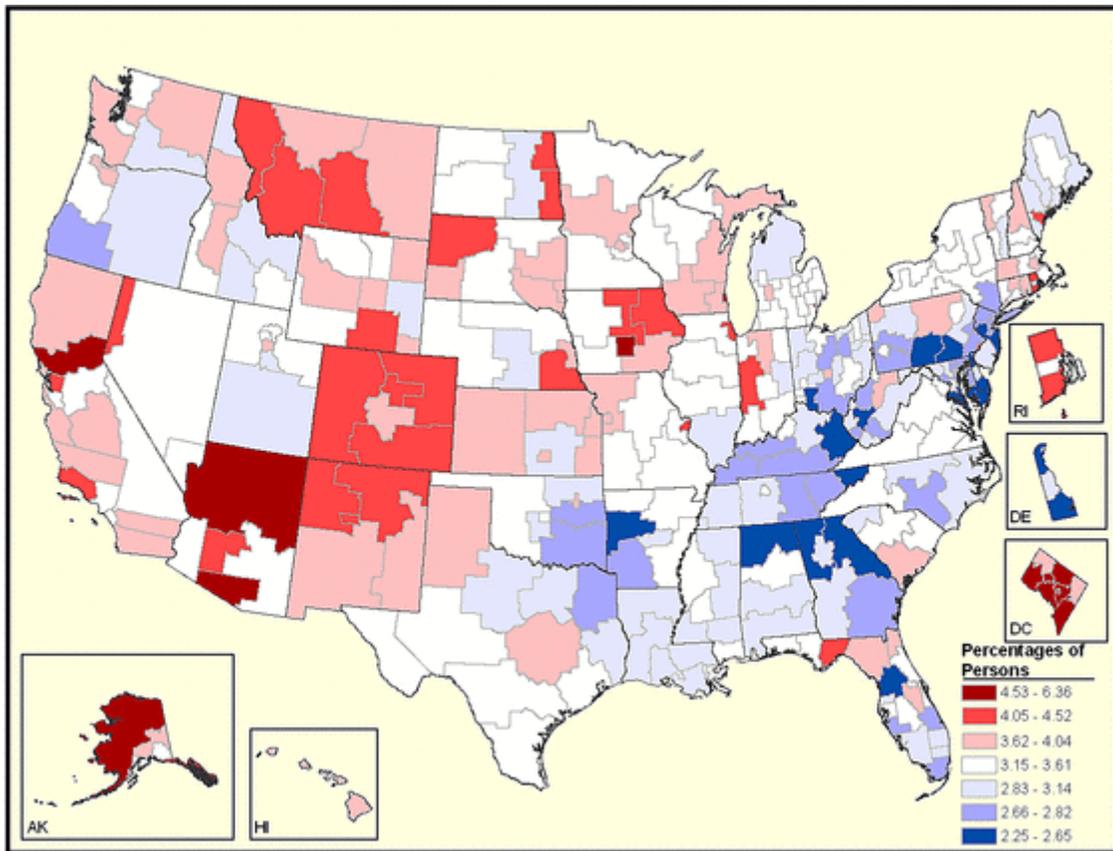
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use, Persons Aged 12-20		
U.S.	18.95	18.60-19.30
Northeast U.S.	21.16	20.48-21.85
Delaware	18.94	16.90-21.16
Kent County	17.89	14.64-21.68
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	20.71	18.02-23.69
Sussex County	18.07	14.78-21.90
Wilmington	13.05	9.87-17.06



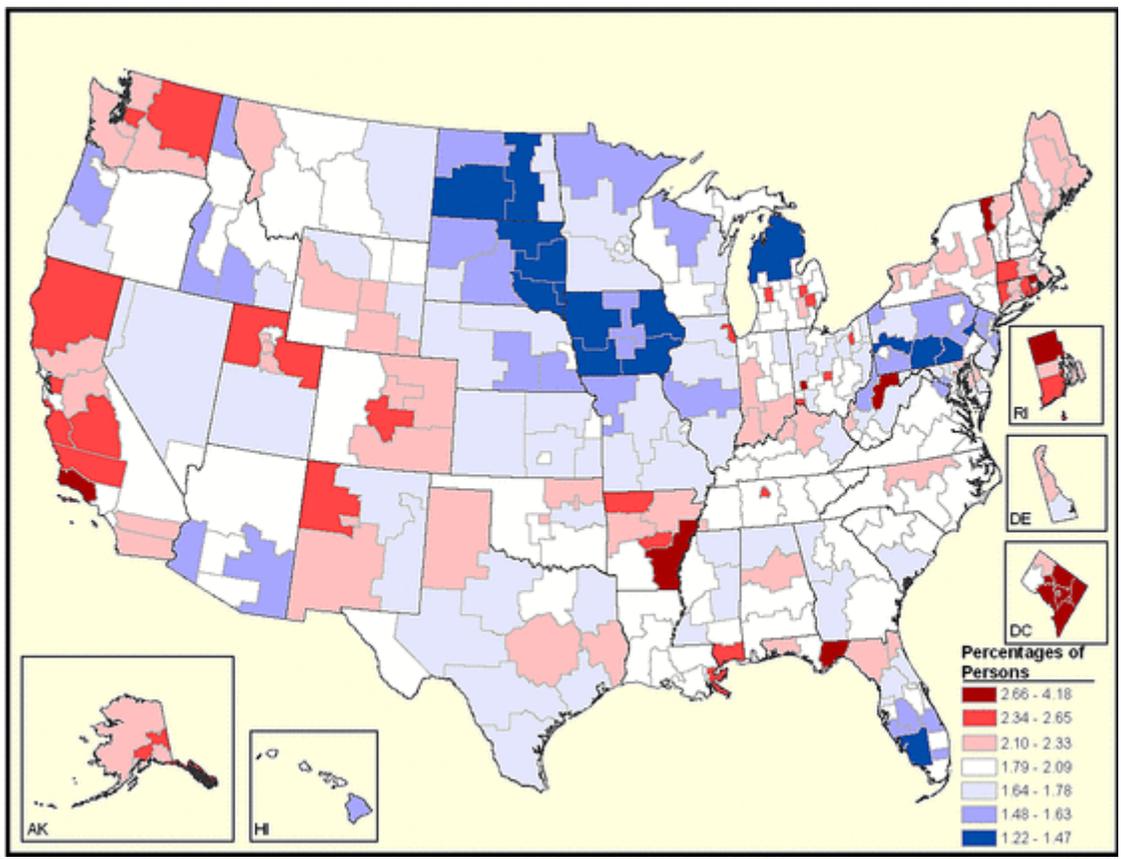
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Cigarette Use		
U.S.	25.00	24.53-25.48
Northeast U.S.	24.22	23.47-24.99
Delaware	24.95	22.91-27.11
Kent County	26.66	23.21-30.42
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	22.47	20.04-25.11
Sussex County	29.05	25.28-33.13
Wilmington	26.67	22.59-31.18



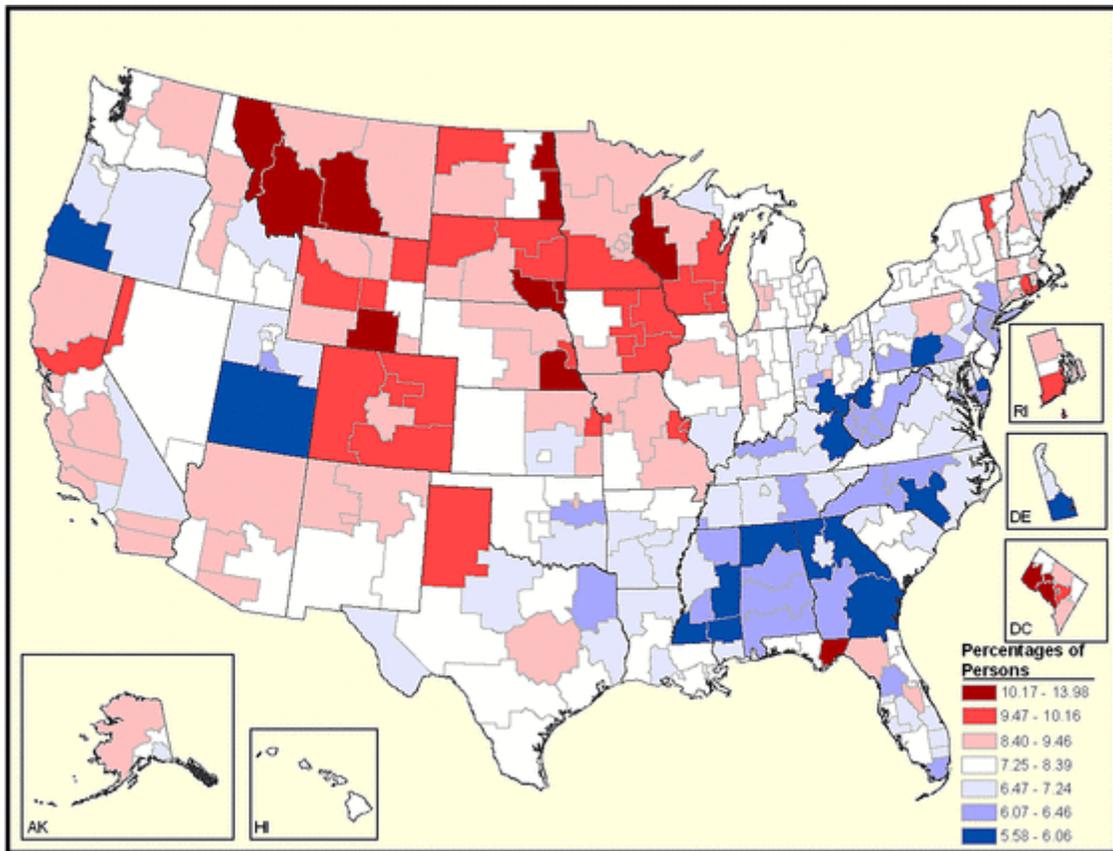
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Year Alcohol Dependence		
U.S.	3.40	3.26-3.54
Northeast U.S.	3.19	2.94-3.46
Delaware	2.56	2.02-3.25
Kent County	2.89	2.03-4.09
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	2.45	1.81-3.29
Sussex County	2.25	1.51-3.32
Wilmington	3.39	2.24-5.12



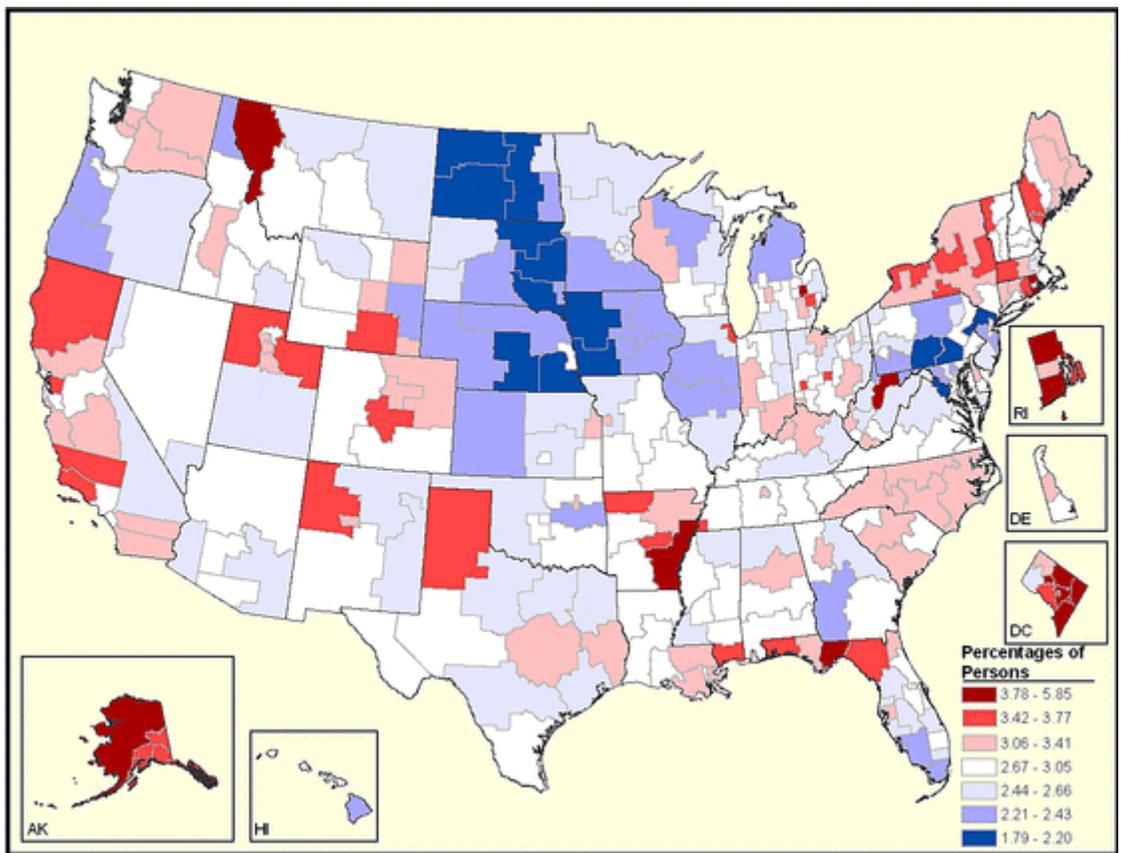
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Illicit Drug Dependence		
U.S.	1.98	1.88-2.09
Northeast U.S.	2.01	1.85-2.18
Delaware	2.08	1.68-2.57
Kent County	2.27	1.58-3.25
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	2.11	1.61-2.76
Sussex County	1.72	1.17-2.51
Wilmington	2.42	1.57-3.72



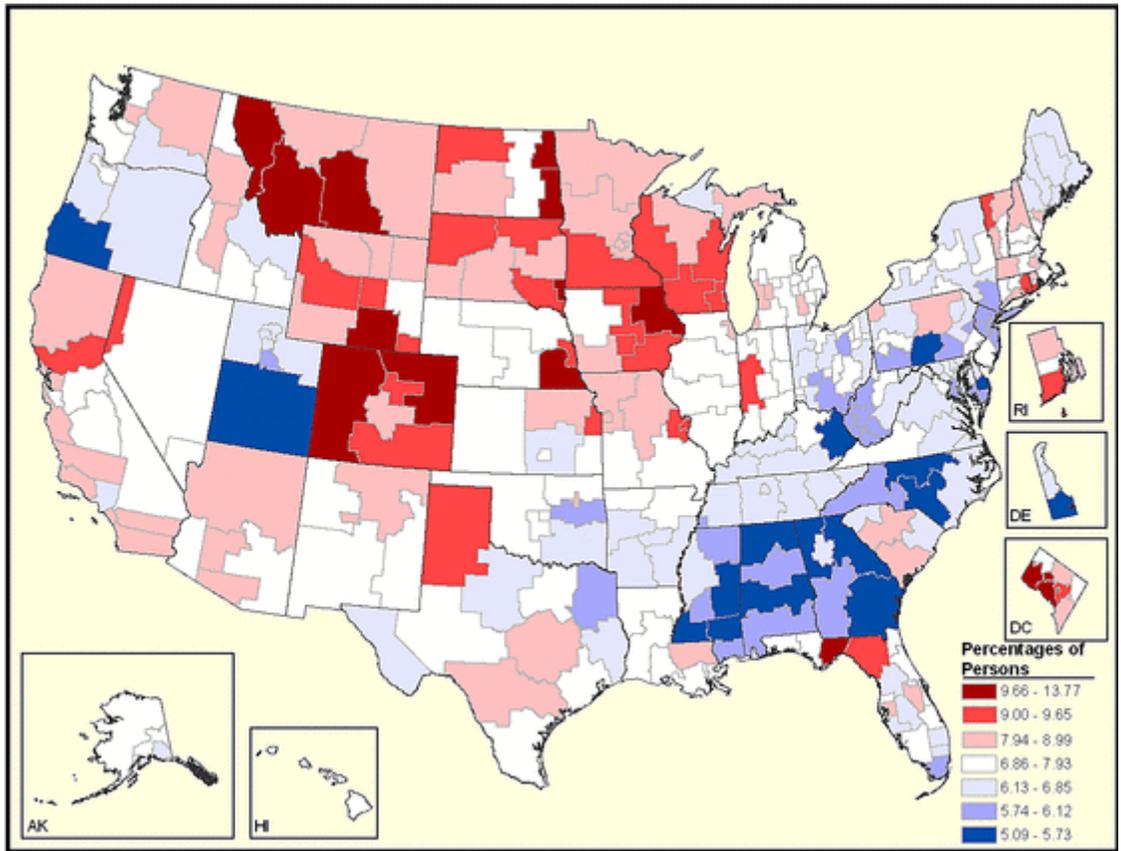
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Year Alcohol Dependence or Abuse		
U.S.	7.69	7.51-7.87
Northeast U.S.	7.17	6.81-7.54
Delaware	6.46	5.51-7.55
Kent County	6.74	5.31-8.53
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	6.68	5.52-8.06
Sussex County	5.64	4.22-7.50
Wilmington	6.61	4.85-8.94



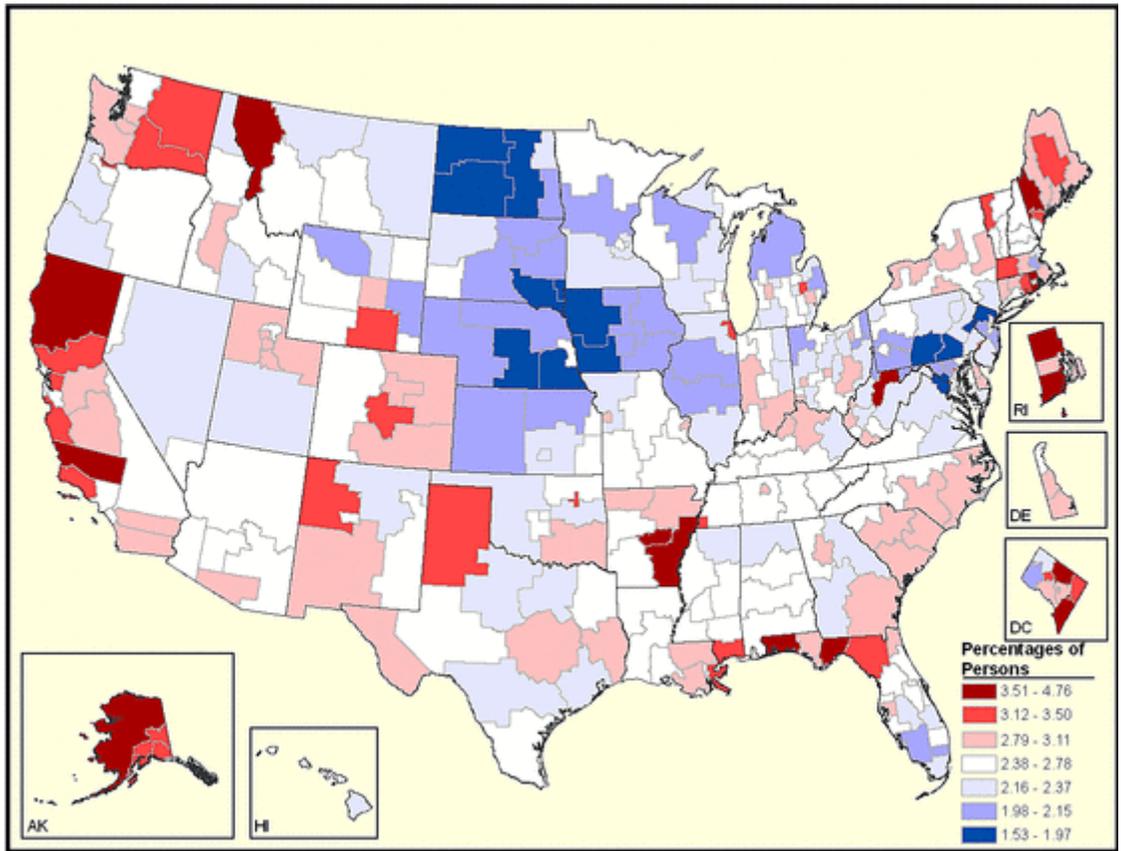
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Past Month Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse		
U.S.	2.91	2.80-3.02
Northeast U.S.	2.89	2.70-3.10
Delaware	3.00	2.49-3.60
Kent County	3.20	2.32-4.39
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	2.87	2.22-3.71
Sussex County	2.80	1.96-3.97
Wilmington	3.81	2.59-5.57



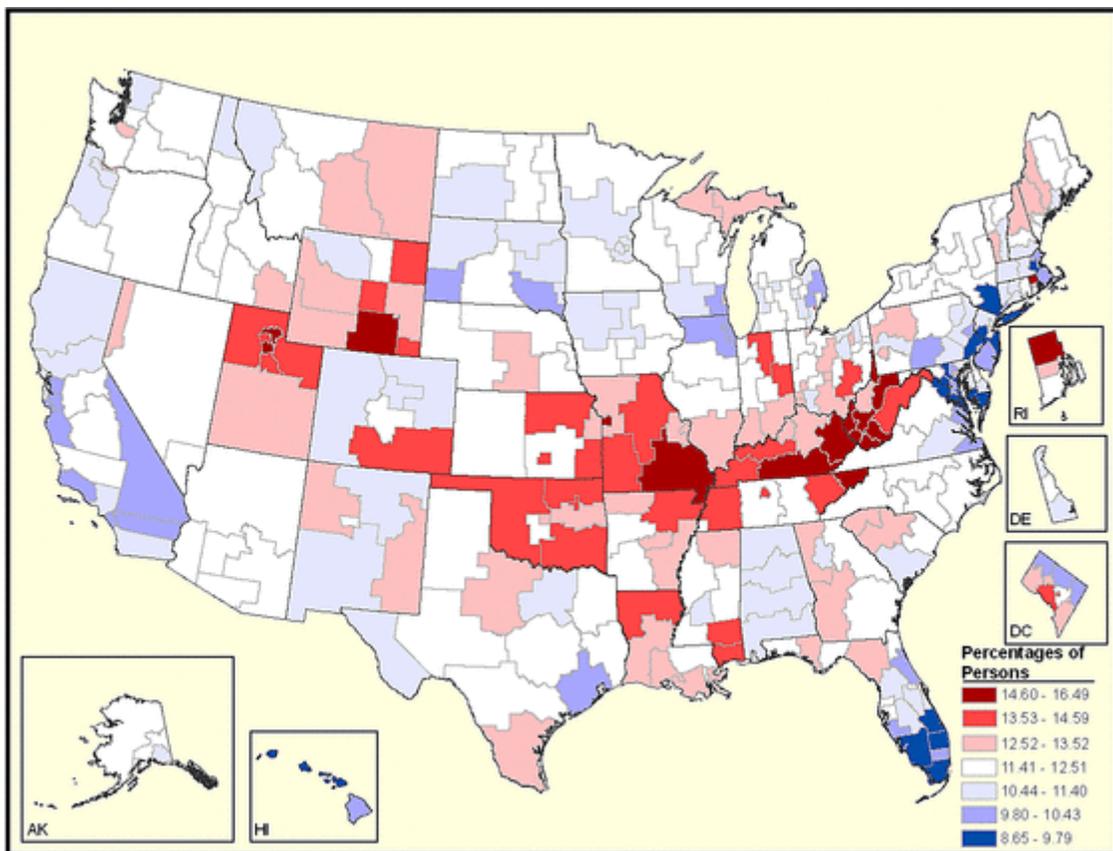
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol in Past Year		
U.S.	7.33	7.14-7.53
Northeast U.S.	6.81	6.45-7.18
Delaware	6.02	5.10-7.10
Kent County	6.15	4.80-7.84
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	6.40	5.26-7.77
Sussex County	5.09	3.80-6.78
Wilmington	5.85	4.27-7.97



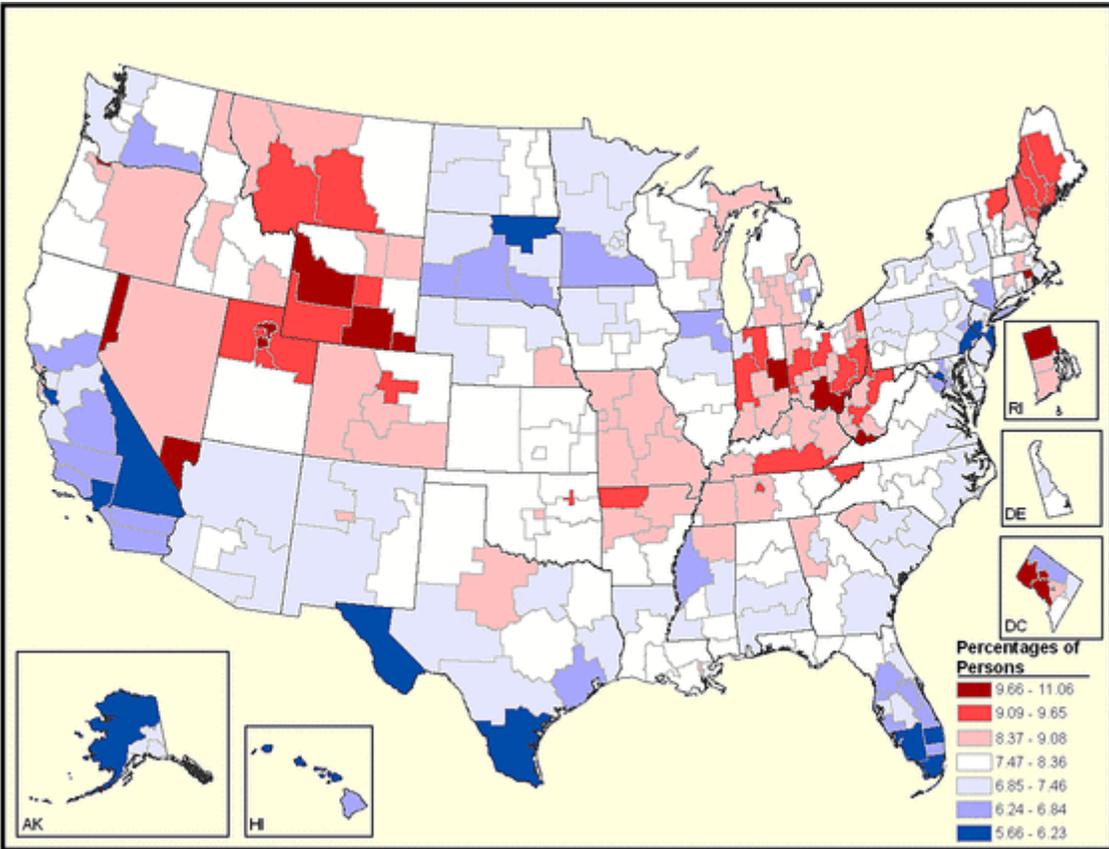
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year		
U.S.	2.61	2.51-2.72
Northeast U.S.	2.51	2.35-2.68
Delaware	2.77	2.28-3.35
Kent County	3.06	2.14-4.35
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	2.56	1.98-3.31
Sussex County	2.82	1.94-4.07
Wilmington	3.30	2.25-4.82



	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year		
U.S.	11.54	11.24-11.84
Northeast U.S.	11.13	10.63-11.65
Delaware	10.97	9.64-12.46
Kent County	11.57	9.39-14.17
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	10.58	8.96-12.46
Sussex County	10.71	8.62-13.23
Wilmington	12.80	10.17-15.98



	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year		
U.S.	7.55	7.26-7.85
Northeast U.S.	7.40	6.90-7.93
Delaware	7.60	6.34-9.09
Kent County	7.21	5.47-9.44
New Castle County (Excluding Wilmington)	7.55	5.98-9.49
Sussex County	7.59	5.67-10.09
Wilmington	8.54	6.22-11.63



Statewide and Substate Estimates of Smoking, Binge Drinking, and HIV Risk for Delaware Adults

Adult Smoking Prevalence					
	Statewide	Wilmington	Suburban NC	Kent	Sussex
Smoke Every Day	17.0%	18.1%	15.5%	18.1%	19.3%
Smoke Some Days	5.3%	8.6%	5.0%	5.4%	4.7%
Former Smoker	26.5%	21.0%	26.6%	25.1%	29.4%

Acute or "Binge" Drinking [5+ Drinks at One Occasion]				
Statewide	Wilmington	Suburban N.C.	Kent	Sussex
17.2%	18.7%	18.5%	14.7%	15.4%

Respondents < Age 65 Who Have Ever Had an AIDS Test				
Statewide	Wilmington	Suburban N.C.	Kent	Sussex
45.5%	55.9%	42.9%	50.6%	44.7%

Source: Delaware Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2005-2006.

4. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (DOE) AND DEPARTMENT OF SERVICES FOR CHILDREN, YOUTH AND THEIR FAMILIES (DSCYF) DATA BY SUB STATE PLANNING AREA

The following section includes a page of School District-specific information from DOE and pages of service delivery information from DSCYF that is geographically specific by sub state planning area or in more detail. This information and other information from the sources indicated in Section 6 below may be useful in making the case that services provided may not be commensurate with need in areas of the state.

District	% Low Income		Grad Rate	# of Schools Under Improvement	Schools Under Improvement
Appoquinimink	App. HS	10.7	84.6	1	Middletown HS
	Meredith MS	8.5			
	Middletown HS	9.3			
	Redding MS	16.7			
Brandywine	Brandywine HS	23.3	82.5	5	Talley MS, Brandywine HS, Mount Pleasant HS, Concord HS, Hanby MS
	Concord HS	19.9			
	Hanby MS	33.0			
	Mt Pleasant HS	36.7			
	Springer MS	29.7			
	Talley MS	45.9			
Caesar Rodney	Caesar Rodney HS	24.2	76.9	0	
	Fifer MS	37.3			
	Postlethwait MS	24.1			
Cape Henlopen	Beacon MS	27.6	81.8	0	
	Cape Henlopen HS	29.7			
	Mariner MS	41.2			
Capital	Central MS	48.2	75.3	2	Central MS, Dover HS
	Dover HS	39.1			
Christina	Christiana HS	41.0	65.9	6	Gauger-Cobbs MS, George V. Kirk MS, Shue-Medill MS, Christiana HS, Glasgow HS, Newark HS
	Douglass School	76.7			
	Gauger-Cobbs MS	47.1			
	Glasgow HS	44.9			
	Kirk MS	53.7			
	Newark HS	33.6			
	Shue-Medill MS	45.6			
Colonial	Bedford MS	24.4	64.8	2	William Penn HS, Read MS
	Mccullough MS	65.4			
	William Penn HS	37.4			
	Read MS	44.1			
Indian River	Indian River HS	27.9	78.0	0	
	Selbyville MS	40.4			
	S Del Sch Of Arts	15.2			
	Sussex Central HS	34.6			
	Sussex Central MS	47.5			

Lake Forest	Lake Forest HS	33.6	77.6	2	Chipman MS, Lake Forest HS
	Chipman MS	40.4			
Laurel	Laurel HS	48.9	73.5	0	
	Laurel MS	43.8			
Milford	Milford HS	31.7	78.7	1	Milford HS
	Milford MS	41.2			
N.C.Co. Vo-Tech	Delcastle Tech HS	28.9	91.6	2	Delcastle HS, Delcastle Tech HS
	Hodgson Vo-Tech HS	13.8			
	Howard HS of Tech	38.7			
	St. Georges HS of Tech	22.8			
Polytech	Polytech HS	20.8	90.0	0	
Red Clay	A I Dupont HS	26.8	75.6	5	AI Dupont MS, Conrad NS, AI Dupont HS, John Dickinson HS, Thomas McKean HS
	A I Dupont MS	71.6			
	Cab Calloway Art School	12.4			
	Conrad Schools Of Science	56.1			
	Dickinson HS	39.2			
	H B Dupont MS	23.6			
	Mckean HS	46.2			
	Skyline MS	29.6			
	Stanton MS	60.5			
Seaford	Seaford HS	45.2	70.0	1	Seaford HS
	Seaford MS	59.5			
Smyrna	Smyrna HS	23.2	78.9	2	Smyrna MS, Smyrna HS
	Smyrna MS	27.0			
Sussex Tech	Sussex Technical	21.2	90.8	0	
Woodbridge	Wheatley MS	55.3	73.9	1	Woodbridge HS
	Woodbridge HS	46.3			

Source: Delaware Department of Education Website <http://profiles.doe.k12.de.us/>

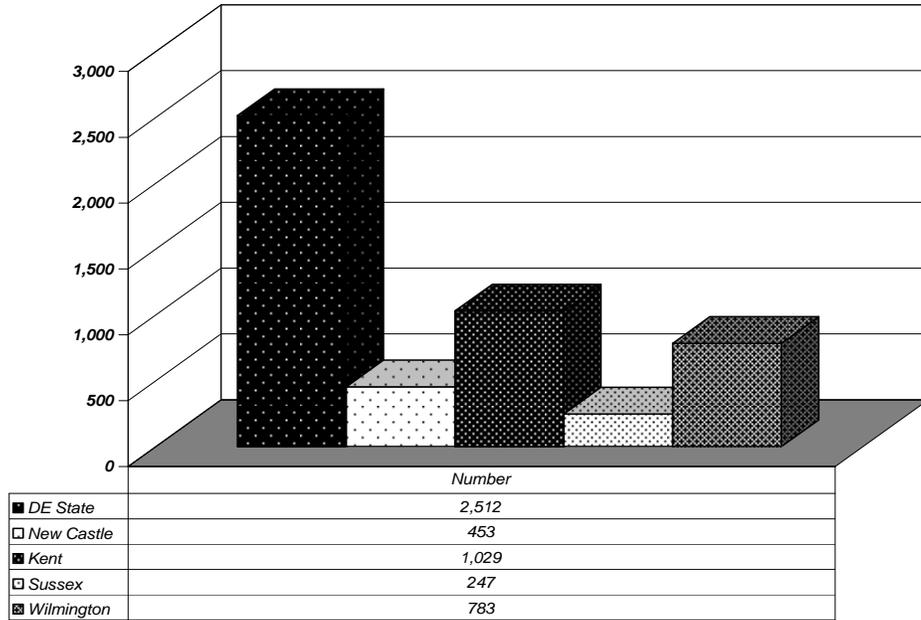
Fiscal Year	# Reports Received	# Reports Investigated	# Reports Substantiated	Abuse (not sexual)	Neglect	Sex Abuse	Dependency
2008	8,512	6,122	1,520	385	754	164	217
2007	7,273	5,566	1,390	359	660	122	249
2006	7,548	5,829	1,319	385	614	137	183
2005	8,035	5,797	1,325	408	588	168	161
2004	7,069	5,236	1,004	314	448	150	92
2003	7,542	5,601	1,013	315	462	119	115
2002	7,606	5,706	1,073	334	494	129	94
2001	8,131	5,953	1,014	350	519	145	105
2000	8,240	5,891	1,263	361	524	157	100
1999	8,926	6,340	1,463	444	592	186	123
1998	8,596	6,384	2,019	734	764	153	135
1997	8,379	6,862	2,031	64	681	152	189
1996	6,573	5,117	1,752	452	624	172	177
1995	**	5,584	1,812	419	615	191	217
1994	**	4,886	1,859	438	598	165	209
1993	**	4,541	1,786	384	522	207	189
1992	**	4,430	2,183	569	872	332	232
1991	**	4,074	1,935	469	845	205	275
1990	**	3,746	1,673	353	***	173	980
1989	**	3,745	1,765	400	***	164	961
*1988	**	4,000	1,800	342	756	162	****540

1987	**	4,097	1,243	228	324	114	508
1986	4,415	3,811	1,978	*197	*365	*172	*170
1985	4,348	**	1,936	535	741	322	284

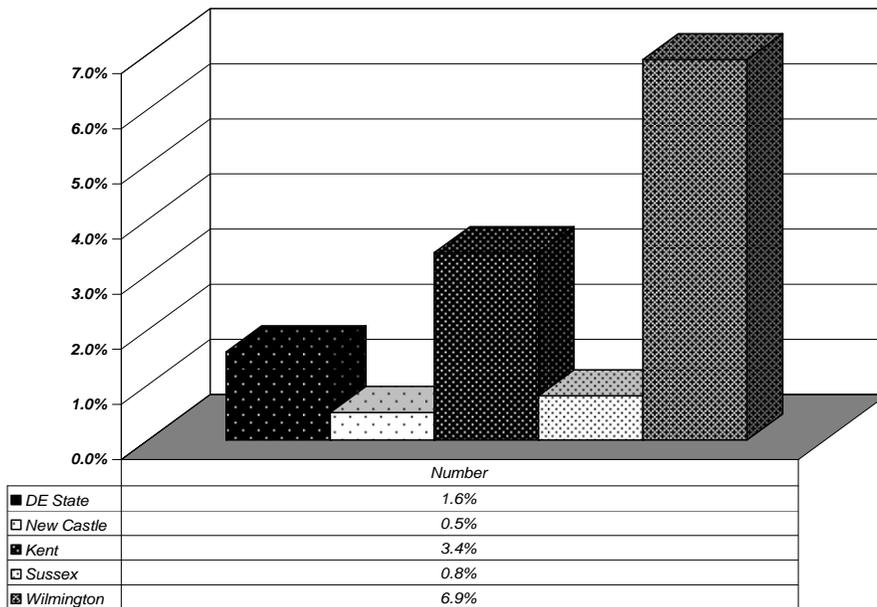
KEY: * - approximate values ** - not reported * - Neglect and Dependency totals combined **** - Adolescent and Dependency totals combined**

- Numbers are duplicative - a family may have had more than one report that was investigated.**
 - The Division conducts Civil investigations. The standard of proof is a preponderance of the evidence.**
-
-

FY 2006 NUMBER OF YOUTH SERVED BY THE OFFICE OF PREVENTION AND EARLY INTERVENTION (OPEI)

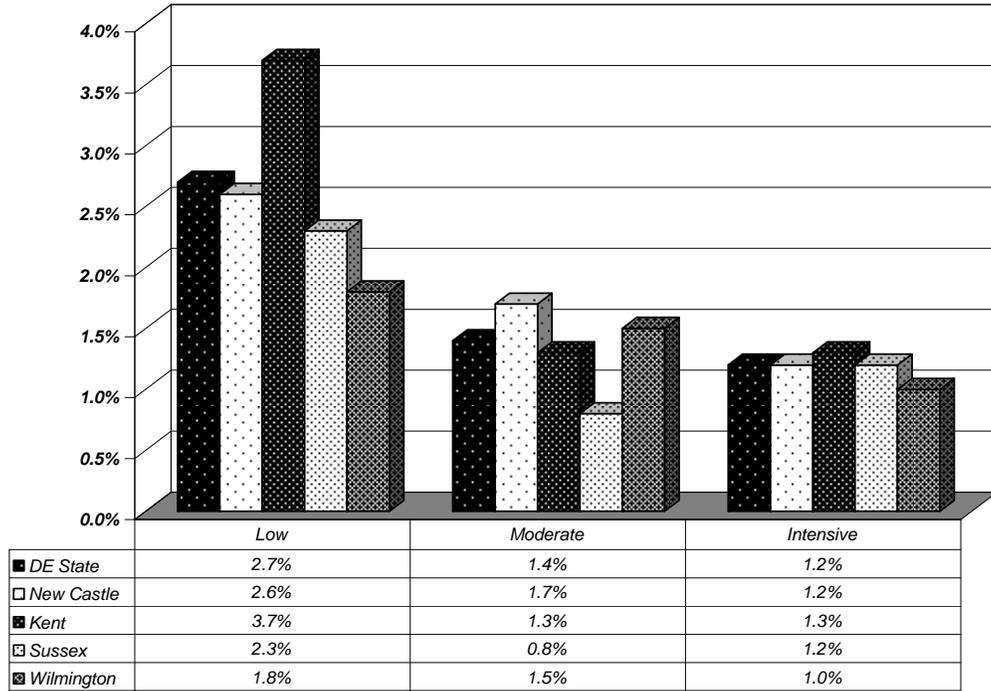


**FY 2006 YOUTH SERVED BY THE OFFICE OF PREVENTION AND EARLY INTERVENTION
(Percentages of youth ages 0-17 in area)**



Source: Office of Prevention and Early Intervention, DSCYF, FY2006 data

FY 2006 YOUTH REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CLIENT CASE SUPERVISION BY DELAWARE PLANNING AREA (Percentages of youth ages 10-17 in area)



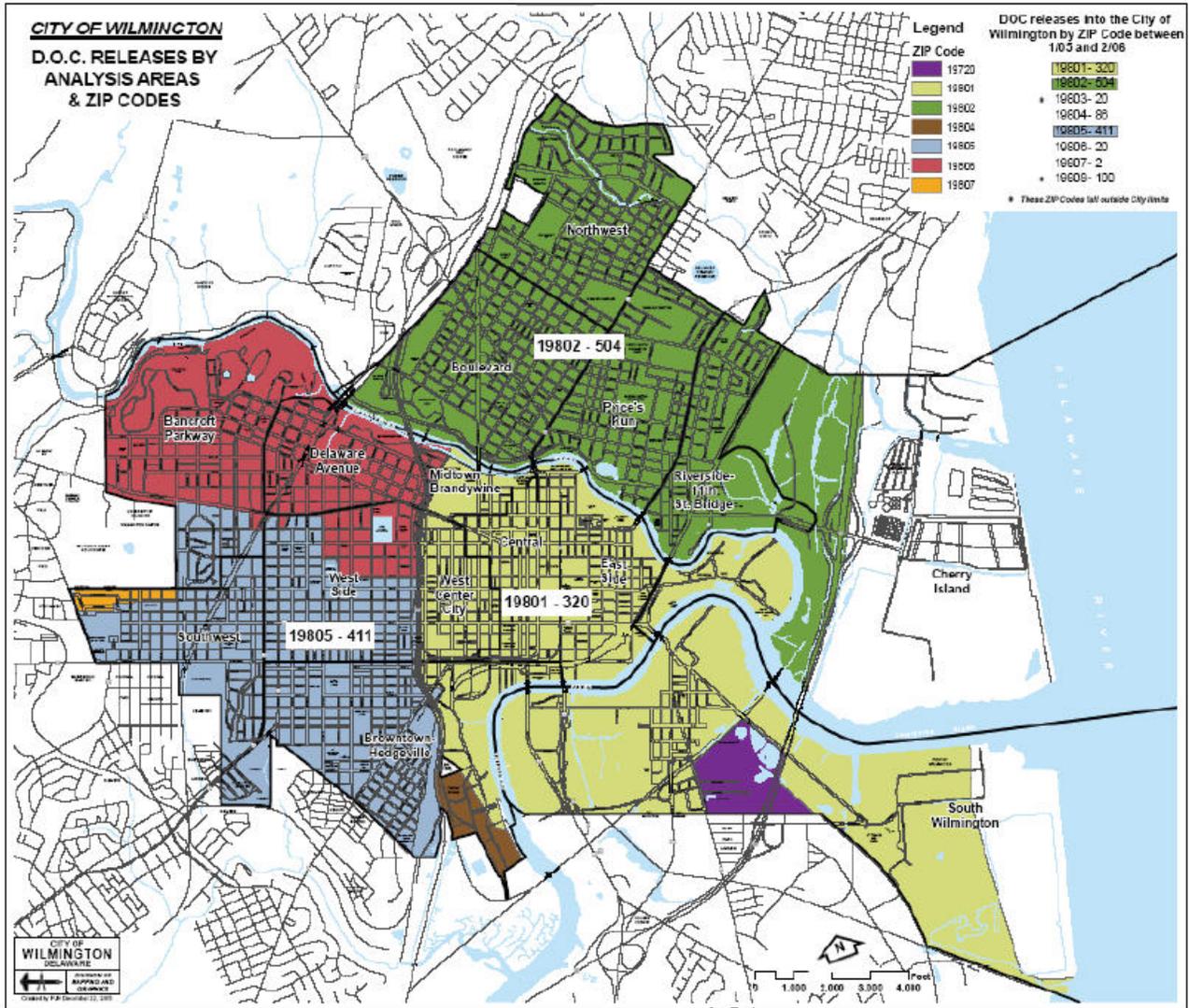
Source: Division of Youth Rehabilitative Services FY06

Note: Percentages of population based on 2005 DE Population Estimates
 Case Supervision intensity based of DSCYF classification of “low,”
 “moderate,” and “intensive” service intensity rankings. “Intensive” includes
 clients under monitoring status

5. WILMINGTON SPECIFIC DATA (HOPE COMMISSION AND KIDS COUNT)

The following section includes some examples of the useful data from each of the Wilmington Hope Commission Report released in March 2006 and the Wilmington Kids Count Report for 2005. The Wilmington Hope Commission Data Report provides data on social, economic and criminal justice indicators specific to the City of Wilmington. It is meant to encourage planning and to be used to support programming initiatives such as this RFP. The Wilmington KIDS COUNT Fact Book is a snapshot of the well-being of children in Wilmington, Delaware using mostly information from 2004 and 2005. The tables and charts included here are indicative of the data available. Each Report is designed as a resource for policy makers and citizens to utilize in shaping local action to improve the status of children and families in Wilmington. Additional information from these sources including all data available by City and census tract is available online (see resources listed in Section 6 of this Profile below)

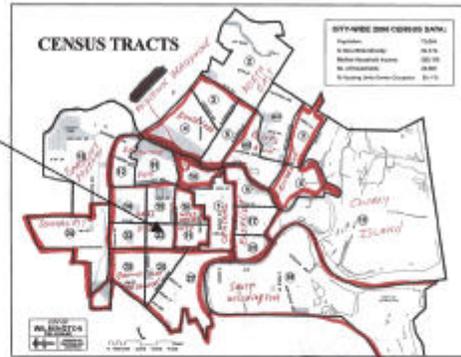
Department of Corrections Releases by Wilmington Zip Codes, January, 2005 through February, 2006.



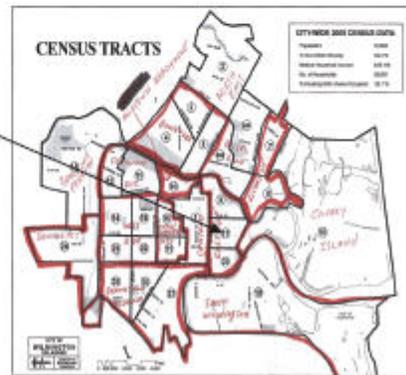
Social, Economic and Criminal Justice A Report of the Wilmington Hope Commission
Data Affecting the City of Wilmington Garrison A., *Final Report* March 2006 Page 36 of 91

Wilmington Census Tracts and Household Income, Educational Achievement, Labor Force Employment, and Percent Female head of Household.

West Side Tract 22 (Hilltop)
 Household income:
 20% less than \$15,000
 62.3% \$15,000 and \$49,999
 17.7% \$50,000 and more
 30% below poverty line
 51% residents have high school degree or higher
 39.2% residents in the labor force are employed
 48% female heads of household
 Median income \$30,330



Eastside Tract 17
 Household income:
 60.3% less than \$15,000
 26.1% \$15,000 and \$49,999
 13.6% \$50,000 and more
 44% below poverty line
 51% residents have high school degree or higher
 34.7% residents in the labor force are employed
 65.5% female heads of household
 Median income \$11,490



Wilmington Census Tracts and Household Income, Educational Achievement, Labor Force Employment, and Percent Female head of Household (Continued).

Riverside Tract 7

Household income:

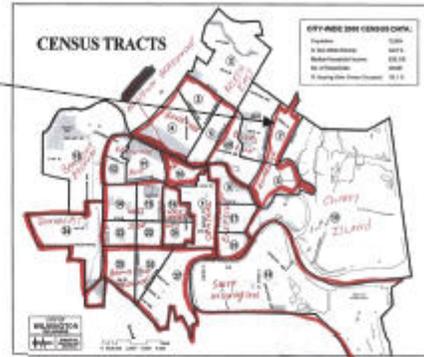
- 52.5% less than \$15,000
- 34% \$15,000 and \$49,999
- 13.5% \$50,000 and more
- 61% below poverty line

48% residents have high school degree or higher

31.4% residents in the labor force are employed

77% female heads of household

Median income \$14,456



South Wilmington Tract 19

Household income:

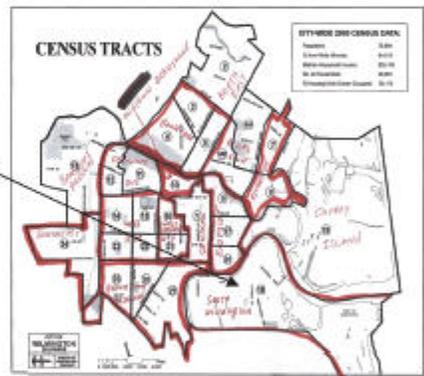
- 38.3% less than \$15,000
- 46.2% \$15,000 and \$49,999
- 15.5% \$50,000 and more
- 40% below poverty line

58% residents have high school degree or higher

50.8% residents in the labor force are employed

74% female heads of household

Median income \$23,563



West Side Tract 23 (Hilltop)

Household income:

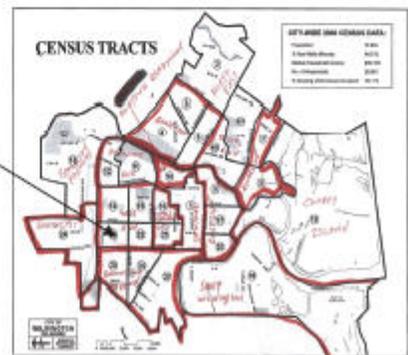
- 34.8% less than \$15,000
- 46.8% \$15,000 and \$49,999
- 18.4% \$50,000 and more
- 40% below poverty line

53.5% residents have high school degree or higher

42.6% residents in the labor force are employed

54% female heads of household

Median income \$20,510



Primary Diagnosis of CMH clients who reside in the 19801, 19802 and 19805 zip codes January 2000 – August 2005				
Primary Diagnosis	Total	19801	19802	19805
Acute Stress Disorder	1	0	1	0
Adjustment Disorder Unspecified	21	4	7	10
Adjustment Disorder Anxiety	13	1	3	9
Adjustment Disorder Depressed Mood	26	4	8	14
Adjustment Disorder Disturbance Conduct	16	3	6	7
Adjustment Disorder Anxiety and Depressed Mood	11	3	4	4
Adjustment Disorder Mixed Disturbance of Emotions and Conduct	85	27	27	31
Alcohol Abuse	28	5	15	8
Alcohol Dependence	12	1	5	6
Anxiety Disorder NOS	2	0	1	1
Asperger's Disorder	3	0	1	2
ADHD NOS	23	8	7	8
ADHD Combined Type	304	73	103	128
ADHD Predominately Hyperactive – Impulse	40	10	11	19
ADHD Predominately Inattentive Type	12	3	5	4
Autistic Disorder	1	0	1	0
Bereavement	1	0	0	1
Bipolar Disorder NOS	11	0	3	8
Bipolar I Disorder (Depression and Psychotic Features)	0	0	0	0
Bipolar I Disorder Depressed	1	0	0	1
Bipolar I Disorder Hypomanic	1	1	0	0
Bipolar I Disorder Manic With Psychotic	2	0	1	1
Bipolar I Disorder Manic Without Psychotic	2	0	1	1
Bipolar I Disorder Mixed	3	1	1	1
Bipolar I Disorder Unspecified	5	1	0	4
Bipolar II	3	0	1	2
Borderline Intellectual Functioning	6	3	0	3
Cannabis Abuse	133	37	53	43
Cannabis Dependence	256	63	98	95
Child Abuse Unspecified	2	1	1	0
Cocaine Dependence	4	1	1	2
Cognitive Disorder Nos	1	0	1	0
Conduct Disorder Adolescent Onset	30	8	9	13
Conduct Disorder Childhood Onset	50	16	15	19
Conduct Disorder Unspecified	25	10	9	6
Depressive Disorder NOS	153	29	48	76
Diagnosis Deferred on Axis II	8	1	3	4
Diagnosis or Condition Deferred on Axis I	44	9	19	16
Disruptive Behavior Disorder NOS	19	5	8	6
Dysthymic Disorder	12	3	3	6
Family Disorder / Disruption / Conflict	56	11	21	24
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	9	2	2	5
Genital Herpes, Enuresis	1	1	0	0
History of Enuresis	1	0	0	1
Impulse Control Disorder	60	19	13	28
Inhalant Dependence	1	1	0	0
Intermediate Explosive Disorder	13	2	8	3
Major Depressive Disorder, Recurrent, Moderate	13	2	2	9
Major Depressive Disorder, Recurrent, Partial Remission	1	0	0	1
Major Depressive Disorder, Recurrent, Severe With Psychotic	6	3	1	2
Major Depressive Disorder, Recurrent, Severe without Psychotic	9	1	3	5
Major Depressive Disorder, Recurrent, Unspecified	32	3	11	18
Major Depressive Disorder, Single Episode, Mild	2	0	0	2
Major Depressive Disorder, Single Episode, Psychotic	4	0	2	2
Major Depressive Disorder, Single Episode, Without Psychotic	4	0	2	2
Major Depressive Disorder, Single Episode, Unspecified	13	2	1	10
Mild Mental Retardation	5	0	2	3
Moderate Mental Retardation	2	1	1	0

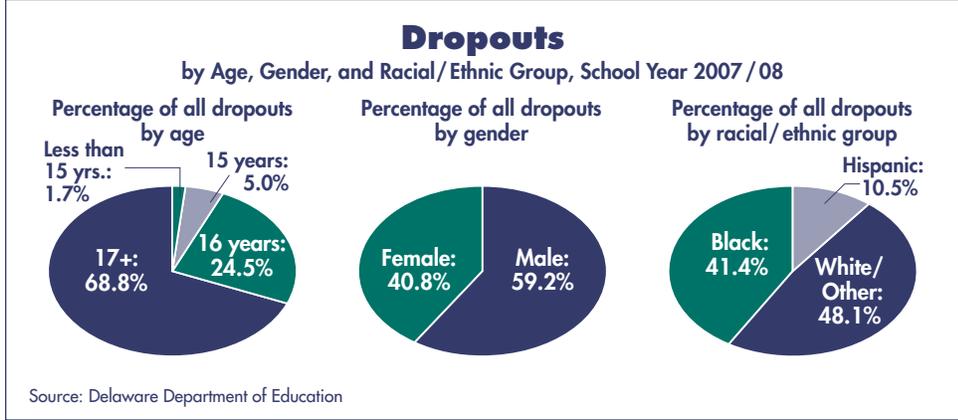
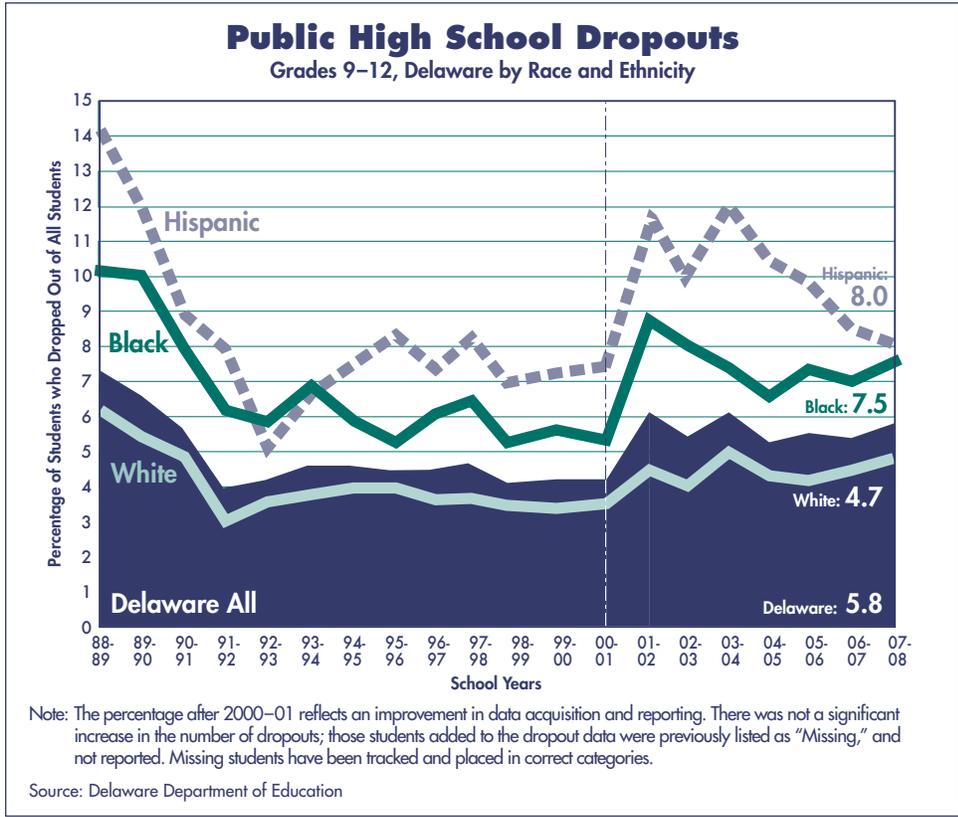
Primary Diagnosis of CMH clients who reside in the 19801, 19802 and 19805 zip codes January 2000 – August 2005				
Primary Diagnosis	Total	19801	19802	19805
Mood Disorder NOS	40	7	17	16
Neglect of Child (If focus of attention is on victim)	3	1	2	0
No Diagnosis on Axis II	24	8	5	11
Obese	2	1	1	0
Oppositional Defiant Disorder	175	37	54	84
Other (or unknown) Substance Abuse	4	0	3	1
Panic Disorder with Agrophobia	1	1	0	0
Personality Change Due to Medical Condition	4	0	1	3
Pervasive Developmental Disorder NOS	2	1	0	1
Polysubstance Dependence	7	1	0	6
PTSD	32	6	11	15
Psychotic Disorder due to medical condition with Hallucinations	1	0	0	1
Psychotic Disorder NOS	12	0	3	9
Reactive Attachment Disorder of Infancy or Early childhood	2	0	0	2
Schizoaffective Disorder	2	0	0	2
Schizophrenia Paranoid Type	1	0	0	1
Schizophreniform Disorder	1	0	0	1
Separation Anxiety Disorder	4	2	0	2
Sexual Abuse of Child	8	2	2	4
Sexual Abuse of Child (If focus of attention is on victim)	5	2	2	1
Social Phobia	1	0	1	0
Total	1,939	449	653	837
Social, Economic and Criminal Justice A Report of the Wilmington Hope Commission				
Data Affecting the City of Wilmington Garrison A., Final Report March 2006 Page 45-47				

Graduation from high school is a predictor of future success. Dropping out carries a high cost for the student and for the community at large. Young people who dropout are much more likely than their peers who graduate to be unemployed, living in poverty, receiving public assistance, in prison, unhealthy, and single parents with children who drop out from high school themselves. As today's workplaces becomes increasingly dependent on technology, dropouts will have an ever more difficult time competing in the marketplace.

Focus on Poverty

Students from low-income families are more than 4 times more likely to drop out as their high-income peers.

Source: *Child Poverty in America*. Children's Defense Fund, 2008.



Dropout – A 2007–08 dropout is an individual who was enrolled at the end of the 2006–07 school year; or at any time during the 2007–08 school year; and is no longer in school, has not graduated from high school or completed a state- or district-approved educational program; and does not meet any of the following exclusionary conditions:

- Documentation proving transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program;
- Temporary absence due to suspension or school-approved illness; or
- Death.



- During the 2007-08 school-year, in Delaware, 2,207 of the 37,944 students enrolled in grades 9–12 dropped out of school.
- The 2007-08 dropout rate was 4.3% for special-education students and 6.0% for regular-education students.

Source: Delaware Department of Education, 2008 Dropout Report

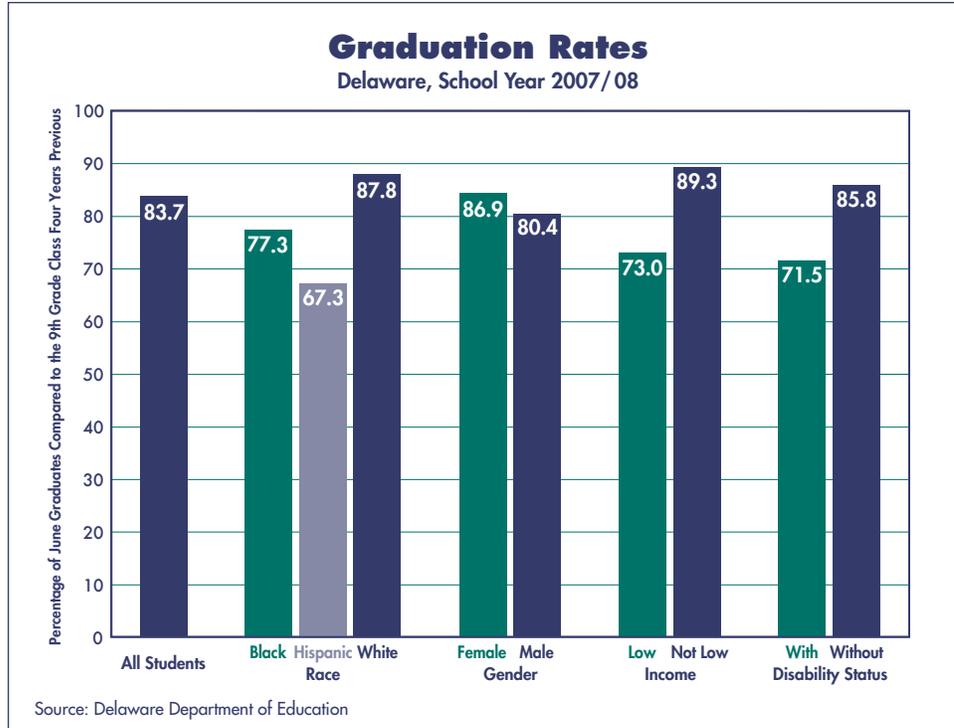
Focus on Poverty

Likelihood of child living in poverty if parents have

- not completed high school 48%
- high school diploma 25%
- college degree 3%

Source: *Child Poverty in America*, Children's Defense Fund, 2008.

Graduation Rate – The graduation rate is a cohort rate that reflects the percent of 9th grade students who graduated within four years from a Delaware public school. The rate takes into account dropouts. For example, the rate for 2007–2008 reflects the percent of incoming 9th graders in September of 2004 who graduated in June of 2008.



Delaware students compared to those of other states:

- DID YOU KNOW?**
- The likelihood of enrolling in college by age 19 is only fair; 41% of black young adults are enrolled in college, compared with 49% of whites.
 - 66% of college students complete a bachelor's degree within six years — a top performance compared with other states.
 - 41% of blacks graduate within six years, compared with 73% of whites — one of the largest gaps in the nation.

Source: *Measuring Up 2008, The National Report Card on Higher Education*.
<http://measuringup2008.highereducation.org/states/index.php>

PUT DATA INTO ACTION



The Delaware Student Excellence Equals Degree (SEED) program is an incentive for students to stay in school. The SEED scholarship program provides tuition for full-time students enrolled in

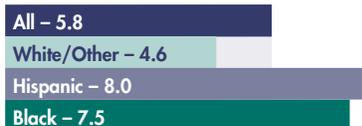
an associate's degree program at Delaware Tech or the University of Delaware's Associate of Arts program. Anyone who graduates from a Delaware public or private high school with at least a 2.5 GPA and no felony convictions is eligible.

Source: Delaware S.E.E.D. Scholarship,
<http://seedscholarship.delaware.gov/>

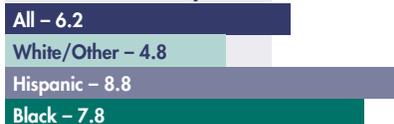
Dropout Rates

by Racial/Ethnic Group
 School Year 2007/08

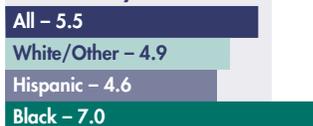
Delaware



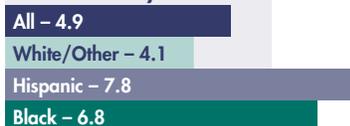
New Castle County



Kent County



Sussex County



Delaware Average: 5.8

Source: Delaware Department of Education



Teens Not in School and Not Working 74

Tables 51–59 149–153

www.dropoutprevention.org

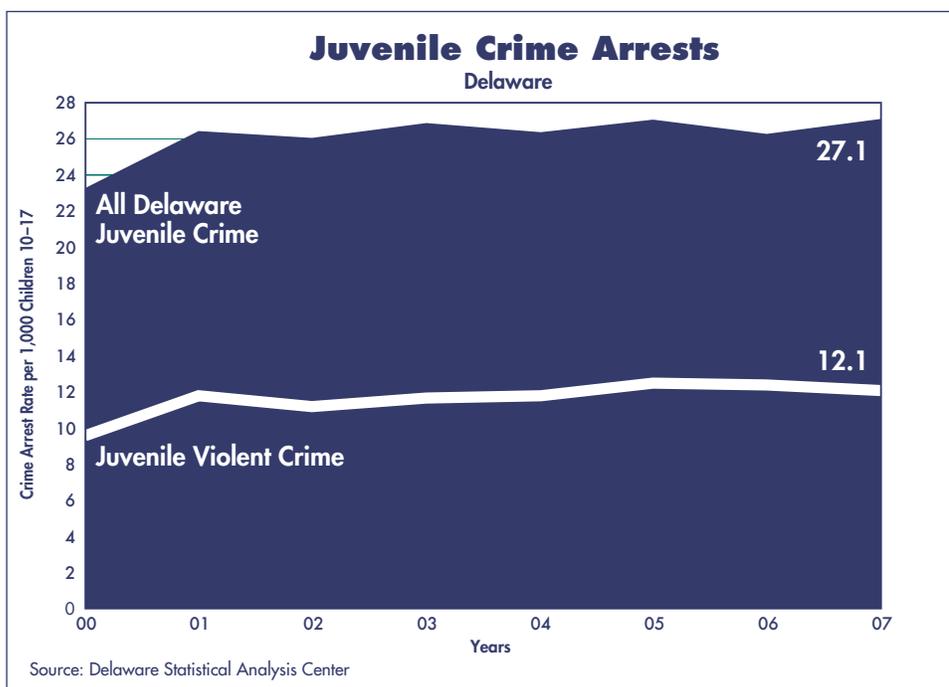
www.jobcorps.doleta.gov

<http://seedscholarship.delaware.gov/>

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests

The level of youth violence in a society can be a good indicator of the ability of young people to control their behavior, and also of the ability of the socializing agents such as families, peers, schools, and religious institutions to supervise and influence behavior. Participation in criminal behavior may affect a child's physical, social, emotional, and academic development as well as impact the child's adult life. Violent crime is classified into four offenses: murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Each of these involve force or threat of force.

Poor and minority children face risks and disadvantages that often pull them into what child advocates label a "Cradle to Prison Pipeline." Advocates argue that in order to address youth violence society should focus on pulling families out of poverty, providing children with adequate health care, improving access to quality education for all children, preventing child abuse and neglect, protecting children from domestic and community violence, and giving children support and guidance as needed.



Juvenile Violent Crime Arrest Rate – number of arrests for violent crimes per 1,000 children 10–17; includes homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault



- Unlike violent crime by adult offenders, violent crime by juvenile offenders peaks in the late afternoon. Violent crime with injury peaks for juvenile offenders at 3 p.m. on school days, dropping substantially following the after-school hours. In comparison, on nonschool days violent crime with injury increases throughout the day and peaks between 7 p.m. and 9 p.m.



- Between 1994 and 2003, the estimated number of U.S. murders involving a juvenile offender fell 65%, to its lowest level since at least 1980. However, between 2003 and 2006, the estimated number of juvenile murder offenders increased 30%, returning to the level of the late 1990s. Known juvenile offenders were involved in at least 1,043 murders in the U.S. in 2006 — 10% of all murders.

- The sharp decline in juvenile homicides between 1994 and 2002 was attributable entirely to a decline in homicides by firearm. Between 1984 and 1994, the number of firearm-related homicides committed by known juvenile offenders quadrupled. Between 2002 and 2006, while the number of nonfirearm-related homicides committed by known juvenile offenders increased slightly (5%), murders by juveniles with firearms increased 42%.
- Half of the number of homicides committed by juveniles in 2006 involved multiple offenders.

Source: OJJDP Statistical Briefing Book. Online. <http://ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/offenders/qa03105.asp?qaDate=2006>. Released 2008.

6. FULL ONLINE SOURCES FOR DATA IN THIS PROFILE AND ADDITIONAL DATA RESOURCES

An electronic copy of this Profile Report is available online at the Delaware Data Tracking Alliance (DDATA) website. The address for this Sub state Areas Profile Report is www.udel.edu/delawaredata/ssprofilereport08.pdf

The full recent reports on Delaware Data for much of the material in these Profiles as well as many more resources are available online as well, as noted here

*****SPECIFIC OTHER DATA RESOURCES*****

KIDS COUNT DELAWARE

KIDS COUNT in Delaware is one of fifty-one similar projects throughout the United States funded by The Annie E. Casey Foundation. The Project is located at the University of Delaware in the Center for Community Research and Service. The Group seeks to bring together the best available data to measure the health, economic, educational, and social well-being of children in Delaware. The overall web location for KIDS COUNT DE is www.dekidscount.org.

Specific relevant reports are:

1.) The 2006 Kids Count/Families Count Fact Book is a comprehensive accounting of risk and protective factors. Some data are broken down by County and the City of Wilmington, but most of the data are statewide reports. http://www.udel.edu/ccrs/pdf/KC_2006/KC06%20Fatcbook.pdf.

and 2.) The 2004 Communities Count in Delaware Fact Book which provides extensive demographic information on Delaware by Census tract. It is largely based on the 2000 U.S. Census. <http://www.udel.edu/ccrs/pdf/Communities-NCCo.pdf> for New Castle County; and <http://www.udel.edu/ccrs/pdf/Communities-Kent&Sussex.pdf> for Kent and Sussex Counties.

DELAWARE SCHOOL SURVEY RESULTS

Much of the data in this Substate Profiles Report come from the surveys done in the Delaware schools as part of the ongoing assessment of risk and protective factors for youth. These reports include:

1. The Delaware School Survey (DSS) that has been done in Delaware annually since 1989. Since 1999 the survey has expanded on the sample used in previous years and attempted to interview most 5th, 8th, and 11th graders in the Delaware public schools. The focus of the DSS is substance abuse and delinquency.
2. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), which is administered in odd years since 1995 to a representative sample of high school students in Delaware. The YRBS focuses on a number of health and behavioral risk factors among youth.
3. The Youth Tobacco Survey (YTS) is also a CDC sponsored assessment focused on tobacco use, attitudes, and policies. It has been administered in even numbered years in Delaware since 2000.

Each of these surveys is conducted as an anonymous classroom administration, using a form that can be completed in no more than one class period. Classroom administrations are conducted by University of Delaware personnel, rather than by teachers, to reduce teacher burden and to help increase students' perceptions that the results were not seen by school personnel.

The full reports for the Delaware School Survey Results through 2007, the Youth Risk Behavior Study Report for Delaware through 2007, and the Delaware Youth Tobacco Survey through 2006 are all available on the Delaware Data Tracking Alliance website www.udel.edu/delawaredata.

DELAWARE ADULT SURVEY RESULTS

There is two limited sources of current adult survey results broken down by substate planning areas for Delaware.

1. **The 2004-2006 SubState Report of Substance Use & Serious Psychological Distress** issued by the Office of Allied Studies in the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. This report presents estimates of the prevalence of substance use or mental health problems in substate areas during 2002-2004 based on the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). NSDUH is an annual survey of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population aged 12 or older. This report presents estimates for 24 measures of substance use or mental health problems based on the 2002-2004 NSDUHs. The report can be found at: <http://oas.samhsa.gov/substate2k6/substate.pdf>.

2. **The 2006 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System report for selected health indicators in Delaware** is available from the Delaware Division of Public Health. The BRFSS is an annual survey of Delaware's adult population about behaviors which affect risk of disease and disability. The BRFSS is a joint effort of the Delaware Division of Public Health and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and is funded by a CDC cooperative agreement. The random-sample telephone survey is conducted for the Division of Public Health by the [Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research](#) of the University of Delaware. Data from the survey are used by both public and private health providers to plan health programs and to track progress toward the state's health goals. The selected health indicators available by substate planning area can be accessed at: <http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/wilmingtondata.html>.

Other additional data for Delaware that is not specific to substate planning areas can be found from these two sources and an additional source as well.

- 1.) the National Survey of Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) state estimate data are available at <http://oas.samhsa.gov/states.htm>.
- 2.) The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) data for Delaware are available for a number of additional variables through the Delaware Division of Public Health. The complete data

and can be accessed at

<http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/brfsurveys.html>.

- 3.) For health related information for Delaware other than substance use, some information reported by state is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) at www.cdc.gov.

WILMINGTON SPECIFIC INFORMATION

1. The Wilmington Hope Commission Report is a very comprehensive document providing data on indicators of social, economic and criminal justice data specific to Wilmington and related to impacting crime, violence, and other social problems in the City of Wilmington. It was published on March 16, 2006

<http://www.state.de.us/cjc/PDF/Hope%20Data%20Report.pdf>

2. The Wilmington KIDS COUNT Fact Book is a snapshot of the well-being of children in Wilmington, Delaware. Each report is designed as a resource for policy makers and citizens to utilize in shaping local action to improve the status of children and families in Wilmington.

The full report for Wilmington for 2005 is available online at

<http://www.udel.edu/ccrs/pdf/Wilmington%20KC%2005/WKC%2005.pdf>

2003 data are available at

<http://www.udel.edu/ccrs/pdf/WilmKC03-Book.pdf>

OTHER LINKS TO STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL DATA

Other sources of state data are the websites of relevant State Departments and Divisions including the Delaware Department of Education, Department of Public Safety, Department of Services for Children Youth and Their Families, and the Department of Health and Social Services. All of these websites can be accessed through www.delaware.gov. The following links provide access to additional state and county-level data which can be used to help describe demographic variation in risk factors.

For Delaware Vital Statistics and other health-related information:

<http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/main/health.htm>

For Delaware school and district-related information:

www.doe.k12.de.us/info/reports

For information relating to the Delaware Courts System:

<http://courts.delaware.gov>

For information on Delaware youth in treatment in the Department of Services for Children, Youth and Their Families:

http://www.state.de.us/kids/docs/dscyf_strategic_plan_06-2006.doc

Current and future population projections for Delaware by region, age, gender and ethnicity are available from the Delaware Population Consortium:

<http://www.cadsr.udel.edu/DOWNLOADABLE/DOCUMENTS/DPC2006v0.pdf>